LIGHTWARE

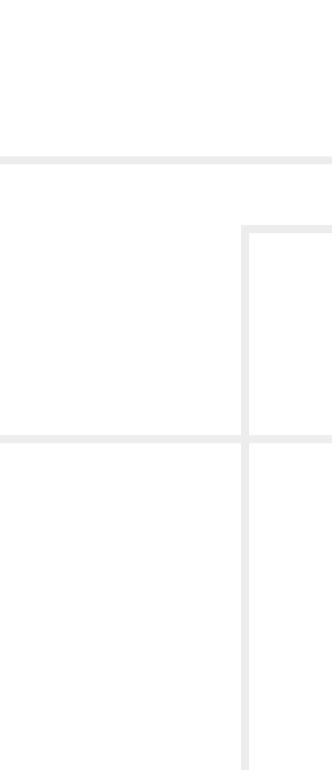
User's Manual



HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO, -RX220-PRO HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-FOX, -RX220-FOX HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-NTQ,-RX220-NTQ HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PCN,-RX220-PCN

Multimode Single Fiber Optical Extender

🔊 v1.6 🛱 21-12-2023



Important Safety Instructions

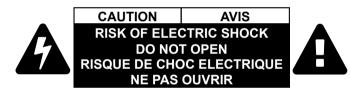
Class I apparatus construction

This equipment must be used with a mains power system with a protective earth connection. The third (earth) pin is a safety feature, do not bypass or disable it. The equipment should be operated only from the power source indicated on the product.

To disconnect the equipment safely from power, remove the power cord from the rear of the equipment or from the power source. The MAINS plug is used as the disconnect device, the disconnect device shall remain readily operable.

There are no user-serviceable parts inside of the unit. Removal of the cover will expose dangerous voltages. To avoid personal injury, do not remove the cover. Do not operate the unit without the cover installed.

The appliance must be safely connected to multimedia systems. Follow instructions described in this manual.



Ventilation

For the correct ventilation and to avoid overheating, ensure enough free space around the appliance. Do not cover the appliance, leave the ventilation holes free and never block or bypass the ventilators (if there are any).

WARNING

To prevent injury, the apparatus is recommended to be securely attached to the floor/wall or mounted in accordance with the installation instructions. The apparatus shall not be exposed to dripping or splashing, and no objects filled with liquids, such as vases, shall be placed on the apparatus. No naked flame sources, such as lighted candles, should be placed on the apparatus.

Waste Electrical & Electronic Equipment WEEE

This marking shown on the product or its literature indicates that it should not be disposed with other household wastes at the end of its working life. To prevent possible harm to the environment or human health from uncontrolled waste disposal, please separate this from other types of wastes and recycle it responsibly to promote the sustainable reuse of material resources. Household users should contact

either the retailer where they purchased this product or their local government office for details of where and how they can take this item for environmentally safe recycling. Business users should contact their supplier and check the terms and conditions of the purchase contract. This product should not be mixed with other commercial wastes for disposal.

Caution for the Receiver (RX): Laser product

CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

Caution for the Transmitter (TX): Laser product



LASER RADIATION DO NOT EXPOSE USERS OF **TELESCOPIC OPTICS CLASS 1M LASER PRODUCT** Radiated wavelengths: 778 nm, 801 nm, 824 nm, 850 nm, 911 nm Classified by IEC 60825-1:2014

Common Safety Symbols





Description
Alternating current
Protective conductor terminal
Caution, possibility of eletric shock
Caution
Laser radiation

Symbol Legend

The following symbols and markings are used in the document:

WARNING! Safety-related information that is highly recommended to read and keep in every case!

ATTENTION! Useful information for performing a successful procedure; it is recommended to read.

DIFFERENCE: Feature or function that is available with a specific firmware/hardware version or product variant.

INFO: A notice, which may contain additional information. Procedure can be successful without reading it.

DEFINITION: The short description of a feature or a function.

TIPS AND TRICKS: Ideas that you may have not known yet, but can be useful.

Navigation Buttons



Go back to the previous page. If you clicked on a link previously, you can go back to the source page by clicking on the button.

Navigate to the Table of Contents.



Step back one page.



Step forward to the next page.

Document Information

All presented functions refer to the indicated products. The descriptions have been made while testing these functions in accordance with the indicated Hardware/Firmware/Software environment:

Item	Version
Lightware Device Controller (LDC) software	2.7.5b2
Lightware Device Updater v2 (LDU2) Software	2.23.0b1
Firmware package	1.2.0b10
Hardware	1.2

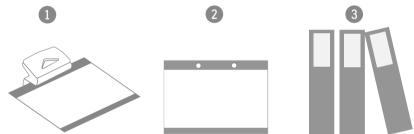
Document revision: v1.6 Release date: 21-12-2023 **Editor: Tamas Forgacs**

About Printing

Lightware Visual Engineering supports green technologies and ecofriendly mentality. Thus, this document is primarily made for digital use. If you need to print out a few pages for any reason, follow the recommended printing settings:

- Page size: A4
- Orientation: Landscape

folder.



Hashtag (#) Keywords in the Document

This user's manual contains keywords with hashtags (#) to help you find the relevant information as quick as possible.

The format of the keywords is the following:

wished keyword.

The #new special keyword indicates a new feature/function that has just appeared in the latest firmware or software version.

Example

#dhcp

This keyword is placed at the DHCP setting command in the LW3 Programmer's reference section.

Output size: Fit to page or Match page size

TIPS AND TRICKS: Thanks to the size of the original page, the border around the content (grey on the second picture below) makes it possible to organize the pages better. After punching holes in the printed pages, they can easily be placed into a ring

#<keyword>

The usage of the keywords: use the **Search** function (Ctrl+F / Cmd+F) of your PDF reader application, type the # (hashtag) character and the

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Introduction

Thank you for choosing Lightware's HDMI20-OPTC series device. In the first chapter we would like to introduce the device, highlighting the most important features in the sections listed below:

- DESCRIPTION
- COMPATIBLE DEVICES
- MODEL DENOMINATION
- ABOUT THE SERIAL NUMBER
- BOX CONTENTS
- ► FEATURES OF THE DEVICE
- MODEL COMPARISON
- TYPICAL APPLICATION

1.1. Description

Thank you for choosing Lightware HDMI20-OPTC series products.

The HDMI20-OPTC series extenders are an HDMI 2.0 compatible extender pair for video, RS-232 and Gigabit Ethernet signals, supporting uncompressed 4K UHD resolution at 60Hz 4:4:4. This extender pair is particularly recommended for rental and staging applications, 4K live events, and for future-proof operation centers. The extender can transmit HDMI 2.0 signals with 18Gbps over one multimode fiber to a distance of up to 700 meters.

Using the factory, custom or transparent EDID emulation, the user can fix and lock EDID data on the HDMI connector. Advanced EDID Management forces the required resolution from any video source and fixes the output format conforming to the system requirements. The unit offers bi-directional and transparent RS-232 transmission and two separate Gigabit Ethernet signals over the fiber connection.

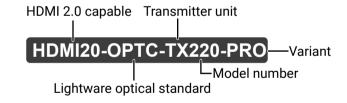
All devices can be mounted on a rack shelf or used standalone, rack ears also serve easy handling and as bump protection, and there are mounting threads on top and one of the sides to conform to strict installation safety regulations.

1.2. Compatible Devices

The HDMI20-OPTC series devices are compatible with each other. For more information, please check the compatibility table on www.lightware.com.

1.3. Model Denomination

HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO



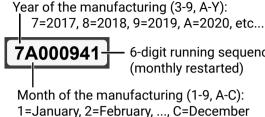
HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PRO

HDMI 2.0 capable Receiver unit



1.4. About the Serial Number

Lightware devices contain a label indicating the unique serial number of the product. The structure is the following:



6-digit running sequence number

1.5. Box Contents

	Supplied accessories			
		Safety and Warranty Info Guide		
	Transmitter / receiver unit	Safety & warranty info, Quick Start Guide	IEC power connector	Power cable with Neutrik powerCON connector
HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO; -RX220-PRO	✓	✓	✓	-
HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-FOX; -RX220-FOX	✓	✓	~	-
HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-NTQ; -RX220-NTQ	~	✓	~	-
HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PCN; -RX220-PCN	✓	✓	-	✓

1.6. Features of the Device



4K Video without Compression

Supporting uncompressed 4K UHD resolution at 60Hz 4:4:4 colorspace.



Signal Transmission up to 700m

Video, audio, Ethernet, RS-232 signal over fiber.



18 Gbit/sec Bandwidth

The extender can transmit HDMI 2.0 signals with 18Gbps.



Conversion to 4:2:0

The receiver is able to subsample the video stream in YCbCr colorspace from 4:4:4 to 4:2:0.



HDMI 2.0 to 2x HDMI 1.4 Splitting

The device supports left and right column processing of an HDMI 2.0 4K@60Hz 4:4:4 input signal, allowing for the transmission of an 18 Gbps HDMI 2.0 signal over two HDMI 1.4 compliant links. The two halves can then be recombined at the signal destination.



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Local Output

The user can attach a local monitor to observe the video signal sent through the fiber optical cable. The resolution and clock frequency are the same on HDMI and fiber optical connectors, no internal scaling or conversion is applied.

Graphic Display and Rotary Jog Dial Control Knob

Easy setting and menu navigation are ensured by the color graphic display and the comfortable jog dial control.

Dark Mode

Rental application requires this function that keeps the LEDs unlit to hide the device during an event.



the receiver the best choice for numerous applications.

Mounting Threads



Mounting threads on top and one of the sides to conform to strict installation safety regulations.

The Event Manager tool takes care of all the necessary control in a smaller configuration by performing predefined actions in response to device status changes. Hence, in a less complex environment, there is no need to invest in additional control solutions, which makes

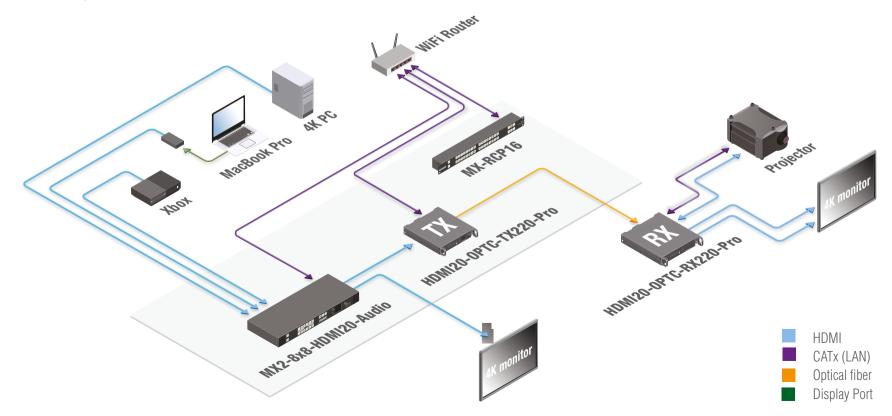
1.7. Model Comparison

Model name	Power connector	Optical Connector	Video Port	Ethernet port	Serial port	USB port
TX220-PRO,		Neutrik				
RX220-PRO	_	opticalCON DUO				
TX220-FOX,	Standard IEC	Fiberfox				
RX220-FOX	(C14 type)	TIDCHOX	HDMI	Neutrik	D-SUB	USB
TX220-NTQ,		Neutrik		etherCON	D-30D	mini-B
RX220-NTQ		opticalCON QUAD				
TX220-PCN,	Neutrik powerCON	Neutrik				
RX220-PCN	TRUE 1	opticalCON DUO				

1.8. Typical Application

- Rental and staging
- Long distance lossless HDMI or DVI signal transmission
- Professional AV systems, conference rooms

1.8.1. Integrated System Application



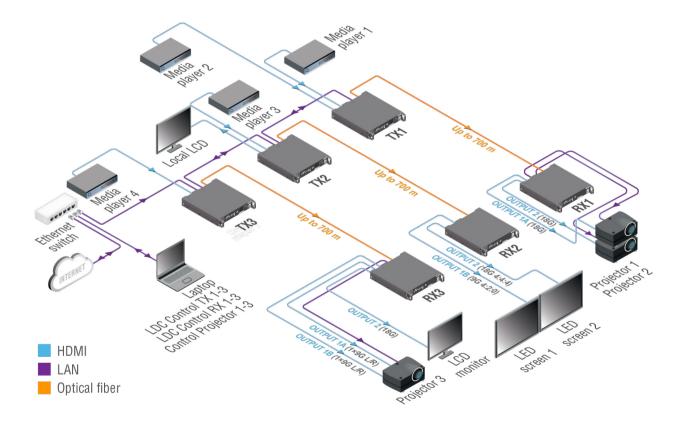
1.8.2. Standalone Application

Typical Application Description

The two Ethernet connectors on each extender make it possible to daisy chain the devices and build a local network where all the transmitters (1..3) and receivers (1..3) are available via LAN.

They can be controlled by the Lightware Device Controller (LDC) software from the laptop. Optical fiber cables transmit the HDMI, embedded audio, Ethernet, and RS-232 signal to the receivers, so in this case, the sinks can be controlled by Ethernet commands from the control device (laptop).

In this example, all the sources send HDMI 2.0 4K@60Hz 4:4:4 AV signal to the transmitters, which extend the stream to the receivers via multimode fiber cables.



Receiver 1..3 represent three applications of the output modes:

- RX1 is in transparent mode (no conversion mode), the sinks are stacked projectors. The video signal is HDMI 2.0 4K@60Hz 4:4:4 on the Output 1A and the Output 2 ports.
- RX2 is in downsample convert mode (convert to YCbCr 4:2:0). The LED screen 2 is 4K compatible and connected to the Output 2 port. LED screen 1 is not HDMI 2.0 4K@60Hz 4:4:4 compliant, so the video processor in the receiver converts the HDMI signal from 4:4:4 to 4:2:0, and this way the sink will be able to accept the signal on the Output 1B.
- RX3 is in split mode. The receiver supports vertical splitting of the HDMI 2.0 4K@60Hz 4:4:4 input signal to left and right halves, allowing for the transmission of a 18Gbps HDMI 2.0 signal over two HDMI1.4 compliant links. The sink is a projector that is able to recombine two half signals. Video signal is transmitted to the Output 2 without any changing.



Installation

The chapter is about the installation of the device and connecting to other appliances, also presenting the mounting options and further assembly steps:

- MOUNTING OPTIONS
- CONNECTING STEPS

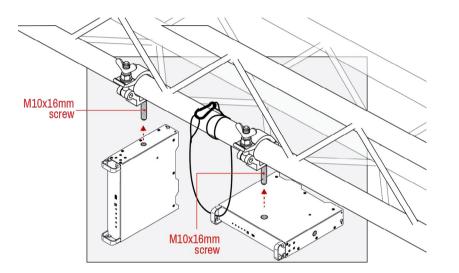
2.1. Mounting Options

Extenders can be mounted in several ways, depending on the application. They can be mounted into the rack in pairs, receivers can be used standalone. Rack ears also serve easy handling and as bump protection, and there are mounting threads on top and one of the sides to conform to strict installation safety regulations.

ATTENTION! To ensure the correct ventilation and avoid overheating, leave enough free space in front of the appliance and keep the ventilation holes free.

2.1.1. Truss Mounting - Receiver

Mounting thread on top and on one of the sides for safe and secure installation. Rigging the handles with a safety wire rope is highly recommended for safety reasons.



To order mounting accessories, please contact sales@lightware.com. (Truss clamp and safety wire rope are not available at sales.)

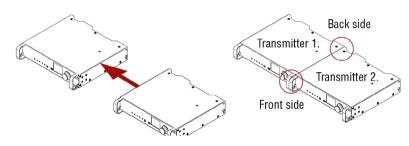
2.1.2. Standard Rack Installation

The rack mounting kit includes all necessary accessories for Standard Rack Installation:

• 2 pcs. of rack ears,

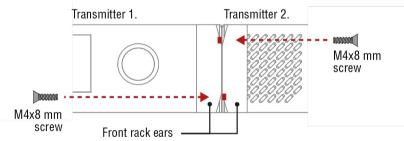
12 pcs. of black, M4x8mm hexagon socket countersunk head screws.
 The rack mounting kit is not supplied with the product, it can be purchased separately, please contact sales@lightware.com.

Step 1. Align two devices directly next to each other.

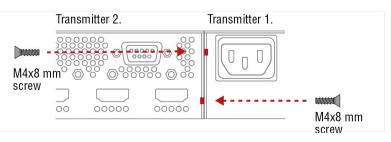


Step 2. Two mounting holes on the front ears and two on the back of the chassis is for fastening the two units to each other with 2x2 pcs. of M4x8 mm screws. This way you get a one-rack wide and 1U high device.

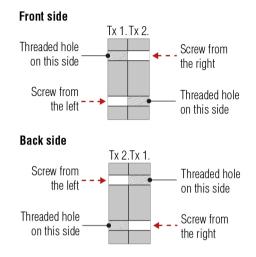
Front side



Back side

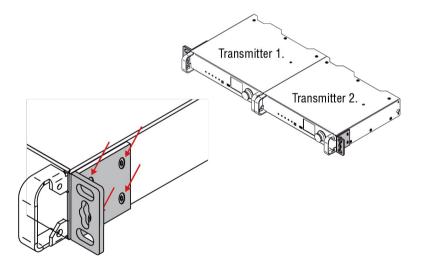


ATTENTION! Take care to mount the srews in the correct directions!



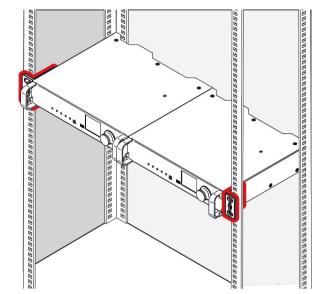
Mounting direction of the screws

Step 3. Take the rack ears on the left and right side of the extender pair as shown in the picture. Insert the screws into the holes and fix the front ears to the devices.



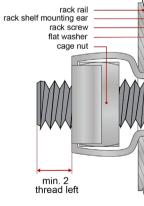
Assembly of the mounting ears

Step 4. As a final step, mount the unit in the rack.

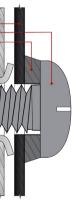


Standard rack installation

ATTENTION! Always use all the four screws for fixing the rack ears to the rack rail. Choose properly sized screws for mounting. Keep a minimum of two threads left after the nut screw.

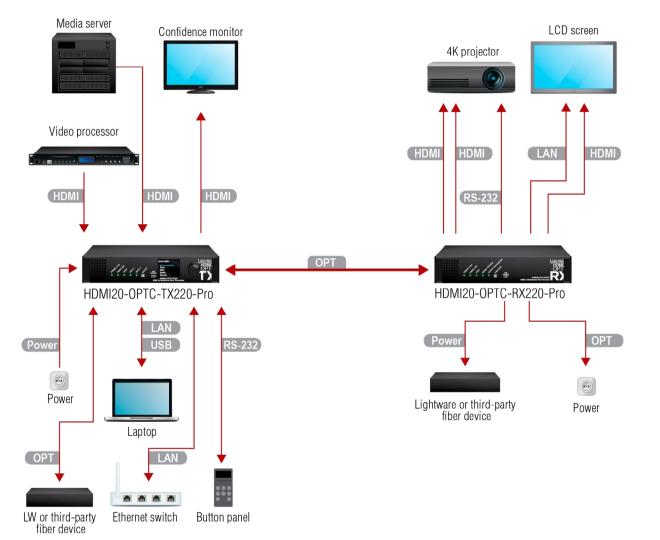


Mounting the rack ears to the rack rail



OPT

2.2. Connecting Steps



OPT	Optionally connect a compatible Lightware de connector. It is internally linked to the channel
HDMI	Connect an HDMI source (e.g. video process transmitter.
HDMI	Optionally connect an HDMI sink (e.g. confident The displayed signal of the output port is equa
LAN	Optionally connect Ethernet devices (e.g. switc etherCON connector(s) of the extender(s). A connected to the same network. The Ethernet compatible.
USB	Optionally connect a USB mini-B type cable be order to control the device (in this case only the
RS-232	Optionally for RS-232 extension: connect a cor of the transmitter with a null modem serial cal
Power	Connect the power cord to the AC power sock power on the devices as the final step.
OPT	Connect a multimode (MM) fiber cable to the
OPT	Optionally connect a compatible Lightware de connector. It is internally linked to the channel
HDMI	Connect an HDMI sink (e.g. 4K projector) to the sink (e.g. LCD screen) to the HDMI 2 output po
LAN	For control, optionally connect Ethernet device etherCON connector of the extender.
RS-232	Optionally for RS-232 extension: connect a co the receiver with a serial cable.
Power	Connect the power cord to AC power socket t on the devices as the final step.
	ON! Connecting the transmitter and receiver to fiber is not recommended. In case of an Ethern
	ON! Always use high-quality HDMI cables for c with the receivers.

Connect a multimode (MM) fiber cable to the channel A of the transmitter.

evice or a third-party device to the break-out LC B of the Neutrik connector.

sor or media server) to any of the inputs of the

nce monitor) to the HDMI output of the transmitter. al to the extended video signal.

ch, laptop, computer etc.) to the available Neutrik All connected devices will work as if they are et connectors are not Power over Ethernet (PoE)

etween the transmitter unit and the computer in ne transmitter).

ntroller unit (e.g. button panel) to the RS-232 port ble.

ket to the transmitter unit. It is recommended to

channel B of the receiver.

evice or a third-party device to the break-out LC A of Neutrik connector.

e HDMI 1A and the 1B output ports and the other ort.

ces (e.g. 4K LCD screen) to the available Neutrik

ontrolled device (e.g. projector) to RS-232 port of

to the receiver unit. It is recommended to power

the same LAN while they are connected to each net loop, the extenders are not available via LAN.

connecting the sources with the transmitters and



Product Overview

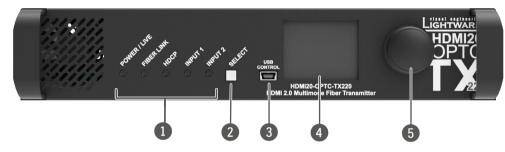
The following sections are about the physical structure of the device, input/output ports, and connectors:

- FRONT VIEW
- ► REAR VIEW -TRANSMITTERS
- REAR VIEW RECEIVERS
- ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS
- MULTIMODE SINGLE FIBER EXTENDER CONCEPT
- OPTICAL INTERFACE
- VIDEO AND AUDIO INTERFACE
- CONTROL FEATURES

3.1. Front View

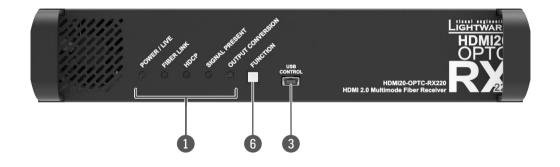
INFO: All models have the same look and controls on the front panel.

HDMI20-OPTC-TX220 series



HDMI20-OPTC-RX220 series

INFO: All models have the same look and controls on the front panel.



1	Status LEDs	The LEDs give feedback about the unit. For details, see the Status LE sections.
2	Select button	Transmitter: The select button togg
6	Function button	Receiver: The function button sets t the Output Conversion Modes section
3	USB Port	USB mini-B port for local control o software.
4	LCD display	Transmitter: Display of the front par
5	Jog dial knob	Transmitter: Browse the menu by t check or change it.

e state, connections and certain settings of the .EDs - Transmitter and Status LEDs - Receiver

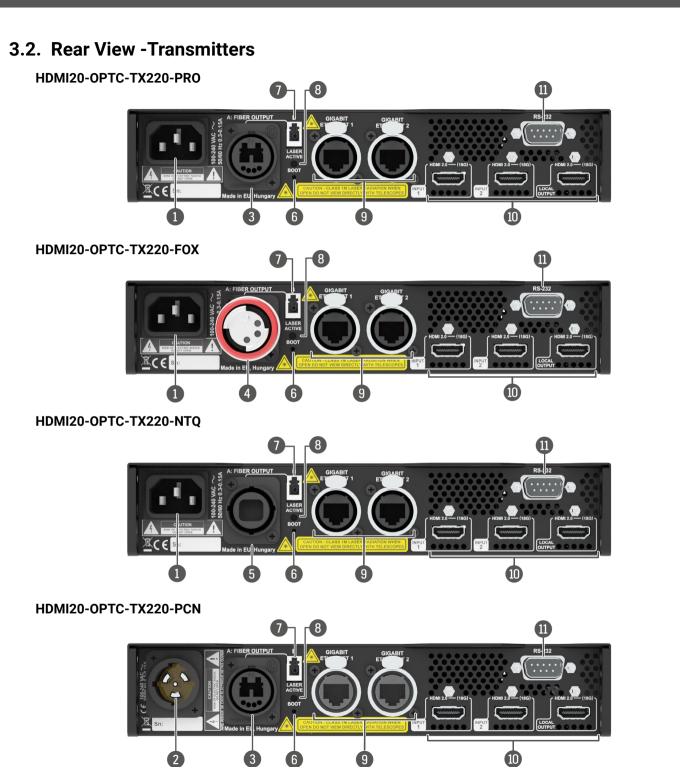
gles between Input 1 and Input 2.

the output conversion mode. See the details in tion.

of the unit by the Lightware Device Controller

anel menu.

turning the knob, click on the desired item to



1	AC Connector	Standard IEC C14 connector a
2	AC Connector (PCN)	NT POWER CON TRUE 1 conn
3	Fiber Connector (PRO, PCN)	Fiber connector for optical data from the transmitter to channe In the HDMI20-OPTC-220-PRO a Neutrik opticalCON DUO Conr
4	Fiber Connector (FOX)	In the HDMI20-OPTC-220-FOX r Connector.
5	Fiber Connector (NTQ)	In the HDMI20-OPTC-220-NTQ opticalCON QUAD Connector.
6	Boot button	Hidden button for special boo
0	Break-out connector	The break-out LC connector Neutrik connector in the tran carry any optical signal from t
8	Laser LED	It gives feedback about the ope active (Laser LED is ON), it radia Avoid eye exposure to beam!
9	LAN	Two Neutrik etherCON conne or for pass-through). Both are (PoE) is not possible.
10	HDMI connector	Two HDMI 2.0 input ports and
1	Serial port	D-SUB connector for bidirectio injection/pass-through mode).

INFO: All models have the same functionality, the difference is only in the connector types.

accepting 100-240 V, 50 or 60 Hz.

nector accepting 100-240 V, 50 or 60 Hz.

data transmission. **Channel A** carries the signal **nel B** in the receiver.

and -PCN models, the fiber connector type is nnector.

models, the fiber connector type is Fiberfox

models, the fiber connector type is Neutrik r.

otload function.

or is internally connected to **channel B** of the ansmitter and **channel A** in the receiver. It is to a the break-out LC connector.

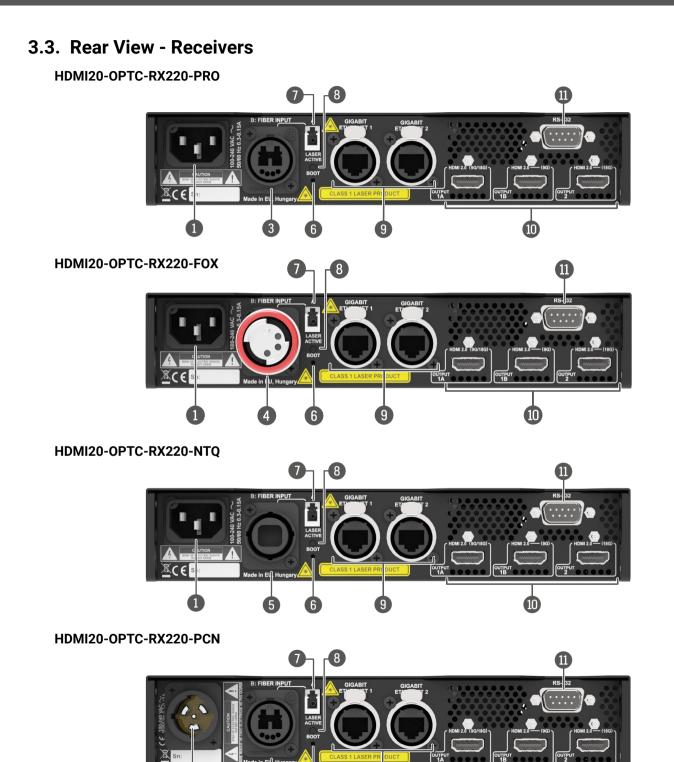
peration of the optical module. When the laser is liates invisible waves from the optical connector.

ectors for Gigabit Ethernet (to control the unit re in the same local network. Remote powering

nd one HDMI 2.0 output port for local display.

onal RS-232 communication (control/command

2



dard IEC C14 connector
owerCON TRUE 1 conne
connector for optical d the transmitter to chann e HDMI20-OPTC-220-PRO rik opticalCON DUO Con
e HDMI20-OPTC-220-FOX m
e HDMI20-OPTC-220-NTQ alCON QUAD Connector
en button for special boo
break-out LC connector rik connector in the trar any optical signal from
es feedback about the op e (Laser LED is ON), it radi I eye exposure to beam!
Neutrik etherCON conne r pass-through). Both are i is not possible.
e HDMI video output port
B connector for bidirectic ion/pass-through mode)

INFO: All models have the same functionality, the difference is only in the connector types.

10

r accepting 100-240 V, 50 or 60 Hz.

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models, the fiber connector type is Fiberfox.

) models, the fiber connector type is Neutrik or.

ootload function.

or is internally connected to **channel B** of the ansmitter and **channel A** in the receiver. It is to n the break-out LC connector.

operation of the optical module. When the laser is diates invisible waves from the optical connector.

nectors for Gigabit Ethernet (to control the unit ire in the same local network. Remote powering

rts.

ional RS-232 communication (control/command e).

3.4. Electrical Connections

3.4.1. Power Connectors

The HDMI20-OPTC series has AC connectors, accepts 100-240 V, 50 or 60 Hz. Two different power connector types are available:

Standard IEC C14 Connector



The HDMI20-OPTC-220-PRO, HDMI20-OPTC-220-FOX, HDMI20-OPTC-220-NTQ series extenders are supplied with an IEC C14 power connector.

Neutrik PowerCON TRUE 1 Connector

The HDMI20-OPTC-220-PCN extenders are supplied with NT PowerCON TRUE 1 Connector (NAC3MPX type).

3.4.2. Optical Connectors



The HDMI20-OPTC series extenders transmit the video, embedded audio, Ethernet, and serial signal using multimode 50/125 fiber optical cable.

Neutrik OpticalCON Duo Connector



The HDMI20-OPTC-220-PRO and HDMI20-OPTC-220-PCN extenders are supplied with Neutrik opticalCON connector (NO2-4FDW type LC duplex) and LC ODVA connector, which have two fiber channels, channel A and channel B. Only one channel is used (from channel A on the transmitter to channel B on the receiver). The copper pins of the Neutrik connector are not in use. Neutrik opticalCON DUO is compatible with 2x LC connectors.

Fiberfox Connector

The HDMI20-OPTC-220-FOX extenders are supplied with a MINI expanded beam fiber optic Fiberfox connector (EBC-1502 type). It has two fiber channels: channel A and channel B. Only one channel is used (from channel A on the transmitter to channel B on the receiver). The copper pins of the connector are not in use.



Neutrik OpticalCON QUAD Connector

The HDMI20-OPTC-220-NTQ extenders are supplied with a Neutrik opticalCON QUAD connector (NO4FDW-A type) with four fiber channels. The sealing cover helps protect it against the dust and dirt.



LC Connector

One channel of the Neutrik connector is not used by the extenders for signal transmission and it is internally connected to the LC break-out connector in all models. For more information about the break-out connector, see the Application Example with Break-out Connector section.



WARNING! Avoid eye exposure to beam! Direct intrabeam viewing is normally hazardous.

INFO: Fiber optic cables can be easily damaged if they are improperly handled or installed. Handle the optical cables with care to avoid damage.

3.4.3. HDMI Input and Output Ports

The extender provides standard 19-pole HDMI connectors with a screw lock.



ATTENTION! Always use high-guality HDMI cables for connecting sources and displays.





Applied firmware package: v1.2.0b10 | LDC software: v2.7.5b2

3.4.4. Ethernet (LAN) Port

The HDMI20-OPTC series extenders are supplied with Neutrik etherCON connectors (NE8FBH-S type) for Ethernet/ LAN connection. The Ethernet port can be connected to an indoor LAN hub, switch or router by a CATx cable. Even though both cable types (straight or cross) are supported and handled by the device, the pin assignment below is recommended.

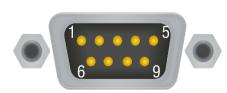
	Pin	TIA/EIA T568A	Wire color	TIA/EIA T568A	Wire color	
	1		white/green		white/orange	
	2	•	green		orange	
	3		white/orange		white/green	
51000072	4		blue		blue	
	5		white/blue		white/blue	
	6		orange		green	8
	7		white/brown		white/brown	
	8	•	brown		brown	1

3.4.5. USB Connector

The HDMI20-OPTC series devices have a standard USB mini-B receptacle.



3.4.6. RS-232 Port



Pin nr.	Signal	
1	NC (not connected)	
2	RX data receive (input)	
3	TX data transmit (output)	
4	DTR (internally connected to pin6)	
5	GND signal ground (shield)	
6	DSR (internally connected to pin4)	
7	RTS (internally connected to pin8)	
8	CTS (internally connected to pin7)	
9	NC (not connected)	

The extenders have RS-232 pass-through function or can be remote controlled through an industry standard 9-pole D-SUB male connector.

INFO: The HDMI20-OPTC series extenders are DTE unit according to their pin-out. For more information, see the Serial Management section.

INFO: Factory default settings are the same in the transmitter and receiver: 57600 Baud, 8 bit, 1 stop bit, no parity.

3.5. Multimode Single Fiber Extender Concept

The HDMI20-OPTC series devices are a HDMI 2.0-compatible single fiber extender pair. They are able to transmit digital video, embedded audio, RS-232 and Gigabit Ethernet signals via multimode optical cable up to 700m. They are designed for rental purposes, supporting uncompressed 4K UHD resolution at 60Hz at 4:4:4 colorspace.

The extenders use only one channel of the optical cable, and the other channel is internally connected to the break-out connector. See details about it in the Application Example with Break-out Connector section.

3.5.1. Summary of the Interfaces - Transmitter



3.5.2. Summary of the Interfaces - Receiver

Inputs:

HDMI Ethernet 0PT ---> RS-232



+ Control interfaces: USB



Outputs:

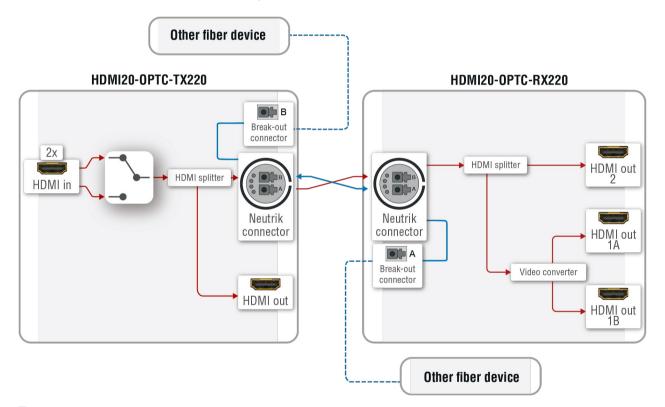
- → HDMI
- Ethernet 2x
- → RS-232
- → OPT (break-out)

3.6. Optical Interface

The HDMI20-OPTC extenders support multimode fiber optical interface to transmit or receive digital video. embedded audio, RS-232 and Ethernet signals. For more details about the supported cable extension distances, see the Maximum Extension Distances section.

Port Diagram of Optical Interface

The Neutrik opticalCON DUO cable has two fiber channels, named channel A and channel B. Since Lightware fiber extenders use only one fiber for signal transmission, the other fiber can be used by other optical devices. The unused fiber channel is accessible by the break-out connector.



INFO: Red line shows the main direction of the video signal. The blue line represents the optical signal via the break-out connector, direction is not specified.

Application Example with Break-out Connector

Using this feature, it is possible to transmit two different AV signals from one transmitter pair to another receiver pair with only one Neutrik opticalCON DUO cable. See the application example below.



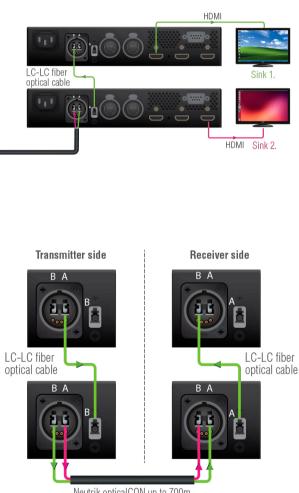
Transmitter Unit (HDMI20-OPTC-TX220)

The transmitter's laser driver sends the signal through Channel A. Channel B is directly connected to the break-out connector with a fiber optical cable inside the unit. Any optical signal can be transferred through this channel in any direction.

Receiver Unit (HDMI20-OPTC-RX220)

The receiver's laser sensor gets the signal through Channel B. Channel A is directly connected to the breakout connector with a fiber optical cable inside the unit. Any optical signal can be transferred through this channel in any direction.

INFO: The break-out connector can be used in the same way in all variants.



Receiver side

Neutrik opticalCON up to 700m

3.7. Video and Audio Interface

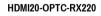
The HDMI20-OPTC series transmitter can receive signal from two types of sources:

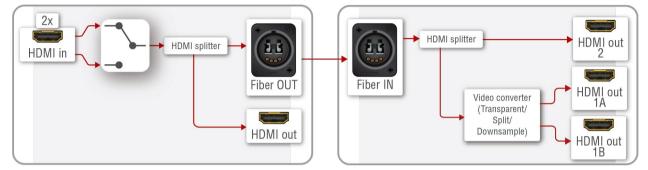
- DVI-D
- HDMI (with embedded audio)

The HDMI20-OPTC series receiver can output HDMI video signal (with embedded audio).

Port Diagram of the Video and Audio Interface

HDMI20-OPTC-TX220





Transmitter Side

The video signal is received at Input 1 or Input 2. The HDMI splitter duplicates the signal and sends the same HDMI stream to the local HDMI output and the fiber output.

Receiver Side

The video and the embedded audio signal arrives via optical cable into the HDMI splitter. It duplicates the HDMI stream and transmits the signal without modifying it to the HDMI Out 2 port. The HDMI splitter transmits the same signal into the video converter where three output conversion modes can be set.

3.7.1. Output Conversion Modes

Conversion modes refer to the receiver side and this property can be set in the front panel menu of the transmitter (see the Remote Menu section), available in the Lightware Device Controller Software (see HDMI Output Port - Receiver) and also in the LW3 tree, both the transmitter and the receiver.

In **Transparent mode** (no conversion mode), the video signal is transmitted to the HDMI Output 1A and the HDMI Output 1B without any changing.

INFO: Maximum data transmission capacity of Output 1B is 9 Gbps. If the video signal is above this bandwidth, there will be no picture on the display.

Split mode means splitting the original video signal into left and right halves and sending the split signal to the HDMI Output 1A and the HDMI Output 1B.

In **Downsample convert mode** (convert to YCbCr 4:2:0), the video converter subsamples the 4:4:4 signal to 4:2:0 on the 1A and 1B Output ports.

INFO: Split and downsample convert modes are available at a maximum of 8-bit color depth.

Besides manual crosspoint selection, you can choose the Autoselect option on the video ports. There are three types of Autoselect as follows:

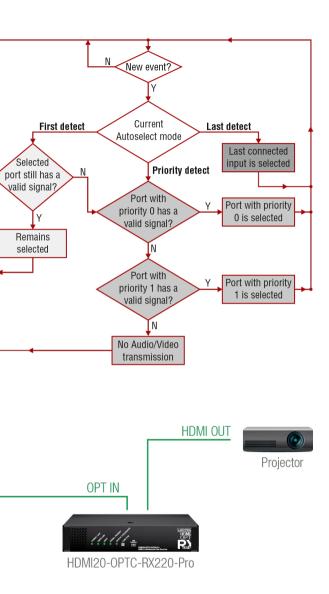
- First detect mode: the selected input port is kept connected to the output while it has an active signal
- **Priority detect mode:** it is always the highest priority active input that is selected to transmit.
- Last detect mode: it is always the last attached input that is selected to transmit.



The Concept

The HDMI signal with embedded audio comes from the Event master to Input 1. The other source is a PC, which sends DVI-D signal to Input 2. Both of them are connected to the transmitter, where the autoselect mode is enabled with priority 0 on Input 1, so Input 1 is selected.

INFO: Only one input can be selected at the same time.



3.8. Control Features

The devices can be controlled over Ethernet, USB, and RS-232 ports as well. The following sections describe the available features and settings of these interfaces.

3.8.1. USB Control Interface

The device can be controlled over the front panel USB port (mini B-type connector). This interface supports LW3 protocol. The interface can be used to establish a connection to the Lightware Device Controller software.

INFO: USB control operates locally, USB data is not transmitted via optical cable between the transmitter and the receiver.

3.8.2. Ethernet Interface

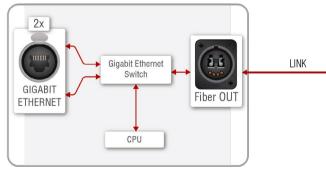
The device can be controlled via Ethernet port (Neutrik etherCON connector). This interface supports any third-party system controller with LW3 command protocol. The interface can be used to configure the device with Lightware Device Controller, and to establish connection to the Lightware Device Updater software and perform firmware update.

Two Neutrik etherCON connectors provide a wide range of application possibilities:

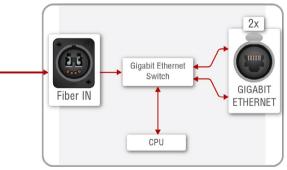
- Control the device
- Firmware update
- Create a local network
- Daisy chain connection

Port Diagram of Ethernet Interface

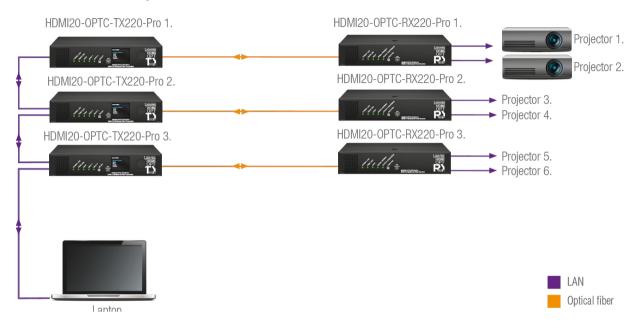
HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-Pro



HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-Pro



Ethernet Interface - Example



Transmitters are connected to each other via LAN, the **receivers** are connected to the **transmitters** via optical fiber and all the **projectors are** connected to the **receivers** via LAN.

This way the Laptop can control the system with Ethernet commands:

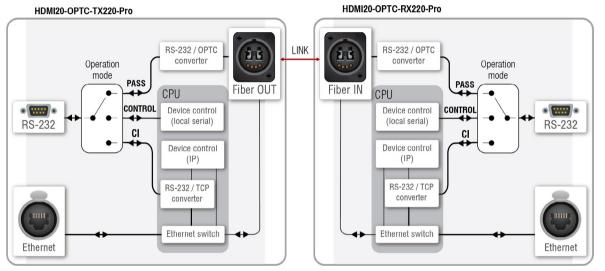
- HDMI20-OPTC.TX220-PRO (1-3.).
- HDMI20-OPTC.RX220-PRO (1-3.).
- Projector (1-6.).

3.8.3. Serial Interface

INFO: The HDMI20-OPTC series extenders are DTE units according to their pin-out. For more details about pin assignment, see the RS-232 Port section.

Serial data communication can be established via the local RS-232 port (D-SUB male connector). Three different RS-232 modes can be set for the serial port: pass-through mode, control mode, command injection mode; see the figure below.

Port Diagram of Serial Interface



The following operation modes are defined:

- PASS: The local serial port is in Pass-through mode.
- CONTROL: The local serial port is in Control mode.
- CI: The local serial port is in Command Injection mode.

Pass-through Mode

In pass-through mode, the given device forwards the data that is coming from one of its ports to another, same type of port. The command is not processed by the CPU. Incoming serial data is forwarded from one port to another port.

ATTENTION! Both the transmitter and the extender have to be set to **Pass-through mode**, in case of sending RS-232 commands from the TX side to the third party device on the RX side.

Control Mode

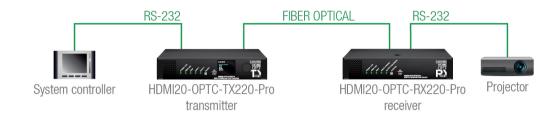
The incoming data from the given local port is processed and interpreted by the CPU. The mode allows to control the extender directly. LW3 protocol commands are accepted.

Command Injection Mode

In this mode, the extender works as a TCP/IP <-> RS-232 bidirectional converter. The TCP/IP data signal is converted to RS-232 data and vice versa. TCP/IP port numbers are defined for the serial ports for this purpose. E.g. the default Command Injection port number of the local RS-232 port is 8001.

INFO: The commands in this mode are not transmitted via fiber, they operate between the local ports.

RS-232 Signal Transmission - Example 1



The Concept

You can control the **Projector** over the extenders with the **System controller**. The controller is connected to the local RS-232 port of the **Transmitter**, which transmits the signal toward the **Receiver** over the fiber optical line. The **Projector** is connected to the local RS-232 port of the **Receiver**. The serial connection is bidirectional, which means the controller receives the responses of the projector.

In this case the RS-232 port of the transmitter and receiver has to be set to Pass-through mode.



Operation

This chapter is about the powering and operating of the device describing the functions that are available by the front/rear controls:

- POWERING ON
- FRONT PANEL OPERATIONS
- FRONT PANEL LCD MENU OPERATIONS

4.1. Powering on

Connect the power cord to the AC input connector; the extender is immediately powered on. After the self-test, the last configuration is loaded automatically.

4.2. Front Panel Operations

ATTENTION! When Dark mode is enabled, no LEDs are on, even though the device is fully functional.

Status LEDs - Transmitter

PC	WER/L	IVE	FRONT
*	green	blinking	The transmitter unit is powered and ready to use.
•	green	on	The transmitter unit is out of operation.
0		off	The transmitter unit is NOT powered or out of operation.
FIB	ER LIN	K	FRONT
•	green	on	The connection is established between the transmitter and the receiver and they can communicate with each other.
\bigcirc		off	When the TX and RX are not connected.
×	yellow	blinking	It shows connection error in the RX and TX.
HD	СР		FRONT
	green	on	Video signal is HDCP-encrypted.
\bigcirc		off	There is no HDCP encryption in the video signal.
*	yellow	blinking	It shows HDCP error.
INF	PUT1, IN	IPUT2	FRONT
	green	on	This port is selected and there is a valid video signal on it.
☀	green	blinking	When the port is selected and there is no valid video signal on it.
0	yellow	on	When the port is not selected, but there is a valid video signal on it.
0		off	This port is not selected and there is no signal on it.
LA	SER AC	TIVE	REAR
•	red	on	It gives feedback about the operation of the optical module, which means the laser radiates invisible waves. Avoid direct eye contact with the optical connectors!
0		off	Laser module is not active.

Status LEDs - Receiver

PO	WER/LIV	/E		
×	green	blinking	The receiver unit is powered and read	
0		off	The receiver unit is NOT powered or o	
FIB	ER LINK			
•	green	on	The connection is established betwee can communicate with each other.	
0		off	When the TX and RX are not connecte	
Ö.	yellow	blinking	It shows connection error in the RX an	
HD	СР			
	green	on	Video signal is HDCP-encrypted.	
0		off	There is no HDCP encryption in the vio	
×.	yellow	blinking	It shows HDCP error.	
SIG	NAL PR	ESENT		
•	green	on	Valid video signal is present.	
0		off	No video signal is present.	
×	yellow	blinking It shows error in the video signal tra		
OU	TPUT C	ONVERSIO	N	
	green	on	Split mode is active.	
0		off	Transparent mode (no conversion) is	
0	yellow	on	Downsample convert (convert to YCb)	
	SER ACT	IVF		
•	red	on	It gives feedback about the operation of radiates invisible waves. Avoid direct e	
0		off	Laser module is not active.	

INFO: When the LEDs blink green three times after clicking on the Input/ Function button, they show that the front panel lock is enabled.

	FRONT
ady to use.	
r out of operation.	
	FRONT
ween the transmitter and the receiver	and they
cted.	
and TX.	
	FRONT
video signal.	
	FRONT
ansmission.	
	FRONT
is active.	
CbCr 4:2:0) mode is active.	

REAR

on of the optical module, which means the laser ct eye contact with the optical connectors!

4.2.1. Function Button - Transmitter

The Select button is for switching between Input 1 and Input 2.

Autoselect mode can not be activated by pushing the **Select button**, but this function can be disabled by choosing Input 1 or Input 2 with the Select button.

INFO: Autoselect mode can be set with the Lightware Device Controller software (see the HDMI Output Port - Transmitter and Optical Output Port - Transmitter sections) or with protocol commands (see the Changing the Autoselect Mode section).

Enable Dynamic (DHCP) IP Address

The device gets a static IP address as a factory default setting. If this setting does not fit the circumstances during install or usage, DHCP* can be enabled from the front panel:

- Step 1. Make sure the device is powered on and operational.
- Step 2. Press and hold the Select button for 5 seconds.
- Step 3. After 5 seconds the front panel LEDs start blinking; release the button and press it 3 times again quickly (within 1,5 seconds).
- Step 4. The LEDs get dark, DHCP gets enabled.
- Step 5. As a final step, the device restarts and is available with the new IP address.

* Static IP address can also be modified. This setting is available on the front panel menu or in the Lightware Device Controller software.

Restore Factory Default Settings

To restore factory default values, do the following steps:

- Step 1. Make sure the device is powered on and operational.
- Step 2. Press and hold the Select button for 10 seconds. After 5 seconds the front panel LEDs start blinking, but keep holding the button.
- Step 3. After 5 seconds the blinking gets faster; release the button and press it 3 times again guickly (within 1,5 seconds).
- Step 4. The LEDs get dark, the device restores the factory default settings and reboots.

Factory default settings are listed in the Factory Default Settings section.

4.2.2. Function Button - Receiver

The Function button sets the output conversion mode. See details about these modes in the Output Conversion Modes section.

Enable Dynamic (DHCP) IP Address

The device gets a static IP address as a factory default setting. If this setting does not fit the circumstances during install or usage. DHCP* can be enabled from the front panel:

- Step 1. Make sure the device is powered on and operational.
- Step 2. Press and hold the Function button for 5 seconds.
- Step 3. After 5 seconds the front panel LEDs start blinking; release the button and press it 3 times again quickly (within 1,5 seconds).
- Step 4. The LEDs get dark, DHCP gets enabled.

Step 5. As a final step, the device restarts and is available with the new IP address.

* Static IP address can also be modified. This setting is available on the front panel menu or in the Lightware Device Controller software.

Restore Factory Default Settings

To restore factory default values, do the following steps:

- Step 1. Make sure the device is powered on and operational. Step 2. Press and hold the Function button for 10 seconds. After 5 seconds the front panel LEDs start blinking, but keep holding the button.
- Step 3. After 5 seconds the blinking gets faster; release the button and press it 3 times again guickly (within 1,5 seconds).
- Step 4. The LEDs get dark, the device restores the factory default settings and reboots.

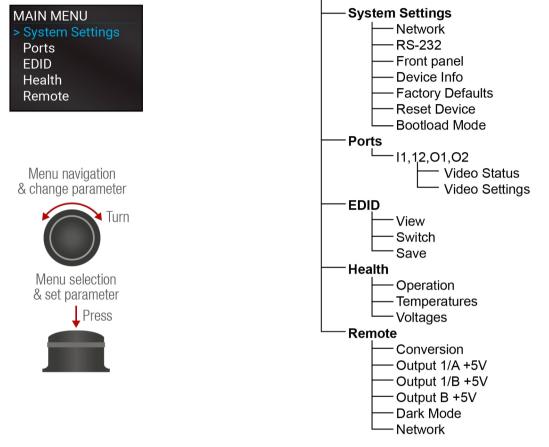
Factory default settings are listed in the Factory Default Settings section.

4.2.3. Boot Button

Hidden button for special bootload function. Use only on the particular request of the Lightware Support Team.

4.3. Front Panel LCD Menu Operations

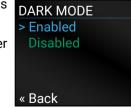
The front panel has a color LCD that shows the most important settings and parameters structured in a menu. The jog dial control knob can be used to navigate between the menu items or change the value of a parameter. The knob can be pressed to enter a menu or edit/set a parameter.



Parameter Selection

The blue colored line means the selected menu/parameter, the green one means the current setting.

TIPS AND TRICKS: The faster you rotate the jog dial, the faster the parameter list is scrolled.



4.3.1. System Settings Menu

Network Submenu

The parameters of the network connection can be set in this submenu. IP, Subnet, Gateway and MAC parameters show the current settings. If the DHCP option is disabled, three more parameters are listed that can be set for a static IP address:

#network

- Static IP.
- Static Subnet.
- Static Gateway.

ATTENTION! If you change the network settings, always press the Save option under the Network menu (not only in the submenu of the parameter) to apply the new settings.

Adjustable parameters of the local RS-232 port:

Mode (Pass-through/ Control/ Command injection),

#rs232 #rs-232 #serial

- Baud Rate (4800/7200/9600/14400/19200/38400/57600/115200)
- Protocol (LW2/LW3).

Front Panel Submenu

RS-232 Submenu

The following front panel-related parameters can be set in this submenu:

Display Backlight (1-10)

The brightness of the LCD can be set from 1 to 10 on a scale.

Dark Mode (Enabled/ Disabled)

All the LEDs and the background light of the LCD on the transmitter unit are turned off 60 seconds after enabling the dark mode.

TIPS AND TRICKS: Press any buttons or turn the jog dial knob to wake up the device. The first contact activates the LEDs and the LCD, and does not execute the original function.

INFO: The dark mode setting of the receiver is available in the Remote Menu.

Rotary Direction (CW Down/ CCW Down)

Device Info Submenu

In this submenu you can check basic information about the transmitter unit:

- Serial number
- Hardware Version
- Firmware Version
- Video MCU #1
- Video MCU #2

Factory Defaults Submenu

Factory default settings will be restored by choosing Yes.





RS-232

> Mode



« No

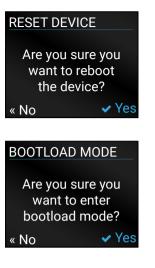
✓ Ye

Reset Device Submenu

There is a possibility to reset the device.

Bootload Mode Submenu

Special function for entering the bootload mode.



4.3.2. Ports Menu

When entering the menu, the available video input and output ports are listed. The icons display information about the port and the video signal (see the table below) Select the desired port and enter to see the submenu.

Grey icon	Description	White icon	Description
	Source/sink is not connected	¥	Source/sink is connected
	No audio signal in the video stream	5	Audio is embedded in the video stream
	Signal is not present		Signal is present
P	Signal is not encrypted with HDCP	P	Signal is encrypted with HDCP
R	The port is unmuted	Q	The port is muted

e	PORTS		
•	> 1	🦉 🎜 📯 ا 🖋	シ
	12	وه بي الد 🖋	シ
	01	🧏 🞜 🔊 📶 🖉	シ
	02	و 1 به الله 🖌	か
	« Back		

Video Status Submenu for Input Ports

The most important status information can be seen of the chosen input port. The table below relates to the input ports of both the transmitter and receiver.

Parameter	l1	
+5V present	Present/ Not present	Presen
Signal Present	Present/ Not present/ Unknown	Presen Unknov
HDCP Status	none/ HDCP 1.4/HDCP 2.2	none/
Embedded Audio	Present/ Not present/ Unknown	Presen Unknov
Pixel Clock (MHz)	No signal/ [x] MHz	No sig
Active Resolution	Unknown/ No signal/ [x] x [y][i\ p][f]	
Total Resolution	Unknown/ No signal/ [x] x [y]	

Video Settings Submenu for Input Ports

- I1: HDCP Enable (Disabled / HDCP 1.4 only / HDCP 2.2
- I2: HDCP Enable (Disabled / HDCP 1.4 only)

Video Status Submenu for Output Ports

The most important status information can be seen of the cl

The table below relates to the output ports of both the transi

Parameter	01 (OPTOUT)	O2 (HDMIOUT)
Hotplug detect	Present/ Not present	Present/ Not present
Signal Present	Present/ Not present/Unknown	Present/ Not present/Unknown
HDCP Status	none/ HDCP 1.4/HDCP 2.2	none/ HDCP 1.4/ HDCP 2.2
HDCP capability	-	none/ HDCP 1.4/ HDCP 2.2
Embedded Audio	Present/ Not present/Unknown	Present/ Not present/Unknown
Pixel Clock (MHz)	No signal [x] MHz	No signal [x] MHz
Active Resolution	Unknown/ No signal [x]x[y][i\ p][f]	Unknown/ No signal [x]x[y][i\ p][f]
Total Resolution	Unknown/ No signal/ [x]x[y]	Unknown/ No signal/ [x]x[y]

12			Present
nt/ Not	present		« Back
	present/		« Dack
wn			
HDCP	1.4		
nt/ Not	present/		
wn			
inal/ [x]	MHz		
_			
-			
			HDCP ENABLE
			> Disabled
			HDCP 1.4 only
			HDCP 2.2 or 1.4
.2 or 1.4	4)		
	.,		« Back
		_	
			VIDEO STATUS
			> Hotplug detect
			Present
			Signal Present
chosen	output po	ort.	Present
			« Back
smiller	and recei		
		02 (HDMIOUT)

VIDEO STATUS
> +5V present
Present
Signal Present
Present
« Back

> Disabled HDCP 1.4 only HDCP 2.2 or 1.4	
« Back	
VIDEO STATUS	
> Hotplug detect	

HDMI20-OPTC series – User's Manual

4.3.4. Health Menu

Video Settings Submenu for Output Ports

- Signal Type (Auto / DVI)
- +5V Enable (Always on / Always off / Auto)
- HDCP Mode (Auto / Always on)

VIDEO SETTINGS
> Signal Type
Auto
+5V Enable
Always on
« Back

F133 🕈

« Back

4Kp 60 420 2chLPCM

F133 🕈 🗲 E1

2chLPCM

4096X2160P60.00Hz

Switch

4.3.3. EDID Menu

Advanced EDID Management is available in the front panel LCD menu, which allows to view, switch, or save the EDID to the User EDID memory. See more information about EDID technology in EDID Management. The EDID memory structure of the device can be found in the Sources and Destinations chapter. #edid

View Submenu

Select the desired EDID memory block: Factory EDIDs, Last Attached EDIDs, User EDIDs, FACTORY EDIDS or Emulated EDIDs. Select the Name item and press the knob. Use the jog dial to step between the EDIDs. The following information can be checked: 4096X2160P60.00Hz

- Preferred Resolution
- Monitor Name
- Audio Info

Switch Submenu

The submenu looks similar to the View submenu, but in this case the Destination SWITCH is also listed. To change an EDID, do the following:

- Step 1. Navigate to the EDID/Switch submenu.
- 4Kp 60 420 Step 2. Select the Name item and press the knob. Use the jog dial to select the desired EDID (F1-F146, U1-U14, or D1-D2) and press the knob.
- Step 3. Select the Destination item and press the knob. Use the jog dial to select the « Back desired EDID memory (E1, E2, All) and press the knob.
- Step 4. Navigate to the Switch option and press the knob.

Save Submenu

The EDID of a connected sink can be saved to the User EDID memory as follows:

- Step 1. Navigate to the EDID/Save submenu.
- Step 2. Select the Name item and press the knob. Use the jog dial to select the desired EDID (D1-D2*) and press the knob.
- Step 3. Select the Destination item and press the knob. Use the jog dial to select the desired EDID memory (U1-U14) and press the knob.
- Step 4. Navigate to the Save option and press the knob.
- * D1 is for Optical output and D2 is for local HDMI output.

The following information is displayed about the transmitter unit in this menu:

- Uptime: the elapsed time since the last booting.
- Operation time: displays the summary of the operation hours.

Temperatures Submenu

This submenu gives a feedback about the current temperatures of the internal parts in the unit: CPU / System / Air intake / Video chip / Ethernet switch / Video MCU #1 / Video MCU #2.

Voltages Submenu

The following information is displayed in the Voltages Submenu:

Main 5V / Main 3.3V. Video IC #11.3V V/1 / Video IC #11.3V V/2 / Video IC #2 1.3V/1 / Video IC #2 1.3V/2

4.3.5. Remote Menu



HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-Pro transmitter

ATTENTION! These settings are related to the connected receiver. Adjustable parameters of the receiver:

- Conversion submenu (in the receiver): Off / YUV 4:2:0 / Split left/right / Split right/left
- Output 1/A +5V, Output 1/B +5V, Output 2 +5V Submenu: Always on / Always off / Auto
- Dark Mode (Enabled/Disabled) Submenu: All the LEDs on the receiver unit are turned off 60 seconds after enabling the dark mode. Waking the device up is available by disabling the dark mode.

See more details about the conversion in the Output Conversion Modes section.

Network Submenu

The parameters of the receiver's network connection can be set in this submenu. IP, Subnet, Gateway and MAC parameters show the current settings. If the DHCP option is disabled, three more parameters are listed that can be set for a static IP address: #network

- Static IP,
- Static Subnet.
- Static Gateway.

ATTENTION! If you change the network settings, always press the Save option under the Network menu (not only in the submenu of the parameter) to apply the new settings.



HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-Pro receiver







Software Control – Lightware Device Controller

The extender can be controlled by a computer through the LAN, RS-232 and USB ports using Lightware Device Controller (LDC). The software can be installed on a Windows PC or macOS X. The application can be downloaded from www.lightware.com. The Windows and the Mac versions have the same look and functionality.

- ► INSTALL AND UPGRADE
- RUNNING THE LDC
- ESTABLISHING THE CONNECTION
- CROSSPOINT MENU HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO
- PORT PROPERTIES WINDOW
- EDID MENU
- CONTROL MENU
- EVENT MANAGER
- SETTINGS MENU
- CONFIGURATION CLONING (BACKUP)
- ► ADVANCED VIEW WINDOW

5.1. Install and Upgrade

ATTENTION! Please note that the minimum system requirement is 1 GB RAM and the minimum display resolution shall be 1280x720.

ATTENTION! Certain ports are used for the communication in the background; please check the list in the Applied Ports (Network Settings) section.

INFO: After the installation, the Windows and the Mac applications have the same look and functionality. This type of the installer is equal to the Normal install in case of Windows and results in an updateable version with the same attributes.

Installation for Windows OS

Run the installer. If the User Account Control drops a pop-up message, click Yes. During the installation you will be prompted to select the type of the installation: normal and the snapshot install:

Normal install	Snapshot install
Available for Windows and macOS	Available for Windows
The installer can update only this instance	Cannot be updated
Only one updateable instance can exist for all users	More than one different version can be installed for all users

Comparison of installation types

ATTENTION! Using the Normal install as the default choice is highly recommended.

Installation for macOS

ATTENTION! Please check the firewall settings on the macOS device. LDC needs to be added to the exeptions of the blocked software for the proper operation.

Mount the DMG file by double clicking on it, and drag the LDC icon over the Applications icon to copy the program into the Applications folder. If you want to copy the LDC into another location, just drag the icon over the desired folder.

Updating of LDC

Step 1. Run the application.

The **Device Discovery** window appears automatically and the program checks the available updates on Lightware's website and opens the update window if LDC updates are found.

The current and the update version number can be seen at the top of the window and they are shown in this window even with the snapshot install.

The **Update** window can also be opened by clicking on the About icon ② and the Update button.

	Current version: 1.17.0b4
	Update version: 1.17.1b3
tions	
eck for u	pdates automatically: 🥝
	Remind me later: Next time 🔹
	Proxy settings: Setup

Step 2. Set the desired update setting in the Options section.

- If you do not want to check for updates automatically, uncheck the circle that contains the green tick.
- If you want to postpone the update, a reminder can be set with different delays from the drop down list.
- If the proxy settings traverse the update process, set the proper values, then click on the **OK** button.

Step 3. Click on the Download update button to start the updating.

The updates can be checked manually by clicking on the Check now button.

5.2. Running the LDC

The common way to start the software is to double-click on the LDC icon. But the LDC can be run by command line parameters as follows:

Connecting to a Device with Static IP Address

The LDC is connected to a device with the indicated static IP address directly; the Device Discovery window is not displayed. When the port number is not set, the default port is used: 10001 (LW2 protocol).

For LW3, devices use the 6107 port number.

Format: LightwareDeviceController -i <IP address>:<port>

Example: LightwareDeviceController -i 192.168.0.20:6107

Connecting to a Device via a Serial Port

The LDC is connected to a device with the indicated COM port directly; the Device Discovery window is not displayed. If no Baud rate is set, the application will detect it automatically.

Format: LightwareDeviceController -c <COM port>:<Baud>

Example: LightwareDeviceController -c COM1:57600

Adjusting the Zoom

The window can be zoomed to a specific value to fit to the resolution of the desktop (higher/lower). '1' is the default value (100%).

Format: LightwareDeviceController -z <magnifying value>

Example: LightwareDeviceController -z 1.2

ATTENTION! The last set value is stored and applied when LDC is started without a parameter.

Proxy settings	
No proxy:	•
System default:	۲
Use HTTP proxy:	۲
Use SOCKS 5 proxy:	۲
Proxy host:	
Proxy port:	8080
Proxy username:	
Proxy password:	
	OK Cancel

🖅 Run	X
	Type the name of a program, folder, document, or Internet resource, and Windows will open it for you.
Open:	ontroller\LightwareDeviceController.exe" -i 192.168.0.20 -
	This task will be created with administrative privileges.
	OK Cancel Browse

5.3. Establishing the Connection

Step 1. Connect the device to a computer via Ethernet or RS-232.

- Step 2. Run the controller software; the device discovery window appears automatically. There are three tabs for the different type of interfaces; Ethernet and Serial are available for HDMI20-OPTC devices.
- Step 3. Select the desired unit and click on the green Connect button (or just double-click on the device).

	ite Devices (fix IP)	Only show a	available devices	🛧 👽 🚊 II	mport 🛃	Export 👷 Remove	Modi	fy 🕂 Add
Į≟n.	1= IP address / Hostn	ame 🛓 Port	LE Product name	L는 Device label		1 Local alias	<u>↓≟</u> Serial nu	umber
	127.0.0.1	6107				Emulated Device		
	172.24.5.21	6107	MX2-24x24-DH-12DPi-A-R			24x24 DisplayID	00006947	
	172.24.5.45	6107	RAP-B511-EU-K	LW_RAP-B511-EU-K_345678		RAP_Docu-team		
4	172.24.5.24	6107				Corvette_TX	1	
	172.24.5.28	6107				Corvette_RX		
	*			~ ~		2.4		
	evices			*		Devic	es found: 9	C Refresh
	evices	<u>li</u> Port	12 Product name			Devic	es found: 9 <u>L</u> e Serial nu	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Į≟ IP		<u>l≐</u> Port ? ● 6107	E Product name HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO	*		Devic		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
↓≟ IP 192.16 192.16	58.5.41 @	r ⊚ 6107 ⊚ 10001	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO MX-FR33	L <u>≟</u> Device label HDMI20-0PTC-TX220-PRO MX-FR33		Devic	<u>↓</u> Serial nu 82115837 MP2014	umber
↓≟ IP 192.16 192.16 192.16	58.5.41 @ 58.4.117 58.5.62 @	6107 10001 6107	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO MX-FR33 UBEX-MMU-X200	Li Device label HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO MX-FR33 UBEX-MMU-X200		Devic	<u>↓</u> Serial nu 82115837 MP2014 86122857	umber
↓<u>=</u> IP 192.16 192.16 192.16 192.16	58.5.41 G 58.4.117 58.5.62 G 58.4.63 G	 6107 10001 6107 6107 6107 	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO MX-FR33 UBEX-MMU-X200 UBEX-PRO20-HDMI-F100	I≟ Device label HDMi20-0PTC-TX220-PRO MX-FR33 UBEX+MMU-X200 UBEX-SGT_RJ45		Devic	J <u>≡</u> Serial nu 82115837 MP2014 86122857 B8218109	umber
↓≟ IP 192.16 192.16 192.16 192.16 192.16	58.5.41 G 58.4.117 58.5.62 G 58.4.63 G 58.5.45 G	3 6107 • 10001 3 • 6107 3 • 6107 3 • 6107	HDMI20-0PTC-TX220-PR0 MX-FR33 UBEX-MMU-X200 UBEX-PR020-HDMI-F100 UBEX-PR020-HDMI-F100	LE Device label HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO MX-FR33 UBEX-SMIU-X200 UBEX-SGT_RJ45 UBEX-CAT_RX		Devic	I≛ Serial nu 82115837 MP2014 86122857 B8218109 B8218115	umber
↓ IP 192.16 192.16 192.16 192.16 192.16 192.16	58.5.41 (2 58.4.117 58.5.62 (2 58.4.63 (2 58.5.45 (2 58.4.230 (2	 6107 10001 6107 6107 6107 	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO MX-FR33 UBEX-MMU-X200 UBEX-PRO20-HDMI-F100	I≟ Device label HDMi20-0PTC-TX220-PRO MX-FR33 UBEX+MMU-X200 UBEX-SGT_RJ45		Devic	J <u>≡</u> Serial nu 82115837 MP2014 86122857 B8218109	umber

Device discovery window in LDC

5.3.1. Ethernet Tab

The Ethernet tab consists of two lists. The All devices list contains all Lightware devices that are available in the connected network (in the 255.255.0.0 subnet). However, there is no need to browse all the available devices, as you can expand the list of Favorite devices with any Lightware device that is connected via Ethernet in any of the following ways:

- Mark the desired device with the
 reflection symbol in the All Devices list,
- Press the Add button and add the device in the appearing window, or
- Import the list of favorite devices that was exported previously.

Add New Favorite Device

Press the Add button; in the appearing window you can enter the IP address.

Import/Export the List of Favorite Devices

The list of favorite devices can be exported/imported by the dedicated buttons (saved as *.JSON file). The list can be imported later (in another computer, too), but please note that the current list will be overwritten by the imported list.

Changing the IP Address Ľ

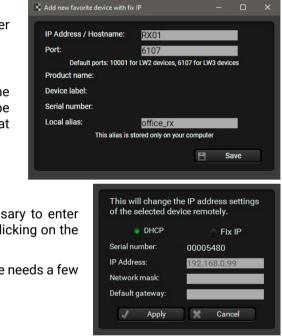
To modify the IP address settings quickly, it is not necessary to enter the device's settings/network menu, you can set them by clicking on the pencil icon beside the IP address.

You can see the new settings only in this window. The device needs a few seconds to apply the new settings.

Identifying the Device Θ

Clicking on the icon results in the status LEDs blinking for 10 seconds. The feature helps find the device itself physically.

#identifyme





5.3.2. Serial Tab

If the device is connected via the RS-232 port, click on the **Query** button next to the desired serial port to display the device's name and serial number. Double-click on the device or select it and click on the green **Connect** button. *#rs232 #rs-232 #serial*

LIGHTWARE Device Discov	rery		?
Ethernet Devices Serial Devices	USB Devices		
Serial Devices Click on the QUE	RY button to get Device Name and Serial number Lie Product name	1 <u>=</u> Device label	C Refresh
query COM1			
query COM4			
query COM5	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO	00004311

ATTENTION! Before the device is connected via the local RS-232 port, make sure that the **Control mode** and **LW3 protocol** are set on the serial port. Furthermore, the RS-232 port must be free, and other serial connection must not be established to the device over that port.

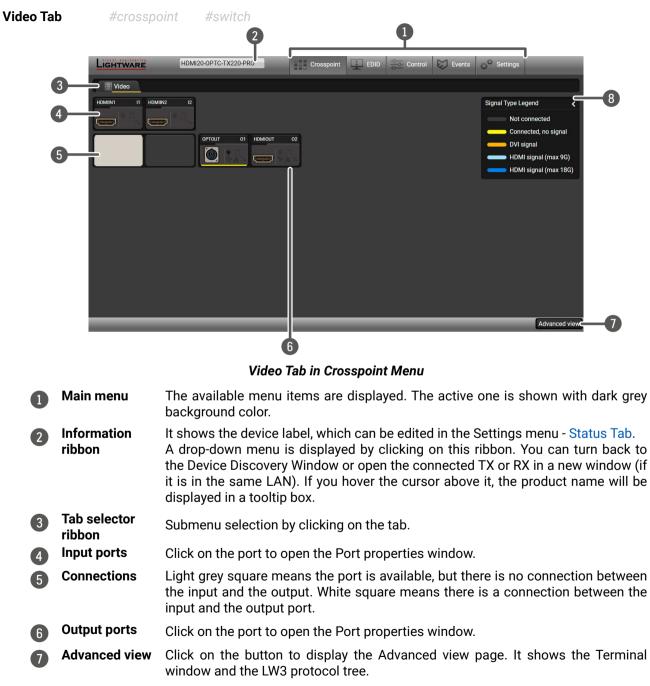
5.3.3. Further Tools

The Tools menu contains the following options:

- Log Viewer: The tool can be used for reviewing log files that have been saved previously.
- **Create EDID:** This tool opens the Easy EDID Creator wizard, which can be used to create unique EDIDs in a few simple steps. Functionality is the same as that of the the Easy EDID Creator.
- **Demo Mode:** This is a virtual MX-FR17 matrix router with full functionality built into the LDC. Functions and options are the same as that of a real MX-FR17 device.

The **Terminal** window is also available by pressing its button on the bottom.

5.4. Crosspoint Menu - HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO



B Legend panel The applied colors of the input/ output ports are described in this panel.

Port Tiles

The colors of the port tiles and the displayed icons represent different states and information:



State Indicators

lcon	Icon is grey	
¥	Source/sink is not connected	Source/s
	Audio is not embedded in the video stream	Audio is
	Port is unmuted	Port is m
A	HDCP encryption is not enabled	HDCP en
lcon	Icon is grey	
Α	Autoselect setting is disabled	Autosele

- Port name
- 2 Port icon

4

- 3 Port number
 - Signal present indicator:
 - green: present / grey: not present
- **5** State indicators

Icon is black

/sink is connected (+5V / Hotplug detected)

s embedded in the video stream

muted

encryption is enabled

Icon is green

lect setting is enabled

5. Software Control – Lightware Device Controller

5.5. Port Properties Window

5.5.1. HDMI Input Port -Transmitter

By clicking on one of the HDMI input tiles, the most important video related information and settings are available in the port properties window.

Settings	
Port name	HDMIIN1 Set
HDCP enable	Disable HDCP on input
	Disable fiber of hiput
Status	
+5V present	present
Signal present	present
Signal type	HDMI
HDCP status	none
HDCP stream type	non-HDCP signal
Reported active resolution	3840x2160p60
Reported total resolution	4400x2250
Measured pixel clock	594 MHz
Signal bandwidth	17.82 Gbit/sec (TMDS clock: 594 MHz)
Color depth	8 bits per pixel
Color space	YCbCr 4:4:4
Color range	unknown
Colorimetry	No data
Overscan / underscan	No data
Embedded audio	present
Family to d FDID	
Emulated EDID	
EDID Memory	D1 (OPTOUT)
Manufacturer	GSM
Monitor name	32LG5700

Available Settings:

- Port name
- HDCP Enable (Disable HDCP input / Allow HDCP 1.4 only / Allow HDCP 2.2 and HDCP 1.4).

Port number	max. HDCP version
11	HDCP 2.2
12	HDCP 1.4

• Reloading factory defaults (see more details in the Factory Default Settings section).

INFO: Factory default settings do not affect the emulated EDID.

5.5.2. HDMI Output Port - Transmitter

Click on the local HDMI output port to open the port properties window. The most important information and settings are available from the panel.

Port name HDMIOUT Set Mute Mute Autoselect Settings Priorities Mode Mode Hint: Priority detect 11 12 Signal type Auto Set priority HDCP mode Depends on input Version Improve compatibility with Panasonic TH-98LQ70 Set priority Hotplug detect not connected Version	gs		
Autoselect Settings Priorities Enabled Mode Hint: Mode Priority detect I1 Priority detect I1 I2 I2 I Set priorities Signal type Auto I +5V enable Always on I HDCP mode Depends on input I Improve compatibility with Panasonic TH-98LQ70 Improve compatibility with Panasonic TH-98LQ70 Hotplug detect not connected		HDMIOUT	Set
Enabled • Hint: 0 - highest pi Mode Priority detect • 11 0 1 1 - lowest pri Priority detect • 11 0 1 1 2 1 1 Set priority detect • 11 0 1 1 2 1 1 Set priority detect • 11 0 1 1 2 1 1 Set priority detect • 11 0 1 1 2 1 1 Set priority detect • 11 0 1 1 2 1 1 Set priority detect • 11 0 1 1 2 1 1	te	Mute	
+5V enable Always on • HDCP mode Depends on input • Improve compatibility with Panasonic TH-98LQ70 • tatus • Hotplug detect not connected	toselect	Enabled Mode	Hint: 0 - highest priority 1 - lowest priority
HDCP mode Depends on input Improve compatibility with Panasonic TH-98LQ70 tatus Hotplug detect not connected	inal type	Auto -	
Improve compatibility with Panasonic TH-98LQ70 tatus Hotplug detect not connected	V enable	Always on 🔹	
Panasonic TH-98LQ70 tatus Hotplug detect not connected	CP mode	Depends on input 🔹	
Hotplug detect not connected			
	5		
	tplug detect	not connected	
Signal present not present	inal present	not present	
Signal type unknown	inal type	unknown	

Available settings:

- Changing the name of the port;
- Muting/unmuting the port;
- Autoselect settings: enable / disable, mode, and priorities. (See more details in the Autoselect Feature section.)
- Auto/DVI/HDMI signal type;
- Enable the +5V: Auto / Always on / Always off;
- HDCP mode: Depends on input / Maximum possible
- Enable compatibility support of Panasonic TH-98LQ70

Depends on input: The encryption level depends on the settings of the input port and the source content/ device. If the incoming signal is not encrypted, then the outgoing signal will not be encrypted either.

Maximum possible: The highest supported level of encryption.

Factory default settings for the selected port.



5.5.3. Optical Input Port - Receiver

ettings		
Port name	OPTOUT Se	t
Mute	🗶 Mute	
Autoselect	Settings Enabled • Mode Priority detect •	Priorities Hint: 0- highest priority 1 - lowest priority 11 0 0 0 12 1 0 Set priorities
Signal type	Auto 👻	
eceiver settings		
Output 1 conversion mode	Convert to YCbCr 4:2:0 -	
Output 1/A +5V enable	Always on 👻	
Output 1/B +5V enable	Always on 👻	
Output 2 +5V enable	Auto -	

Available settings (related to the transmitter):

- Changing the name of the port;
- Muting/unmuting the port;

Optical Output Port - Transmitter

- Autoselect settings: enable / disable, mode, and priorities. This setting is always the same on both outputs. (See more details in Autoselect Feature section)
- Auto/DVI/HDMI signal type;
- Factory default settings for the selected port.

Available settings (related to the receiver):

- Output 1 conversion mode: No conversion / Convert to YCbCr 4:2:0 / Split A: left, B: right / Split A: right,
 B: left. For more information, see the Output Conversion Modes section.
- Output 1/A +5V enable: Auto / Always on / Always off
- Output 1/B +5V enable: Auto / Always on / Always off
- Output 2 +5V enable: Auto / Always on / Always off

Settings	
Port name	OPTIN
Status	
Remote device present	present
Signal present	present
Signal type	HDMI
HDCP status	none
HDCP stream type	non-HDCP signal
Reported active resolution	3840x2160p60
Reported total resolution	4400x2250
Measured pixel clock	594 MHz
Signal bandwidth	17.82 Gbit/sec (TMDS cloc
Color depth	8 bits per pixel
Color space	YCbCr 4:4:4
Color range	unknown
Colorimetry	No data
Overscan / underscan	No data
Embedded audio	present
Emulated EDID	
EDID Memory	D1 (HDMIOUT1A)
Manufacturer	GSM
Monitor name	32LG5700
Preferred resolution	1920x1080p59.93Hz
Other	
Factory defaults	Reload

Available Settings:

- Port name;
- Reloading factory defaults (see factory default settings in the Factory Default Settings section).
- INFO: Factory default settings do not affect the emulated EDID.





gs in the Factory Default Settings section). EDID.

5.5.4. HDMI Output Port - Receiver

utput 1 - HDMIOUT1	A	
ettings		
Port name	HDMIOUT1A Set	
Mute	Mute	
Signal type	Auto -	
+5V enable	Auto -	
HDCP mode	Depends on input	
Conversion mode	No conversion 🗸	
Improve compatibility with Panasonic TH-98LQ70	0	
atus		
Hotplug detect	not connected	
Signal present	not present	
Signal type	unknown	
HDCP status	none	
HDCP stream type	non-HDCP signal	
HDCP capability	none	
Reported active resolution	No signal	
Reported total resolution	No signal	
Measured pixel clock	0 MHz	
Signal bandwidth	N/A	
Color depth	unknown	
Color space	unknown	
Color range	unknown	
Colorimetry	No data	
Overscan / underscan	No data	
Embedded audio	unknown	
her		
Factory defaults	G Reload	

Available Settings:

- Changing the name of the port;
- Muting/unmuting the port;
- Auto/DVI/HDMI signal type;
- Enabling the +5V: Auto / Always on / Always off
- HDCP mode: Depends on input / Maximum possible

Depends on input: The encryption level depends on the settings of the input port and the source content/ device. If the incoming signal is not encrypted, then the outgoing signal will not be encrypted either.

Maximum possible: The highest supported level of encryption.

• Output 1 conversion mode: No conversion / Convert to YCbCr 4:2:0 / Split A: left, B: right / Split A: right, B: left.

For more information, see the Output Conversion Modes section.

INFO: Conversion mode setting has an effect only on the HDMIOUT1A (01) and HDMIOUT1B (02) ports, so the HDMIOUT2 (03) port does not have not this setting.

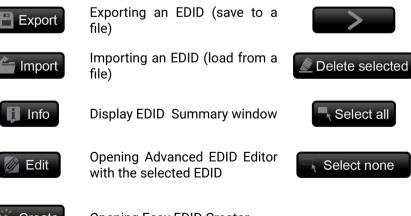
- Enable compatibility support of Panasonic TH-98LQ70
- Factory default settings for the selected port.

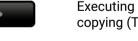
5.6. EDID Menu

Advanced EDID Management can be accessed by selecting the EDID menu. There are two panels: the left one contains the Source EDIDs, the right one contains the Destination slots where the EDIDs can be emulated or copied to. #edid

Ligh	ITWARE	HDMI20-OPTC	-TX220-PRO	Cros	sspoint	EDID		Control	Events	¢ [¢] Set	tings	
Fac	ctory D	ynamic User				Emulated	Us	er				
- Me	Q - Manufa	Q - Resolution Q	-Audio Q	- Monitor Name	x 🕞 🕞	Memory	Q - M	२ - Resolu	ition Q	-Audio Q	- Monitor Na	ame Q So
F1	LWR	640x480p60.00Hz	N/A	D640x480p60	E	1 (HDMIIN1)	LWR	3840x21	60p60.00Hz	2chLPCM	H2_UHD_RB	PCM D1
F2	LWR	848x480p60.00Hz	N/A	D848x480p60	E	2 (HDMIIN2)	LWR	3840x21	60p60.00Hz	2chLPCM	H2_UHD_RB	PCM D1
F3	LWR	800x600p60.32Hz	N/A	D800x600p60								
F4	LWR	1024x768p60.00Hz	N/A	D1024x768p60								
F5	LWR	1280x768p50.00Hz	N/A	D1280x768p50								
F6	LWR	1280x768p59.94Hz	N/A	D1280x768p60								
F7	LWR	1280x768p75.00Hz	N/A	D1280x768p75								
F8	LWR	1360x768p60.02Hz	N/A	D1360x768p60								
F9	LWR	1280x1024p50.00	N/A	D1280x1024p50								
F10	LWR	1280x1024p60.02	N/A	D1280x1024p60								
F11	LWR	1280x1024p75.02	N/A	D1280x1024p75								
F12	LWR	1400x1050p50.00	N/A	D1400x1050p50								
F13	LWR	1400x1050p60.00	N/A	D1400x1050p60								
F14	LWR	1400x1050p75.00	N/A	D1400x1050p75								
F15	LWR	1680x1050p60.00	N/A	D1680x1050p60								
F16	LWR	1920x1080p50.00	N/A	D1920x1080p50								
F17	LWR	1920x1080p60.00	N/A	D1920x1080p60								
F18	LWR	2048x1080p50.00	N/A	D2048x1080p50								
F19	LWR	2048x1080p60.00	N/A	D2048x1080p60								
	xport	Import [] Info	🖉 Edit 🛛 👯	Create	>			🛕 Dele		Select	all 📑 S	elect none
	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	A	dvanced viev

Control buttons





Executing EDID emulation or copying (Transfer button)

Deleting EDID (from User memory)

Selecting all memory places in the right panel

Selecting none of the memory places in the right panel

5.6.1. Sources and Destinations

The EDID memory consists of four parts:

- Factory EDID list (F1-F146) the pre-programmed EDIDs, see the Factory EDID List in the Appendix section.
- Dynamic EDID list (D1-D2): the EDID of the last attached display device. The extender stores the last EDID from the previously connected sink on each output port. Thus, an EDID can be shown even if there is no device is connected to the output port at that moment.
- User memory locations (U1 U14): they can be used to save custom EDIDs. Any EDID from the User/ Factory/Dynamic EDID lists can be copied to the user memory.
- Emulated EDID list (E1-E2): the currently emulated EDID for the input. The source column displays the memory location that the current EDID was routed from. The source reads the EDID from the Emulated EDID memory on the input port.

There are two types of emulation: static and dynamic.

- Static EDID emulation: an EDID from the Factory or User EDID list is selected. Thus, the Emulated EDID remains the same until the user emulates another EDID.
- Dynamic EDID emulation: it can be enabled by selecting D1-D2 EDID memory. The attached monitor's EDID is copied to the input; if a new monitor is attached to the output, the emulated EDID is changed automatically.

INFO: The default emulated EDID is D1 both on the transmitter and the receiver. The EDID, which is from the attached monitor of HDMIOUT1A (01) port of the receiver, is copied to all input ports.

5.6.2. EDID Operations

Changing the Emulated EDID

- Step 1. Choose the desired tab (Factory, Dynamic, or User EDID list) on the left panel and select an EDID.
- Step 2. Select the Emulated tab on the right panel.
- Step 3. Select the target port on the right panel (one or more ports can be selected); the EDID(s) will be highlighted in yellow.

Step 4. Press the Transfer button to change the emulated EDID.

Learning an EDID

The process is the same as changing the emulated EDID; the only difference is the **Destination** panel: press the User button. Thus, one or more EDIDs can be copied into the user memory either from the factory memory or from a connected sink (Dynamic).

Exporting an EDID

Source EDID can be downloaded as a file (*.bin, *.dat or *.edid) to the computer. Step 1. Select the desired EDID from the left panel (the line will be highlighted in yellow). Step 2. Press the Export button to open the dialog box and save the file to the computer.







Importing an EDID

A previously saved EDID (*.bin, *.dat or *.edid file) can be uploaded to the user memory:

Step 1. Select the User tab in the left panel and select a memory slot.

Step 2. Press the Import button below the Source panel.

Step 3. Browse the file in the opening window, then press the Open button. The browsed EDID is imported into the selected User memory.

ATTENTION! The imported EDID overwrites the selected memory place even if it is not empty.

Deleting EDID(s)

The EDID(s) from User memory can be deleted as follows:

Step 1. Select the User tab in the left panel.

Step 2. Select the desired memory slot(s); one or more can be selected (Select all and Select None buttons can be used). The EDID(s) will be highlighted in yellow.

Step 3. Press the Delete selected button to delete the EDID(s).

5.6.3. EDID Summary Window

Select an EDID from the Source panel and press the Info button to display the EDID summary.

heral	General	
ver Management	General	
nma / Colors	EDID version:	1
olished Timings		
lard Timings	EDID revision:	3
rred Timing Mode	Manufacturer ID:	GSM (Goldstar Company Ltd)
Descriptor Field	Product ID:	085B
Descriptor Field	Monitor serial number:	356928
Descriptor Field	Year of manufacture:	2017
General	Week of manufacture:	3
'ideo		
udio	Signal interface:	Digital
Speaker Allocation	Separate Sync H&V:	
HDMI VSDB	Composite sync on H:	
HDMI Forum VSDB	Sync on green:	
YCbCr 4:2:0 VDB	Serration on VS:	
CbCr 4:2:0 Capability Map	Color depth:	Undefined
olorimetry		
ligh Dynamic Range	Interface standard:	Not defined
Detailed Timing Descriptors	Color spaces:	RGB 4:4:4 & YCrCb 4:4:4
	Aspect ratio:	0.57
	Display size:	60 cm X 34 cm



Delete selected

Select none

Select all

i Info

5.6.4. Editing an EDID

Select an EDID from the left panel and press the Edit button to display the Advanced EDID Editor window. The editor can read and write all descriptors that are defined in the standards, including the additional CEA extension. Any EDID from the device's memory or a saved EDID file can be loaded into the editor. The software resolves the raw EDID and displays it as readable information to the user. All descriptors can be edited, saved in an EDID file, or uploaded to the User memory. For more details about EDID Editor, please visit our website and download the EDID Editor Application Notes.

Basic EDID	EDID Byte E	dit	or								
Vendor / Product Information	LUID Dytt L	unu									
Display Parameters											
Power Management and Features		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Gamma / Color and Established Timings	0	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	00	1E	6D
Standard Timings	10			-			00		and a second second	-	
Preferred Timing Mode	10	80	5B	40	72	05		03	1B	01	03
2nd Descriptor Field	20	80	3C	22	78	EA	30	35	A7	55	4E
3rd Descriptor Field	30	A3	26	0F	50	54	21	80	00	71	40
4th Descriptor Field	40	81	80	81	CO	A9	CO	D1	CO	81	00
CEA Extension	50	01	01	01	01	04	74	00	30	F2	70
General		-				-					-
Video Data	60	5A	80	B0	58	8A	00	58	54	21	00
Audio Data	70	00	1E	56	5E	00	A0	A0	A0	29	50
Speaker Allocation Data	80	30	20	35	00	58	54	21	00	00	1A
HDMI VSDB	90	00	00		FD	00	38	3D	1E		1E
HDMI Forum VSDB								_		87	
YCbCr 4:2:0 VDB	100	00	0A	20	20	20	20	20	20	00	00
YCbCr 4:2:0 Capability Map	110	00	FC	00	4C	47	20	55	6C	74	72
Colorimetry	120	61	20	48	11	0.0	20	01	D2		
High Dynamic Range	120	UI	20	40	44	UA	20	01	DZ		
Detailed Timing Descriptor #1											
Detailed Timing Descriptor #2											
Detailed Timing Descriptor #3											
Detailed Timing Descriptor #4											
Detailed Timing Descriptor #5											
Detailed Timing Descriptor #6											
Save EDID											

EDID Editor Window





5.6.5. Creating an EDID



Since the Advanced EDID Creator mentioned above needs more complex knowledge about EDID, Lightware introduced a wizard-like interface for fast and easy EDID creation. With Easy

EDID Creator it is possible to create custom EDIDs in four simple steps. By clicking on the Create button below the left panel. Easy EDID Creator is opened in a new window. For more details about EDID Editor, please visit our website and download the EDID Editor Application Notes.

Select Resolution & Interface Video Format Audio Format Finish Back Next	Details can be added or Please select the forma	DID Creator! are able to create a unique EDID according to your demands. changed in the Advanced EDID Editor later if needed. at type and the preferred resolution. If you don't find the proper the Custom format type setting, enter the resolution and the
	do not support aud Most DVI displays please check its sp	are not able to process HDMI signals. If you have a DVI display,
	Format type:	Broadcast
	Resolution:	640x480p60 -
	Interface type:	VGA CVI HDMI DisplayPort

Easy EDID Creator Wizard

5.7. Control Menu

5.7.1. RS-232 Tab



RS-232 tab in the Control menu

The following settings and functions are available on the local RS-232 port:

- Port name
- Operation mode: Pass-through, Control, Command Injection, (for more details, see the Serial Interface section);

Ρ
Se

- Baud rate: 4800, 7200, 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200;
- Data bits: 8 or 9;
- Parity: None, Odd, or Even;
- Stop bits: 1, 1.5, or 2;
- Command injection: enable or disable;
- Command injection port number;
- Control protocol: LW2 or LW3;
- Message sending via serial port;
- Reloading factory defaults (see the Factory Default Settings section).

Cont

#rs232 #rs-232 #serial

I - LOCAL			
gs			
t name	LOCAL		Set
eration mode	Passthrough		
ud rate	57600	•	
ta bits	8		
ity	None	-	
p bits	1		
nfiguration	57600, 8N1		
and injection			
able command injection	0		
t	8001		Set
tus	Disabled		
ol protocol			
quired protocol	LW2 -		
ual protocol	LW2		
message			
nd message		٦ľ	Send
ctory defaults	E Reload		

5.7.2. Ethernet Tab

Four ports are displayed in the Ethernet tab: Ethernet (P1, P2), OPT1, and CPU. The Ethernet ports (P1 and P2) display the status of the Ethernet, speed, and the duplexity of the connection.

LIGHTWARE	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO	Crosspoint EDID	Control Events	Settings
RS-232 Etherne	et			
Ports				
Ethernet P1 Ethernet		P4		
1 Gb 💽 -	1 Gb 100 М	b		

The following settings are also available:

- Enabling / disabling the port (for loop protection);
- Reloading factory defaults (see factory default settings in the Factory Default Settings section).

ATTENTION! If the Ethernet port is set to disabled, this may break the connection with the device.

INFO: OPT1 and CPU Ethernet port can not be disabled.

Port 1 - Ethernet		
Settings		
Port name	Ethernet Set	
Speed	3	
Duplexity	Full-duplex	
Enable	0	
Other		
Factory defaults	G Reload	

5.8. Event Manager

The feature means that the device can sense changes on its ports and is able to react according to the pre-defined settings. The development idea of the Event manager is based on users' feedbacks. In many cases internal events (such as signal present) are necessary for displaying, but it is not easy when the device is hard to access (e.g. built under the desk).

INFO: For tips and tricks and detailed description about the application of Event Manager, please download the Event Manager Application Notes from the Download section on www.lightware.com.

The Event manager can be configured to perform an action if a condition has been detected. E.g. the desired setup is that after a certain type of signal has been detected on the I1 port, the port has to be switched to O1. The settings can be done via the LDC in the **Events** menu, or by LW3 protocol commands. The number of configurable events depends on the device that you are currently using.

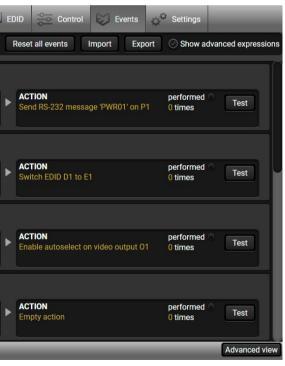
Numerous new ideas and requests have been received in connection with the features and settings of the Event manager since the first release. Therefore, the user interface has been re-designed and many new functions have been implemented. The Event editor can be opened by pressing the Edit button at each Event.

There is a **grey bar** on the left of the Event panel in each line. If a condition and an action are set and the Event is enabled, the bar is displayed **in green**.

Lic	GHTWARE	HDMI20-OPTC-T	X220-PR0			Crosspoint	÷
E	1 - E10 E11 - E20	<u> </u>					
	Event1	@ enabled	Edit	Clear			
E1	CONDITION OPT link state changes	to Disconnected		detected O times	ŀ	DELAY Simple dela 0m 10s	y:
	Event2	I enabled	Edit	Clear			
E2	CONDITION Custom condition			detected O times	•	DELAY No delay	
	Event3	@ enabled	Edit	Clear			
E3	CONDITION Video signal is not deter	cted on I1		detected O 1 times	►	DELAY No delay	
	Event4	© enabled	Edit	Clear			
E4	CONDITION Empty condition			detected O D times		DELAY No delay	

	Control	menu,	Event	Μ
--	---------	-------	-------	---





lanager tab

5.8.1. The Event Editor

Press the Edit button in the desired Event line to open the Event editor window.



1	Event header	The name of the Event is displayed. Type the desired name and press the Set name button. The Event can be cleared by the Clear button. Use the tick mark to enable/disable the Event.
2	Condition header	If the condition is set, the description (white colored text) and the exact LW3 protocol expression (yellow colored text) can be seen. If the advanced mode was used, the description is "Custom condition".
3	Condition panel	The Wizard, the Advanced or the Link tools are available to set the condition. The parameters and settings are displayed below the buttons.
4	Condition counter	The set condition can be tested to see the working method in the practice.
5	Delay settings	The action can be scheduled to follow the condition after the set time value.
6	Action header	If the action is set, the description (white colored text) and the exact LW3 protocol expression (yellow colored text) can be seen. If the advanced mode was used, the description is "Custom action".
7	Action panel	The Wizard, the Advanced or the Link tools are available to set the action. The parameters and settings are displayed below the buttons.
8	Action test	The set action can be tested to see the working method in the practice.

5.8.2. Create or Modify an Event

Wizard Mode

The wizard mode lists the most common conditions and act user does not have to look for LW3 nodes and properties.

- Step 1. Click on the Edit button of the desired Event; the Event editor is displayed.
- Step 2. The wizard mode is displayed by default. Select the desired Category first (e.g. Audio or Video).
- Step 3. Select the desired Expression from the drop-down menu. If any other parameter is necessary to be set, it is going to be displayed.
- Step 4. Press the Apply button to store the settings of the Condition.

Condition				
Category	Expression	Ports		
	Select button is pressed			
General	OPT link state changes to Connected			
	OPT link state changes to Disconnected			
	Signal is detected on a port	11, 12, 01, 02		
	Signal is not detected on a port	11, 12, 01, 02		
Video	Signal type changes to DVI	11, 12, 01, 02		
VILLEO	Signal type changes to HDMI	11, 2, 01, 02		
	Signal type changes to Undefined (no signal)	11, 12, 01, 02		
Action				
Category	Expression	Input	Output	
Video	Switch input to output	11, 12	01, 02	
	Enable autoselect on output		01, 02	
	Disable autoselect on output		01, 02	
	Mute input	11, 12		
	Mute output		01, 02	
	Unmute input	l1, l2		
	Unmute output		01, 02	
		Port	Message	
RS-232	Send RS-232 message	P1		
		Source EDID	Destination EDI	
		F1-146	_	
EDID	Switch EDID	D1-2	E1, E2	
		U1-14		

tions,	so	the
--------	----	-----

CONDITION		
Video signal is /MEDIA/VIDEC	detected on I2 I/I2.SignalPresen	
Wizard	Advanced	Link
Category		
Video -		
Expression		
Signal is detec	ted on a port	-
Port		
12 -		

	Conditions and actions in wizard mode in th	e receiver	
Condition			
Category	Expression	Ports	
	Function button is pressed		
General	OPT link state changes to Connected		
	OPT link state changes to Disconnected		
	Signal is detected on a port	11, 01, 02, 03	8
	Signal is not detected on a port	11, 01, 02, 03	8
Video	Signal type changes to DVI	11, 01, 02, 03	}
	Signal type changes to HDMI	11, 01, 02, 03	
	Signal type changes to Undefined (no signal)	11, 01, 02, 03	
Action			
Category	Expression	Input	Output
Video	Switch input to output	11	01, 02, 03
	Enable autoselect on output		01, 02, 03
	Disable autoselect on output		01, 02, 03
	Mute input	1	
	Mute output		01, 02, 03
	Unmute input	11	
	Unmute output		01, 02, 03
		Port	Message
RS-232	Send RS-232 message	P1	
		Source EDID	Destination EDID
		F1-146	
EDID	Switch EDID	D1-2	E1
		U1-14	

Advanced Mode

The goal of this mode is the same as that of the wizard: set the properties and methods for conditions and actions. The difference is the number of the available and usable properties and methods of the LW3 protocol. Advanced mode allows almost all of it.

- Step 1. Click on the Edit button of the desired Event; the Event editor is displayed.
- Step 2. The wizard mode is the default, press the Advanced button. The LW3 protocol tree is displayed, showing the list of the properties in the drop-down menu. Navigate to the desired node.
- Step 3. Select the desired Property from the menu. The manual of the property is displayed below to help select the necessary property and set the value.
- Step 4. Set the desired value and operator, then press the Apply button to store the settings.

The Link Tool

The interface allows creating more actions for the same condition. In that case, a condition can trigger more actions. To set such an Event, the Link tool has been introduced.

- Step 1. Click on the Edit button of the desired Event; the Event editor is displayed.
- Step 2. The wizard mode is displayed by default, press the Link button.
- Step 3. All the saved Events are analyzed and the conditions are listed (it takes a few seconds to finish). The Show advanced expressions option allows showing the exact path and set the value of the given property.
- Step 4. Select the desired Condition and press the Apply button to store the settings.

CONDITION	
/ideo signal is detected on O1 MEDIA/VIDEO/O1.SignalPresen	t=1
Wizard Advanced	Link
lode MEDIA/VIDEO/01	Property SignalPresent
▼ 🚔 / ▼ 🚔 MEDIA	["0" "1" "F"] Indica on the port (0=not p F=unknown)
VIDEO	Operator

CONDI	TION	
Empty	condition condition	
N	izard Advanced	d Link
⊘ Sh	ow advanced expressi	ions
ID	Event name	Condition
E1	Event1	Video signal is detected on I2

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5.8.3. Special Tools and Accessories

The Name of the Event

The name of a port can be changed by typing the new name and clicking on the **Set name** button. The following characters are allowed when namina:

Letters (A-Z) and (a-z), numbers (0-9), special characters: hyphen (-), underscore (_), and space ().

Enable or Disable an Event

The set Event can be enabled or disabled in the Event list or directly in the Event editor window by setting the tick mark beside the name.

Testing the Condition

When the desired Condition is arranged, the setting can be tested. The Event list and the Event editor contains a small panel that shows whether the set condition is detected and if so, how many times. The **Counter** can be reset by the button in Event editor. If the Condition is true, the detected mark turns areen for two seconds and the Counter is increased.

Testing the Action

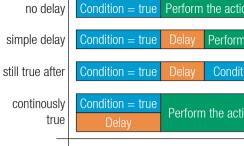
The method is the same as testing the Condition, but in this case, the Action can be triggered manually by pressing the **Test** button.

TIPS AND TRICKS: The Test button is also placed on the Action panel in the Event list. Thus, you can check the Actions without opening the Event editor.

Delay the Action

In most cases the Action is performed immediately after the Condition is detected. But sometimes a delay is necessary between the Condition and the Action. Therefore, the new Event manager contains the Delay panel, which allows that feature with the settings below:

- No delay: when the Condition is detected, the Action is launched.
- Simple delay: when the Condition is detected, the Action is launched after the set time interval.
- Still true after: when the Condition is detected, the Action is launched after the set time interval only if the Condition still exists.
- Continuously true: when the Condition is detected, the Action is launched after the set time interval only if the Condition has been existing continuously.



The Available Delay Settings of an Event

TIPS AND TRICKS: the **Show advanced expressions** option is a useful tool when you look for the path or value of a property, but just the expression is displayed. The option is available in the Event list window or when the Link tool is used.

5.8.4. Clear One or More Event(s)

Clear an Event

Press the **Clear** button in the Event list or in the header section in the Event editor.

Clear all Events

When all the Events must be cleared, press the Load factory defaults button above the Event list. You will be prompted to confirm the process.

5.8.5. Export and Import Events

The feature allows saving all the Events. The backup file can be uploaded to the same device type.

Export all the Events

Step 1. Press the Export button above the Event list.

Step 2. The Save as dialog box will appear. Set the desired folder and file name, then press the Save button. The generated file is a simple text file, which contains LW3 protocol commands. The file can be viewed by

a simple text editor, e.g. Notepad.

ATTENTION! Editing the file is recommended only for expert users.

Import all the Events

Step 1. Press the Import button above the Event list.

Step 2. The Open dialog box will appear. Select the desired folder and file, then press the Open button.

on	
n the action	
tion = true	Perform the action
ion	Time

5.9. Settings Menu

5.9.1. Status Tab

The most important hardware and software related information can be found on this tab: hardware and firmware version, serial numbers, temperatures, operation time, voltage information, and fan status. Device label can be changed to a unique description by the Set button.

Status Retw	ork 🚺 Front Panel 🚺 Backup 🗏 Syste	em	
ral		Remote	
oduct name	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO	Remote device	HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PRO
AC address	a8:d2:36:f0:50:92	Remote serial	00005094
ardware version	V11_AAA0	Operation	
evice label	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220 Set	System uptime	35 days 02h 01m 50s
irt number	91550045	Operation time	556 days 04h 46m 47s
rial number	00005092	High temperature operation time	0 days 00h 00m 00s
ont panel HW version	V10_CAB0	Package version	1.2.0b10 r68
itton lock	0	Firmware version	
		Package version	1.2.0b10 r68
		CPU firmware version	1.2.0b10 r51
		Video MCU #1 version	1.1.3b1 r38
		Video MCU #2 version	1.1.3b1 r38
		Temperatures	
		CPU temperature	59 °C (20 °C min, 69 °C max)
		System temperature	59 °C (22 °C min, 69 °C max)
		Air intake temperature	48 °C (20 °C min, 54.99 °C max)
		Video chip temperature	50.66 °C (17 °C min, 67.99 °C max)
		Ethernet switch temperature	51 °C (17 °C min, 56.98 °C max)
		Video MCU #1 temperature	54 °C (20 *C min, 68.99 *C max)
		Video MCU #2	

5.9.2. Network Tab

IP address and DHCP settings can be set on this tab. Always press the Apply changes button to save changes. Factory default settings can be recalled with a dedicated button. #network

LIGHTWARE	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PR	0	Crosspoint	÷
Status Retwork	k 🖪 Front Panel	Backup	System	
General				
Current IP address		172.24.5.24		
Current subnet mask		255.255.0.0		
Current gateway address		172.24.0.1		
Obtain IP address automatic	cally (DHCP, AutoIP)	\oslash		
Static IP address		172.24.5.24		
Static subnet mask		255.255.0.0		
Static gateway address		172.24.0.1		
Apply changes		Apply changes	Cancel	Load

5.9.3. Front Panel Tab

Certain settings in connection with the front panel LCD are available in the LDC as well.

-PRO	Crosspoint	
🚺 Backu	p 🗐 System	
10		
\odot		
Ø 🔋	When Dark mode is enabled, all LED)s
Ø		
	10 ② ② ①	10 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

- LCD brightness: the slider can be set from 0 to 10. When the value is 0, the LCD is totally dark.
- Lock front panel: disables the control functions (button and jog dial knob) on the front panel.
- Enable dark mode: enable/disable lighting of the LEDs on the front panel of transmitter. See more about the dark mode in the Front Panel Submenu section. The LEDs switch off after 60 s delay.
- Enable dark mode on a remote device*: turn on/off the lighting of the LEDs on the front panel of the receiver (which is connected directly to the transmitter via fiber). *Remote setting of the dark mode is available only in the transmitter.

5.9.4. Backup Tab

Details about this function can be found in the Configuration Cloning (Backup) section.

EDID		Control	Events	of Settings	
l factory	y defaul	ts			

EDID		Events	Settings		
on the unit switch OFF after 1 minute, if no buttons are pressed. us info on LEDs without performing the function of the button n TX and RX separately.					

5.9.5. System

LIGHTWARE	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO	Crosspoint	EDID	Control	ϕ^{ϕ} Settings	
Status Retw	ork 🖪 Front Panel 🚺 Backup	5 🗐 System				
Download system log System log						
Load factory defaults Factory defaults						
Reboot device						

Three functions are available under System tab:

Download system log - saving the log file of the device. #log #systemlog

INFO: In case of the troubleshooting process, this log file can help the Lightware Support Team to localize the problem.

- Load factory defaults recalling factory default settings and values. All factory default settings are listed in the Factory Default Settings section. #factory
- **Reboot** rebooting the system.

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5.10. Configuration Cloning (Backup)

LIGHTWARE HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO	t EDID 😓 Control 🔯 Events 🖓 Settings
Status 🖧 Network 🚺 Front Panel 🚺 Backup 🗐 System	<u> </u>
Create Device Configuration Backup File	Restore Device Configuration from Backup File
Description (optional)	Backup File
	Choose file 🖆 Start restore process
	File Analysis Results
Create a full backup	 Use IP settings from backup file Keep current IP settings Apply the following IP settings: IP address 192.168.0.100 Subnet mask 255.255.0 Default gateway 192.168.0.1 Apply DHCP IP settings
Manage stored device configurations	
Slot ID Configuration Name	Protection
Slot 1 <empty slot=""></empty>	Not protected
Slot 2 <empty slot=""></empty>	Not protected
Apply Save Save as protected Delete Upload Download	
	Advanced view

Backup tab

The configuration cloning of Lightware LW3 devices is a simple method that eliminates the need to repeatedly configure certain devices to have identical (non-factory) settings. If the devices are installed in the same type of system multiple times, then it is enough to set up only one device to fit the user's needs and then copy those settings to the others, thus saving time and resources.

Cloning Steps in a Nutshell

- Installing multiple devices with the same customized configuration settings can be done in a few easy steps:
- **Step 1.** Configure one device with all your desired settings with the LDC software.
- Step 2. Backup the full configuration file to your computer.
- Step 3. If needed, make some modifications to the configuration file using a text editor (e.g. Notepad). E.g. modifying the static IP address is needed when DHCP is not used.
- Step 4. Connect to the other device which has to be configured and upload (restore) your configuration file.
- Step 5. Done! You can have as many totally identical, customized devices as you like.

Save the Settings of the Device (Backup)

- **Step 1.** Apply the desired settings in the extender (port parameters, crosspoint, etc.)
- Step 2. Select the Settings / Backup tab from the menu.
- Step 3. Write a short description in the text box on the left (optional).
- Step 4. Press the Create a full backup button. You will be prompted to save the file to the computer. The default file name is the following:

BACKUP <DEVICE TYPE> SN<SERIAL NUMBER>.LW3

Step 5. Set the desired file name. select the folder and save the file.

TIPS AND TRICKS: Using the exact product type in the filename is recommended since it makes the file usage more comfortable.

About the Backup File

The backup file is a simple text file, which contains LW3 protocol commands. The first line is the description, and the further lines are the commands that will be executed during the restore process. The file can be viewed (and/or edited) by a simple text editor, e.g. Notepad.

ATTENTION! Editing the command lines is only recommended for expert users.

Upload the Settings to a Device (Restore)

WARNING! Please note that the settings will be permanently overwritten with the restored parameters in the device. Withdrawal is not possible.

ATTENTION! The cloning is successful when the backup file is downloaded from the same type of source device as the destination device.

The Restoring Process

Step 1. Select the Settings / Backup tab from the menu.

- Step 2. Click on the Choose file button on the right panel and browse the desired file.
- Step 3. The file is checked and the result will be displayed in the textbox below. If the file is correct, the settings can be restored.
- Step 4. Choose the IP settings that you want to use after backup. You can apply settings from the backup file, keep actual settings, set it manually in a dialog box or apply DHCP.
- Step 5. Press the Start restore process button and click on the Yes button when asked.

Create and Restore Backups from the Device Memory

HDMI20-OPTC series extenders are able to store backups in their own memory and these can be recalled from there so the user does not need to save the backup files to the local computer. Four slots are available for this purpose.

Slot ID	Configuration Name	Protection
Slot 1	Preset_0720	Not protected
Slot 2	backup_0125	Protected
Slot 3	<empty slot=""></empty>	Not protected
Slot 4	<empty slot=""></empty>	Not protected

You can save the configuration to the desired slot:

- without protection: it can be easily applied/deleted, or
- with protection: it may request a password to apply or delete the configuration.



WARNING! Loading factory default settings will erase all presets in the device memory!

5.11. Advanced View Window

LW3 protocol help		Enable editing		© Wa	arn before enable editin
< {89D6		▼≐/	Selected node: /M	IEDIA/VIDEO	
<pr media="" video.portcount="4<br">< pr /MEDIA/VIDEO.PortUi=11:01003;I2:02003;01:04021;02:03003 < pr /MEDIA/VIDEO.I1=H0MINI <td></td><td>MANAGEMENT</td><td>PortCount</td><td></td><td>Manual</td></pr>		MANAGEMENT	PortCount		Manual
<pre>< pr /MEDIA/VIDE0.II=HDMIINI < pr /MEDIA/VIDE0.II=HDMIIN2 < pr /MEDIA/VIDE0.0I=0PT0UT</pre>		SYS	PortUi	11:01003;12:02003;0	Manual
<pre>< pr /MEDIA/VIDEO.02=HDMIOUT </pre>		EVENTS	11	HDMIIN1	Manual
		PRESETS			
ns /MEDIA/VIDEO/I1		EDID	12	HDMIIN2	Manual
< ns /MEDIA/VIDEO/01 < ns /MEDIA/VIDEO/02			01		Manual
<pre>> 89D9#GET /MEDIA/VIDEO</pre>			02	HDMIOUT	Manual
		► = I1			
< } > 89DA# GET /MEDIA/VIDEO. * < {89D9		► = 12			
<pre>< n= /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP < ns /MEDIA/VIDEO/II</pre>		▶			
<pre>< ns /MEDIA/VIDEO/I2 < ns /MEDIA/VIDEO/01 </pre>		▶ ■ 02			
		UART			
		ETHERNET			
<pre>< pr /MEDIA/VIDEO.PortUi=I1:01003;I2:02003;01:04021;02:03003 < pr /MEDIA/VIDEO.I1=HDMIIN1</pre>		REMOTE			
<pre>< pr /MEDIA/VIDE0.12=HDMIIN2 < pr /MEDIA/VIDE0.01=0PT0UT</pre>					
<pre>< pr /MEDIA/VIDE0.02=HDMIOUT < }</pre>	0				
Send Clear Autoscroll I Timestamps		•			

1	LW3 protocol help	•	ton opens a help ut LW3 protocol c
2	Edit mode		earance is the read the option. You w
3	Warning mode	If this is checked	d in, a warning wii
4	Terminal window	command starts The color of eac content of the w	responses with t s with '>' characte h item depends c indow can be em is scrolled auton
5	Command line	• •	d command and e are not escaped
6	Protocol tree	LW3 protocol tre	e; select an item
7	Node list		parameters and n the protocol tre atically. Manual (short o displayed in the
		Set button:	Saves the value/
		Call button:	Calls the method

#advancedview #terminal

- woindow, which describes the most important commands in HTML format.
- ad-only mode. If you want to modify the values or will be prompted to confirm your selection.
- vindow pops up when you enable Edit mode.
- a time and date are listed in this window. A sent ter, a received response starts with '<' character. on the type of the command and response. The mptied by the **Clear** button. If the **Autoscroll** option omatically when a new line is added.
- execute it by the **Send** button. The commands I automatically.
- to see its content.
- I nodes are shown that are connected to the cree. The commands typed in these fields are
- description) of the node can be called and e terminal window.
- e/parameter typed in the textbox.
- od, e.g. reloads factory default settings.



LW3 Programmers' Reference

The device can be controlled through Lightware 3 (LW3) protocol commands to ensure the compatibility with other Lightware products. The supported LW3 commands are described in this chapter.

- OVERVIEW
- ► INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE TERMINAL APPLICATION USAGE
- PROTOCOL RULES
- SYSTEM COMMANDS
- ► VIDEO PORT AND CROSSPOINT SETTINGS
- EVENT MANAGER BASICS
- EVENT MANAGER TOOL KIT
- ETHERNET PORT CONFIGURATION
- ETHERNET MESSAGE SENDING
- SENDING MESSAGE VIA THE COMMUNICATION PORTS
- ► RS-232 PORT CONFIGURATION
- RS-232 MESSAGE SENDING
- EDID MANAGEMENT
- LW3 COMMANDS QUICK SUMMARY

6.1. Overview

The Lightware Protocol #3 (LW3) is implemented in almost all new Lightware devices (matrix switchers, signal extenders and distribution amplifiers) since 2012. The protocol is ASCII-based and all commands are terminated with a carriage return (Cr, '\r') and line feed (Lf, '\n') pair. It is organized as a tree structure that provides outstanding flexibility and user-friendly handling with 'nodes', 'properties' and 'methods'. The Advanced View of the Lightware Device Controller software is the perfect tool for browsing and learning how the LW3 protocol can be used in practice.

6.2. Instructions for the Terminal Application Usage

Terminal Application

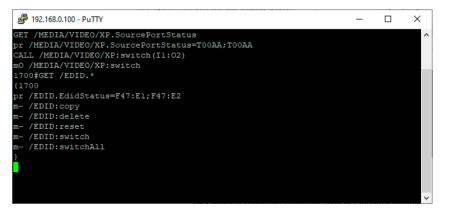
The LW3 protocol commands can be applied to the receiver using a terminal application. You need to install one of them on your control device, for example Putty or CLI. #terminal

Establishing Connection

Follow the steps to establish connection to the receiver:

- Step 1. Connect the receiver to a LAN over Ethernet.
- **Step 2.** Open the terminal application (e.g. Putty).
- Step 3. Add the IP address of the device (default: 192.168.0.100) and the port number (6107).
- Step 4. Select the Raw connection type, and open the connection.

Once the terminal window is opened, you can enter the LW3 protocol commands, which are listed in the following sections.

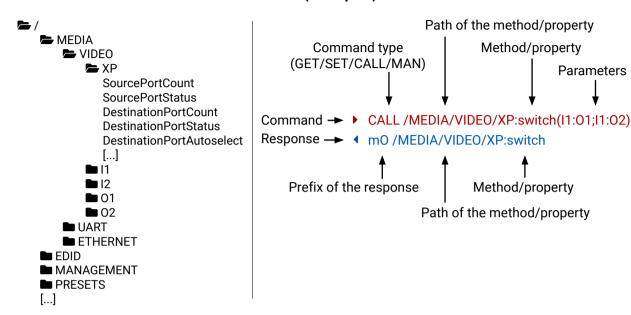


LW3 protocol command communication in a terminal window

Session	Basic options for your PuTTY session				
Logging Terminal Keyboard	Specify the destination you want to o Host <u>N</u> ame (or IP address)	connect to <u>P</u> ort 6107			
Bell Features Vindow Appearance Behaviour Translation For Selection	Connection type: ● Raw ◯ Ielnet ◯ Rlogin ◯ SSH ◯ Serial				
	Load, save or delete a stored session Sav <u>e</u> d Sessions				
Colours Connection	Default Settings	Load			
Data		Sa <u>v</u> e			
Proxy Telnet Rlogin		<u>D</u> elete			
in SSH Serial	Close window on e <u>xi</u> t:	y on clean exit			

6.3. Protocol Rules

6.3.1. LW3 Tree Structure and Command Structure (examples)



6.3.2. General Rules

- All names and parameters are case-sensitive.
- The nodes are separated by a slash ('/') character.
- The node name can contain the elements of the English alphabet and numbers.
- The length of a line (command/response, command type/prefix, path, method/property and parameters together) can be max. 800 bytes.
- The command lines have to be closed by Carriage return and Line Feed (CrLf)
- Use the TCP port no. 6107 when using LW3 protocol over Ethernet.
- When a command is issued by the device, the received response cannot be processed by the CPU.
- The node paths describe the exact location of the node, listing each parent node up to the root.

6.3.3. Command Types

GET command

The **GET** command can be used to get the child nodes, properties and methods of a specific node. It can also be used to get the value of a property. Use the dot character (.) when addressing a property:

- ▶ GET /.SerialNumber
- pr /.SerialNumber=87654321

GETALL command

The **GETALL** command can be used to get all child nodes, properties and methods of a node with one command.

- ▶ GETALL /MEDIA/UART
- Ins /MEDIA/UART/P1
- Ins /MEDIA/UART/P2
- pr /MEDIA/UART.PortCount=2
- pr /MEDIA/UART.PortUi=P1:12209;P2:12224
- pr /MEDIA/UART.P1=Local RS-232
- pr /MEDIA/UART.P2=TPS out RS-232

SET command

The **SET** command can be used to modify the value of a property. Use the dot character (.) when addressing the property:

- SET /MEDIA/VIDEO/I1.ColorSpaceMode=0
- pw /MEDIA/VIDEO/I1.ColorSpaceMode=0

CALL command

A method can be invoked by the CALL command. Use the colon character (:) when addressing the method:

- CALL /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch(I1:01)
- MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch

MAN command

The manual is a human readable text that describes the syntax and provides a hint on how to use the primitives. For every node, property and method in the tree there is a manual; type the MAN command to get the manual:

- MAN /MEDIA/VIDEO/01.Pwr5vMode
- pm /MEDIA/VIDEO/01.Pwr5vMode ["0" | "1" | "2"] 0 Auto, 1 Always On, 2 Always Off

6.3.4. Prefix Summary

DEFINITION: The prefix is a 2-character-long code that describes the type of the response. The following prefixes are defined in the LW3 protocol:

Prefix	Description
n-	a node
nE	an error for a node
nm	a manual for a node
ns	symlink node
nv	virtual node
nr	remote node
pr	a read-only property
pw	read-write property
pm	a manual for the property
m-	a method
m0	a response after a success method execution
mF	a response after a failed method execution
mE	an error for a method
mm	a manual for a method
рE	an error for the property

6.3.5. Error Messages

There are several error messages defined in the LW3 protocol, all of them have a unique error number.

- CALL /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch(IA:01)
- ME /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch %E004:Invalid value

6.3.6. Escaping

DEFINITION: An escape sequence is a sequence of characters that does not represent itself when used inside a character or string literal, but is translated into another character or a sequence of characters.

Property values and method parameters can contain characters that are used as control characters in the protocol. They must be escaped. The escape character is the backslash ('\') and escaping means injecting a backslash before the character that should be escaped (like in C language).

Control characters are the following: $\ \{$	} # % () \r \n \t
--	---------	------------

The original message:	CALL /MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMe
The escaped message:	CALL /MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMe

essage(Set(01)) essage(Set\(01\))

6.3.7. Signature

DEFINITION: The signature is a four-digit-long hexadecimal value that can be optionally placed before every command to keep a command and the corresponding responses together as a group.

Each line is terminated with carriage return (Cr, '\r') and line feed (Lf, '\n') characters. In several cases the number of the lines in the response cannot be determined in advance, e.g. the client intends to receive the whole response and also wants to be sure that the received lines belong together and to the same command. In these cases a special feature, the 'signature' can be used. The response to that particular command will also be preceded by the signature, and the corresponding lines will be between brackets:

- ▶ 1700#GET /EDID.*
- **4** {1700
- pr /EDID.EdidStatus=D1:E1;D1:E2
- ◀ m- /EDID:copy
- ◀ m- /EDID:delete
- m-/EDID:reset
- m-/EDID:switch
- Method Method

INFO: The lines of the signature are also Cr and Lf terminated.

6.3.8. Subscription

DEFINITION: Subscription to a node means that the user will get a notification if a property of the node changes.

A user can subscribe to any node. These notifications are asynchronous messages and are useful to keep the client application up to date without having to periodically poll the node to detect a changed property. When the user does not want to be informed about the changes anymore, he can simply unsubscribe from the node.

ATTENTION! The subscriptions are handled separately for connections. Hence, if the connection is terminated, all registered subscriptions are deleted. After reopening a connection all subscribe commands have to be sent in order to get the notifications of the changes on that connection.

Subscribe to a Node

- ▶ OPEN /MEDIA/VIDEO
- o- /MEDIA/VIDEO

Subscribe to Multiple Nodes

- OPEN /MEDIA/VIDEO/*
- o- /MEDIA/VIDEO/*

Unsubscribe from a Node

- CLOSE / MEDIA / VIDEO
- c-/MEDIA/VIDEO

Get the Active Subscriptions

- OPEN
- o- /MEDIA/VIDEO
- o- /EDID
- o- /DISCOVERY

Unsubscribe from Multiple Nodes

CLOSE /MEDIA/VIDEO/*
 c- /MEDIA/VIDEO/*

6.3.9. Notifications about the Changes of the Properties

When the value of a property is changed and the user is subscribed to the node that the property belongs to, an asynchronous notification is generated. This notification is called the 'change message'. The format of such a message is very similar to the response for the **GET** command:

CHG /EDID.EdidStatus=F48:E1

A Short Example of How to Use the Subscription

There are two independent users controlling the device through two independent connections (**Connection #1** and **Connection #2**). The events in the rows occur after each other.

- OPEN /MEDIA/AUDIO/03
- o- /MEDIA/AUDIO/03
 GET /MEDIA/AUDIO/03.VolumePercent
 pw /MEDIA/AUDIO/03.VolumePercent=100.00
 GET /MEDIA/AUDIO/03.VolumePercent
 pw /MEDIA/AUDIO/03.VolumePercent=100.00
 SET /MEDIA/AUDIO/03.VolumePercent=50.00
- pw /MEDIA/AUDIO/03.VolumePercent=50.00
- CHG /MEDIA/AUDIO/03.VolumePercent=50.00

Explanation: The first user (**Connection #1**) set a subscription to a node. Later the other user (**Connection #2**) made a change, and thanks to the subscription, the first user got a notification about the change.

6.3.10. Legend for the Control Commands

Format	Dese
<in></in>	Input port number
<out></out>	Output port number
<port></port>	Input or output port number
< 0C>	Location number
<parameter></parameter>	Specific property that is defined and descri
<expression></expression>	Batched parameters: the underline means t placed by using a semicolon, e.g. 12;14;15 or
•	Sent command
4	Received response
•	Space character

connection #1

connection #2

connection #1

scription

ibed in the command

that more expressions or parameters can be F27:E1;F47:E2

6.4. System Commands

6.4.1. Querying the Product Name

The name of the product is a read-only parameter and cannot be modified.

Command and Response

- ► GET•/.ProductName
- pr•/.ProductName=<Product_name>

Example

- GET /.ProductName
- pr /.ProductName=HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO

6.4.2. Setting the Device Label

ATTENTION! The device label can be changed to a custom text, which is displayed in many windows of the LDC. This writable parameter is not the same as the ProductName parameter. The default format of the device label is the following: LW_<product_name>_<serial_no>.

Command and Response #devicelabel #label

- SET•/MANAGEMENT/UID/DeviceLabel=<Custom_name>
- pw•/MANAGEMENT/UID/DeviceLabel=<Custom_name>

The Device Label can be 39 characters long and ASCII characters are allowed. Longer names are truncated.

Example

- SET /MANAGEMENT/UID.DeviceLabel=HDM20-OPTC_Control_room
- pw /MANAGEMENT/UID.DeviceLabel=HDM20-OPTC_Control_room

6.4.3. Querying the Serial Number

Command and Response #serialnumber

- GET•/.SerialNumber
- pr•/.SerialNumber=<serial_nr>

Example

- ► GET /.SerialNumber
- pr /.SerialNumber=92345083

6.4.4. Querying the Firmware Version

Command and Response #firmwareversion

- GET•/SYS/MB.FirmwareVersion
- pr•/SYS/MB.FirmwareVersion=<firmware_version>

Example

- GET /SYS/MB.FirmwareVersion
- pr /SYS/MB.FirmwareVersion=1.2.0b10 r9

6.4.5. Resetting the Extender

The extender can be restarted - the current connections (LAN, RS-232) will be terminated.

Command and Response #reboot #restart

- CALL•/SYS:reset()
- mO•/SYS:reset=

Example

- CALL /SYS:reset()
- MO /SYS:reset=

6.4.6. Restoring the Factory Default Settings

Command and Response #factory

- CALL•/SYS:factoryDefaults()
- mO•/SYS:factoryDefaults=

Example

- CALL /SYS:factoryDefaults()
- m0 /SYS:factoryDefaults=

6.4.7. Locking the Front Panel

Command and Response

- SET•/MANAGEMENT/UI.ControlLock=<lock_status>
- pw•/MANAGEMENT/UI.ControlLock=<lock_status>

Example

- SET /MANAGEMENT/UI.ControlLock=1
- pw /MANAGEMENT/UI.ControlLock=1

Parameters

Parameter	Parameter description	Value	Value description
<lock_status></lock_status>	Locking setting of the front panel	0: None	All functions of the front panel button are enabled
	1: Locked 2: Force		The front panel button is locked.
			The front panel button is locked and unlocking is only possible via protocol command.

6.4.8. Enabling Dark Mode

Command and Response

- SET•/MANAGEMENT/UI.DARKMODE.DarkModeEnable=<dark_mode_status>
- pw•/MANAGEMENT/UI.DARKMODE.DarkModeEnable=<dark_mode_status>

Parameters

If the <dark_mode_status> parameter is **true**, the LEDs and the brightness of the LCD display on the extender are turned on. If the parameter is **false**, the LEDs and the brightness of the LCD display on the extender are turned off.

Example

- SET /MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.DarkModeEnable=true
- pw /MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.DarkModeEnable=true

6.4.9. Setting the Dark Mode Delay

The LEDs turn off after the dark mode is enabled. The delay time can be set (the default value is 60s).

Command and Response

- SET•/MANAGEMENT/UI.DARKMODE.DarkModeDelay=<delay_sec>
- pw•/MANAGEMENT/UI.DARKMODE.DarkModeDelay=<delay_sec>

Example

- SET /MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.DarkModeDelay=10
- pw /MANAGEMENT/UI/DARKMODE.DarkModeDelay=10

6.4.10. Setting the Dark Mode on the Remote Device

INFO: This command is available for the transmitter.

Dark mode on the receiver can be activated by sending a command to the transmitter.

Command and Response

- SET•/REMOTE/D1.DarkModeEnable=<dark_mode_status>
- pw•/REMOTE/D1.DarkModeEnable=<dark_mode_status>

Parameters

If the <dark_mode_status> parameter is **true**, the LEDs on the receiver are turned on. If the parameter is **false**, the LEDs on the receiver are turned off.

Example

- SET /REMOTE/D1.DarkModeEnable=true
- pw /REMOTE/D1.DarkModeEnable=true

6.4.11. Setting the Rotary Direction of the Jog Dial Knob

Command and Response

- SET•/MANAGEMENT/UI.RotaryDirection=<direction>
- pw•/MANAGEMENT/UI.RotaryDirection=<direction>

Parameters

If the <direction> parameter is **0**, the rotary direction of the knob is clockwise. If the parameter is **1**, the rotary direction of the knob is counterclockwise.

Example

- SET /MANAGEMENT/UI.RotaryDirection=0
- pw /MANAGEMENT/UI.RotaryDirection=0

\$> >

6.5. Video Port and Crosspoint Settings

6.5.1. Querying the Crosspoint Setting

Command and Response #crosspoint

- GET•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationConnectionList
- pr•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationConnectionList=<out1_state>;<out2_state>

Example

- GET /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationConnectionList
- pr /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationConnectionList=I1;I1
- I1 input port is connected to all output ports.

6.5.2. Switching Video Input

Command and Response #switch

- CALL•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch(<in>:<out>)
- MO•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch(I1:01)
- MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch

6.5.3. Muting an Input Port

Command and Response #mute

- CALL•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:muteSource(<in>)
- mO•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:muteSource

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:muteSource(I1)
- m0 /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:muteSource

6.5.4. Unmuting an Input Port

Command and Response #unmute

- CALL•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:unmuteSource(<in>)
- mO•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:unmuteSource

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:unmuteSource(I1)
- m0 /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:unmuteSource

6.5.5. Locking an Input Port

Command and Response #lock

- CALL•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:lockSource(<in>)
- MO•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:lockSource

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:lockSource(I1)
- m0 /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:lockSource

6.5.6. Unlocking an Input Port

Command and Response #unlock

- CALL•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:unlockSource(<in>)
- mO•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:unlockSource

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:unlockSource(I1)
- m0 /MEDIA/VIDE0/XP:unlockSource

6.5.7. Setting the HDCP

This setting allows to send non-encrypted content to a non-HDCP compliant display. See more information in the HDCP Management section. #hdcp

Command and Response

- SET•/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>.HdcpVersion=<hdcp_version>
- pw•/MEDIA/VIDEO/<in>.HdcpVersion=<hdcp_version>

Parameters

Parameter	Parameter description	Value	
<hdcp_version></hdcp_version>	The encryption level of the	0	D
	video	1	A
		2	A

Example

- SET /MEDIA/VIDEO/I1.HdcpVersion=0
- pw /MEDIA/VIDEO/I1.HdcpVersion=0

Value descriptionDisable HDCP on inputAllow HDCP 1.4 onlyAllow HDCP 2.2 and HDCP 1.4

6.5.8. Querying the Status of Source Ports

Command and Response *#portstatus*

- ► GET•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.SourcePortStatus
- pr•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.SourcePortStatus=<in1_state>;<in2_state>

The response contains 5 ASCII characters for each port. The first character indicates the mute/lock state, the next four characters represent a 2-byte HEX code, showing the current state of the input ports.

Example

- ► GET /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.SourcePortStatus
- pr /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.SourcePortStatus=T008F;T008A

Parameters

L	_etter (Char	acter 1)		TOOEF
	Mute state	Lock state		
Т	Unmuted	Unlocked	Letter	Mute / Lock status
L	Unmuted	Locked	Byte 1 {	Reserved character, always 0.
М	Muted	Unlocked	Byte 2	Embedded audio / HDCP status
U	Muted	Locked	Byle 2	Signal present / Connection status 🗲

		Byt	:e 1		Byte 2				
	Character 2		Character 3		Character 4		Character 5		
	BIT 7-6	BIT 5-4	BIT 3-2	BIT 1-0	BIT 7-6	BIT 5-4	BIT 3-2	BIT 1-0	
	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Embedded audio status	HDCP status	Signal present status	Connection status	
0 0					Unknown				
01					Rese	erved			
10	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No embedded audio	Not encrypted	No signal	Not connected	
11					Embedded audio presents	Encrypted	Signal presents	Connected	

Example and Explanation (T008F):

Т	()	()	8	3	I	=
Unlocked,	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	10	00	11	11
Unmuted	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No embedded audio	Unknown	Signal presents	Connected

The Most Common Received Port Status Responses

	Т	()	()	A		4	4
T00AA	Unlocked.	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	10	10	10	10
	Unmuted	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No embedded audio	Not encrypted	No signal	Not connected
	Т	()	()	A	l l	E	3
T00AB	Unlocked.	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	10	10	10	11
	Unmuted	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No embedded audio	Not encrypted	No signal	Connected
	Т	()	(0			F	
T00AF	Unlocked.	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	10	10	11	11
	Unmuted	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No embedded audio	Not encrypted	Signal presents	Connected
	Т	()	()	E		F	
T00EF	Unlocked.	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	11	10	11	11
IUULI	Unmuted								
	Unmuted	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Embedded audio presents	Not encrypted	Signal presents	Connected
	Unmuted	Reserved		Reserved			encrypted	-	
TOOBE	Т					audio presents	encrypted	presents	
TOOBF		()	()	audio presents	encrypted	presents	-
TOOBF	T Unlocked,	00	0 0 Reserved	00	0 0 Reserved	audio presents 1 0 No embedded	encrypted 1 1 Encrypted	presents 1 1 Signal 1	1 1 Connected
TOOBF	T Unlocked, Unmuted	0 0 Reserved	0 0 Reserved	0 0 Reserved	0 0 Reserved	audio presents 1 0 No embedded audio	encrypted 1 1 Encrypted	presents 1 1 Signal presents	1 1 Connected

6.5.9. Querying the Status of Destination Ports

Command and Response #portstatus

- GET•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationPortStatus
- pr•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationPortStatus=<out1_state>;<out2_state>

The response contains 5 ASCII characters for each port. The first character indicates the mute/lock state, the next 2-byte long HEX code shows the current state of the output port.

Parameters

See the previous section.

Example

- GET /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationPortStatus
- pr /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationPortStatus=T008E;M008E

Example and Explanation (M008E)

М	0		0 0		8		E	
Unlocked,	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	10	00	11	10
Muted	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	No embedded audio	Unknown	Signal presents	Connected

6.5.10. Querying the Video Autoselect Settings

Command and Response #autoselect

- GET•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationPortAutoselect
- pr•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationPortAutoselect=<out1_set>;<out2_set>

The response shows the settings of Output 1 and Output 2.

Parameters

Parameter	Parameter description	Value	Value description
<out#_set></out#_set>	Two-letter code of the Autoselect settings	1 st letter	E: Autoselect is enabled D: Autoselect is disabled
		2 nd letter	 F: First detect mode: the first active video input is selected. P: Priority detect: it is always the highest priority active video input that will be selected. L: Last detect: it is always the last attached input that is automatically switched to the output.

Example

- GET /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationPortAutoselect
- pr /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationPortAutoselect=EP;EP

EP: the Autoselect is Enabled on Output 1 and Output 2, selected mode is Priority detect.

6.5.11. Changing the Autoselect Mode

Command and Response

- CALL•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:setDestinationPortAutoselect(<out>:<out_set>)
- mO•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.setDestinationPortAutoselect

Parameters

See the previous legend.

Example1

- CALL /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:setDestinationPortAutoselect(02:D)
- m0 /MEDIA/VIDE0/XP:setDestinationPortAutoselect

D: the Autoselect is disabled on output 2.

Example2

- CALL /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:setDestinationPortAutoselect(01:EF)
- mO /MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:setDestinationPortAutoselect

EF: First priority detect is set on output 1.

6.5.12. Setting the Output Conversion Mode

INFO: This command is available on the O1 output of the HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PRO model.

Command and Response

- SET•/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.Conversion=<conversion mode>
- pW•/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.Conversion=<conversion_mode>

Parameters

Parameter	Parameter description	Val
<conversion_mode></conversion_mode>	The conversion mode of	OF
	the video	42
		LEF
		RIG

Example

- SET /MEDIA/VIDEO/01.Conversion=420
- pW /MEDIA/VIDEO/01.Conversion=420

The HDMI signal on the O1A and O1B of the receiver is downsampled to YCbCr 4:2:0. For more information, see the Output Conversion Modes section.

lue Value description FF No conversion (transparent) Converts to YCbCr 4:2:0 20 EFT Split mode, output on the left side GHT Split mode, output on the right side

6.5.13. Setting the Output Conversion Mode of the Remote Device

INFO: This command is available in transmitters.

Output conversion mode on the O1A and O1B ports of the receiver can be also set by sending a command to the transmitter.

Command and Response

- SET•/REMOTE/D1.Conversion=<conversion_mode>
- pw•/REMOTE/D1.Conversion=<conversion_mode>

Parameters

See the previous section.

Example

- SET /REMOTE/D1.Conversion=LEFT

The HDMI signal is split on the O1A (left) and O1B (right) ports of the receiver. For more information, see the Output Conversion Modes section.

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6.6. Event Manager Basics

The graphical interface of the Event Manager can be found in the LDC, which allows creating any kind of Events. In certain cases, the Events have to be arranged or modified by LW3 commands from another device. These commands are detailed in the coming sections.

6.6.1. How to arrange an Event?

The following are necessary to have a successful event:

- Defining the Condition
- Defining the Action
- Setting the Delay (optional)
- Name the Event and set to Enabled. (Setting the Event to Enabled as the last step is recommended.)

Command and Response

- SET·/EVENTS/E<loc>.Condition=<expression>
- pw·/EVENTS/E<loc>.Condition=<expression>

Parameters

The structure of the <expression> is: <node_path>.<property>=<value>.

Example 1 – property changes to a set value

- SET /EVENTS/E1.Condition=/MEDIA/VIDEO/I1.SignalPresent=1
- pw /EVENTS/E1.Condition=/MEDIA/VIDEO/I1.SignalPresent=1

The Condition is fulfilled if the SignalPresent property changes to '1'.

Example 2 – property changes anything but the set value

In some cases, the opposite is necessary: when the property is **not** equal to the value. If you need so, the **ConditionInverted** property must be set to **true**:

- SET /EVENTS/E2.Condition=/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.ConnectedSource=I1
- pw /EVENTS/E2.Condition=/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.ConnectedSource=I1
- SET /EVENTS/E2.ConditionInverted=true
- pw /EVENTS/E2.ConditionInverted=true

The Condition is fulfilled if the **ConnectedSource** property does not equal to '11' (in other words: if other input port is connected to 01 than 11).

6.6.2. Setting a Condition by Linking Another Condition

Command and Response

- SET·/EVENTS/E<loc>.Condition=<event nr>
- ◆ pw·/EVENTS/E<loc>.Condition=<event nr>

Parameters

The <event_nr> means the number (location) of the linked event without letter 'E'.

Example

- SET /EVENTS/E2.Condition=1
- pw /EVENTS/E2.Condition=1

The Condition of the E2 Event is set to be the same as set at the E1 Event.

6.6.3. Setting an Action by Specifying a Direct Path

Command and Response

- SET·/EVENTS/E<loc>.Action=<expression>
- pw·/EVENTS/E<loc>.Action=<expression>

Parameters

The structure of the <expression> is: <node_path>.<property_or_method>=<value>. Properties and methods are handled in the same way: dot (.) stands after the path in both cases, colon (:) is not used. Do not use brackets for methods. The <value> parameter is optional in case of certain methods.

Example

- SET /EVENTS/E1.Action=/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.switch=I4:01
- pw /EVENTS/E1.Action=/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.switch=I4:01

6.6.4. Setting an Action by Linking Another Action

Command and Response

- ► SET·/EVENTS/E<loc>.Action=<event nr>
- ✓ pw·/EVENTS/E<loc>.Action=<event_nr>

Parameters

The <event_nr> means the number (location) of the linked event without letter 'E'.

Example

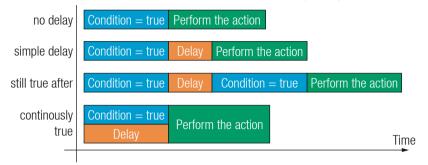
- SET /EVENTS/E2.Action=1
- pw /EVENTS/E2.Action=1

The Action of the E2 Event is set to be the same as set at the E1 Event.

6.7. Event Manager Tool Kit

6.7.1. Setting the Delay

In most cases, the Action is performed immediately after the Condition is detected. But sometimes a delay is necessary between the Condition and the Action, thus the following delay options are defined:



Command and Response (summary)

- SET·/EVENTS/E<loc>.ConditionTimeout=<time>
- pw·/EVENTS/E<loc>.ConditionTimeout=<time>
- SET·/EVENTS/E<loc>.ConditionEndCheck=<true/false>
- pw·/EVENTS/E<loc>.ConditionEndCheck=<true/false>
- SET·/EVENTS/E<loc>.ConditionTimeoutContinuous=<true/false>
- pw·/EVENTS/E<loc>.ConditionTimeoutContinuous=<true/false>

Parameters

The <time> parameter means seconds. Set the following properties for the desired delay type:

Delay type	Properties to set	Value	Result
no delay	/EVENTS/E <loc>.ConditionTimeout</loc>	0	The Action will be lanuched after the Condition is detected.
simple delay	/EVENTS/E <loc>.ConditionTimeout</loc>	<time></time>	If the Condition is detected, the action will be launched after the set time.
still true after	/EVENTS/E <loc>.ConditionTimeout</loc>	<time></time>	The Condition is fulfilled only
	/EVENTS/E <loc>.ConditionEndCheck</loc>	true	if is detected after the set time again .
continuously	/EVENTS/E <loc>.ConditionTimeout</loc>	<time></time>	The Condition is fulfilled only if
true	/EVENTS/E <loc>.ConditionEndCheck</loc>	true	it is existing continuously during the set time.
	/EVENTS/E <loc>.ConditionTimeoutContinuous</loc>	true	the set time.

Example 1 (simple delay)

- SET /EVENTS/E1.ConditionTimeout=10
- pw /EVENTS/E1.ConditionTimeout=10

If the Condition is detected (the **ConditionDetect** property becomes **true**), the **ConditionTimeoutPending** property becomes true. 10 seconds later the ConditionTimeoutPending property becomes false and the set Action is launched.

Example 2 ('still true after' delay type)

- SET /EVENTS/E1.ConditionTimeout=10
- pw /EVENTS/E1.ConditionTimeout=10
- SET /EVENTS/E1.ConditionTimeoutPending=true
- pw /EVENTS/E1.ConditionTimeoutPending=true

If the Condition is detected (the **ConditionDetect** property becomes **true**), the **ConditionTimeoutPending** property becomes true. 10 seconds later the Condition is checked again (the **ConditionTimeoutPending** property becomes false). If the Condition can be detected again (the ConditionDetect property becomes true again), the Condition is fulfilled and the set Action is launched.

Example 3 ('continuously true' delay type)

- SET /EVENTS/E1.ConditionTimeout=10
- pw /EVENTS/E1.ConditionTimeout=10
- SET /EVENTS/E1.ConditionTimeoutContinuous=true
- pw /EVENTS/E1.ConditionTimeoutContinuous=true

If the Condition is detected (the **ConditionDetect** property becomes **true**), the **ConditionTimeoutPending** property becomes true. If the Condition can be detected in the following 10 seconds continuously (the ConditionDetect property stays true), the Condition is fulfilled, the ConditionTimeoutPending property becomes false, and the set Action is launched.

6.7.2. Setting the Name of the Event

Command and Response

- SET·/EVENTS/E<loc>.Name=<string>
- pw·/EVENTS/E<loc>.Name=<string>

Parameters

The <string> may contain letters (A-Z) and (a-z), numbers (0-9), special characters: hyphen (-), underscore (_), and space () up to 20 characters. Longer strings result in an error, unaccepted characters are skipped.

Example

- SET /EVENTS/E1.Name=Projector_ON
- pw /EVENTS/E1.Name=Projector_ON

6.7.3. Enabling the Event

Command and Response

- SET·/EVENTS/E<loc>.Enabled=<true/false>
- pw·/EVENTS/E<loc>.Enabled=<true/false>

Parameters

When the property value is **true** (or **1**), the Action will be launched if the Condition is detected. If the property is **false** (or **0**), the Action will not run, however, the Condition counter will be increased when detected.

Example

- ► SET /EVENTS/E1.Enabled=true

6.7.4. Querying the Condition Counter

This property shows how many times the Condition has been detected and triggered altogether. The counter is reset at boot.

Command and Response

- ► GET·/EVENTS/E<loc>.ConditionCount
- pw·/EVENTS/E<loc>.ConditionCount=<num_value>

Example

- ▶ GET /EVENTS/E1.ConditionCount
- pw /EVENTS/E1>.ConditionCount=5

6.7.5. Testing an Action

This tool is for launching the Action without detecting or triggering the Condition.

Command and Response

- CALL·/EVENTS/E<loc>:ActionTest(1)
- MO·/EVENTS/E<loc>:ActionTest

Example

- CALL /EVENTS/E1:ActionTest(1)
- MO /EVENTS/E1:ActionTest

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6.8. Ethernet Port Configuration

6.8.1. Setting the DHCP State

ATTENTION! When you change a network property, the new value is stored, but the applySettings method must always be called to apply the new settings. When two or more network parameters are changed, the applySettings method is enough to call once as a final step.

Command and Response #dhcp #network

- SET·/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.DhcpEnabled=<dhcp_status>
- pw·/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.DhcpEnabled=<dhcp_status>

Parameters

If the <dhcp_status> parameter is true, the current IP address setting is DHCP, if the parameter is false, the current IP address is static.

Example

- SET /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.DhcpEnabled=true
- pw /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.DhcpEnabled=true
- CALL /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings(1)
- mO /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings

INFO: The applySettings method saves and applies the new value and the device will reboot.

INFO: The current setting can be gueried by the GET command.

6.8.2. Changing the IP Address (Static)

Command and Response *#ipaddress*

- SET·/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticlpAddress=<IP_address>
- pw·/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticlpAddress=<IP_address>

Example

- SET /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticlpAddress=192.168.0.85
- pw /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticlpAddress=192.168.0.85
- CALL /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings(1)
- mO /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings

INFO: The applySettings method saves and applies the new value and the device will reboot.

INFO: The current setting can be gueried by the GET command.

6.8.3. Changing the Subnet Mask (Static)

Command and Response *#ipaddress*

- SET·/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticNetworkMask=<netmask>
- pw·/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticNetworkMask=<netmask>

Example

- SET /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticNetworkMask=255.255.255.0
- pw /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticNetworkMask=255.255.255.0
- CALL /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings(1)
- mO /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings

INFO: The applySettings method saves and applies the new value and the device will reboot.

INFO: The current setting can be queried by using the GET command.

6.8.4. Changing the Gateway Address (Static)

Command and Response

- SET·/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticGatewayAddress=<gw_address>
- pw·/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticGatewayAddress=<gw_address>

Example

- SET /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticGatewayAddress=192.168.0.5
- pw /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticGatewayAddress=192.168.0.5
- CALL /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings(1)
- mO /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:applySettings

INFO: The applySettings method saves and applies the new value and the device will reboot. INFO: The current setting can be gueried by using the GET command.

6.8.5. Applying Network Settings

Command and Response

- CALL·/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:ApplySettings()
- m0·/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:ApplySettings

Example

- CALL /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:ApplySettings()
- m0 /MANAGEMENT/NETWORK: ApplySettings

All network settings that have been changed are applied and network interface restarts.

6.9. Ethernet Message Sending

The device can be used for sending a message to a certain IP:port address. The three different commands allow controlling the connected (third-party) devices.

6.9.1. Sending a TCP Message (ASCII-format)

The command is for sending a command message in ASCII-format. This method allows escaping the control characters. For more information, see the Escaping section.

Command and Response

- CALL:/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- mO·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage(192.168.0.103:6107=C00)
- m0 /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage

The 'C00' message is sent to the indicated IP:port address.

Example with HEX codes

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage(192.168.0.20:5555=C00\x0a\x0d)
- mO /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage

The 'C00' message with CrLf (Carriage return and Line feed) is sent to the indicated IP:port address. The \x sequence indicates the HEXA code; see more information in the Escaping section.

6.9.2. Sending a TCP Text (ASCII-format)

The command is for sending a text message in ASCII-format. This method does not allow escaping or inserting control characters.

Command and Response

- CALL:/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpText(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<text>)
- mO·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpText

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpText(192.168.0.103:6107=pwr_on)
- mO /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpText

The 'pwr_on' text is sent to the indicated IP:port address.

6.9.3. Sending a TCP Binary Message (HEX-format)

The command is for sending a binary message in Hexadecimal format. This method does not require escaping the control and non-printable characters.

Command and Response

- CALL:/MEDIA/ETHERNET.tcpBinary(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<HEX_message>)
- mO·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpBinary

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpBinary(192.168.0.103:6107=0100000061620000cdcc2c40)
- mO /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpBinary

The '010000061620000cdcc2c40' message is sent to the indicated IP:port address.

INFO: There is no need to insert a space or other separator character between the binary messages.

6.9.4. Sending a UDP Message (ASCII-format)

The command is for sending a UDP message in ASCII-format. This method allows escaping the control characters. For more information, see the Escaping section.

Command and Response

- CALL·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- mO·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage(192.168.0.103:6107=C00)
- mO /MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage

The 'C00' message is sent to the indicated IP:port address.

Example with HEX codes

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage(192.168.0.20:9988=C00\x0a\x0d)
- MO / MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage

The 'C00' message with CrLf (Carriage return and Line feed) is sent to the indicated IP:port address. The \x sequence indicates the HEXA code; see more information in the Escaping section.

6.9.5. Sending a UDP Text (ASCII-format)

The command is for sending a text message in ASCII-format via UDP-protocol. This method **does not allow** escaping or inserting control characters.

Command and Response

- CALL·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpText(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<text>)
- mO·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpText

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpText(192.168.0.20:9988=open)
- MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpText

The 'open' text is sent to the indicated IP:port address.

6.9.6. Sending a UDP Binary Message (HEX-format)

The command is for sending a binary message in Hexadecimal format. This method **does not require** escaping the control and non-printable characters.

Command and Response

- CALL·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpBinary(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<HEX_message>)
- ◀ mO·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpBinary

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpBinary(192.168.0.20:9988=433030)
- MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpBinary

The '433030' message is sent to the indicated IP:port address.

INFO: There is no need to insert a space or other separator character between the binary messages.

6.10. Sending Message via the Communication Ports

6.10.1. Sending Message via an RS-232 Port

The RS-232 ports can be used for sending a command message to a device that can be controlled over serial port. Both local RS-232 and extended link RS-232 ports can be used. The three different commands allow using different message formats.

Sending a Message

The command is for sending a command messages in ASCII-format with an option for escaping special characters.

Command and Response

- CALL•/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMessage(<message>)
- MO•/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMessage

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMessage(PWR0\x0d\x0a)
- MO /MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMessage

Escaping in the Message

When commands need to be separated by <CR><LF> characters to be recognized by the controlled device, then they need to be escaped. You can use the following format for escaping:

<command₁><\x0d\x0a><command₂><\x0d\x0a>...<command_n><\x0d\x0a>

See more details in the Escaping section.

Sending a Text Message

The command is for sending a text message in ASCII-format.

INFO: Escaping will not be processed using the sendText command.

Command and Response

- CALL•/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendText(<message>)
- MO•/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendText

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/UART/P1:sendText(pwr_on)
- MEDIA/UART/P1:sendText

t. :omma

Sending Binary Message

The command is for sending a binary message in HEX format.

Command and Response

- CALL•/MEDIA/UART/<P1>.sendBinaryMessage(<message>)
- ◀ mO•/MEDIA/UART/<P1>:sendBinaryMessage

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/UART/P1:sendBinaryMessage(1100000061620000cdcc2c40)
- mO /MEDIA/UART/P1:sendBinaryMessage

6.10.2. Sending a Message via TCP Port

The device can be used for sending a message to a certain IP:port address. The three different commands allow controlling the connected (third-party) devices.

Sending a TCP Message

The command is for sending a command messages in ASCII-format with an option for escaping special characters.

Command and Response

- CALL•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- mO•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage(192.168.0.20:5555=PWR0\x0d\x0a)
- m0 /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage

Escaping in the Message

When commands need to be separated by <CR><LF> characters to be recognized by the controlled device, then they need to be escaped. You can use the following format for escaping:

<command_><\x0d\x0a><command_><\x0d\x0a>...<command_><\x0d\x0a>

See more details in the Escaping section.

Sending a Text Message

The command is for sending a text message in ASCII-format.

INFO: Escaping will not be processed using the tcpText command.

Command and Response

- CALL•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpText(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- mO•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpText

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpText(192.168.0.20:5555=pwr_on)
- mO /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpText

Sending a Binary Message

The command is for sending a binary message in HEX format.

Command and Response

- CALL•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpBinary(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- mO•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpBinary

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpBinary(192.168.0.20:5555=0100000061620000cdcc2c40)
- mO /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpBinary

6.10.3. Sending a Message via UDP Port

The device can be used for sending a message to a certain IP:port address. The three different commands allow controlling the connected (third-party) devices.

Sending a UDP Message

The command is for sending command messages in ASCII-format with an option for escaping special characters.

Command and Response

- CALL•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- mO•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage(192.168.0.20:5555=PWR0\x0d\x0a)
- mO /MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage

Escaping in the Message

When commands need to be separated by <CR><LF> charaters to be recognized by the controlled device, then they need to be escaped. You can use the following format for escaping:

<command_><\x0d\x0a><command_><\x0d\x0a>...<command_><\x0d\x0a>

See more details in the Escaping section.

Sending a Text Message

The command is for sending a text message in ASCII-format.

INFO: Escaping will not be processed using the udpText command.

Command and Response

- CALL•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpText(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- MO•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpText

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpText(192.168.0.20:5555=pwr_on)
- MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpText

Sending a Binary Message

The command is for sending a binary message in HEX format.

Command and Response

- CALL•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpBinary(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- mO•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpBinary

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpBinary(192.168.0.20:5555=0100000061620000cdcc2c40)
- MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpBinary

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6.11. RS-232 Port Configuration

6.11.1. Querying the RS-232 Operation Mode

Command and Response #rs232 #rs-232 #serial

- GET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.Rs232Mode
- pw•/MEDIA/UART/P1.Rs232Mode=<rs232_mode>

Parameters

Parameter	Parameter description	Value	Value description
<rs232_mode></rs232_mode>		0	Pass-through
	of the port	1	Control (local)
		2	Command injection (local)

Example

- GET /MEDIA/UART/P1.Rs232Mode
- pw /MEDIA/UART/P1.Rs232Mode=1

6.11.2. Setting the RS-232 Operation Mode

Command and Response

- SET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.Rs232Mode=<rs232_mode>
- pw•/MEDIA/UART/P1.Rs232Mode=<rs232_mode>

Parameters

See the previous legend.

Example

- SET /MEDIA/UART/P1.Rs232Mode=1
- w /MEDIA/UART/P1.Rs232Mode=1

6.11.3. Setting the BAUD Rate

Command and Response

- SET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.Baudrate=<baudrate>
- pw•/MEDIA/UART/P1.Baudrate=<baudrate>

Parameters

Parameter	Parameter description	
<baudrate></baudrate>	Baud rate value	0 : 4800; 1 : 7200; 2 : 9600; 3 :

Example

- SET /MEDIA/UART/P1.Baudrate=2
- w /MEDIA/UART/P1.Baudrate=2

6.11.4. Setting the Databit

Command and Response

- SET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.DataBits=<databit>
- pw•/MEDIA/UART/P1.DataBits=<databit>

Parameters

The <databit> parameter can be 8 or 9.

Example

- ▶ SET /MEDIA/UART/P1.DataBits=8
- pw /MEDIA/UART/P1.DataBits=8

6.11.5. Setting the Stopbits

Command and Response

- SET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.StopBits=<stopbit>

Parameters

Parameter	Parameter description	Value	Value description
<stopbit></stopbit>	The stop bit value of the port	0	1
		1	1,5
		2	2

Example

- ► SET /MEDIA/UART/P1.StopBits=0

Parameter values

3: 14400; 4: 19200; 5: 38400; 6: 57600; 7: 115200

6.11.6. Setting the Parity

Command and Response

- SET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.Parity=<parity>
- pw•/MEDIA/UART/P1.Parity=<parity>

Parameters

Parameter	Parameter description	Value	Value description
<parity></parity>	The parity setting of the port	0	no parity
		1	odd
		2	even

Example

- ▶ SET /MEDIA/UART/P1.Parity=0

6.11.7. Enabling Command Injection Mode

Command and Response

- SET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.CommandInjectionEnable=<ci_enable>
- pw•/MEDIA/UART/P1.CommandInjectionEnable=<ci_enable>

Parameters

If the <ci_enable> parameter is **true**, the Command injection mode is **enabled**. If the parameter is **false**, the mode is **disabled**.

Example

- SET /MEDIA/UART/P1.CommandInjectionEnable=true
- w /MEDIA/UART/P1.CommandInjectionEnable=true

ATTENTION! The Command injection status is stored in another read-only property: /MEDIA/UART/<P₁>.CommandInjectionStatus.

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6.12. RS-232 Message Sending

6.12.1. Sending a Message (ASCII-format) via RS-232

The command is for sending a command message in ASCII-format. This method allows escaping the control characters. For more information, see the Escaping section.

Command and Response #message

- CALL·/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMessage(<message>)
- ◀ mO·/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMessage

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMessage(PWR0)
- MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMessage

The 'PWR0' message is sent out via the P1 serial port.

6.12.2. Sending a Text (ASCII-format) via RS-232

The command is for sending a command message in ASCII-format. This method does not allow sending messages with control and non-printable characters.

Command and Response

- CALL·/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendText(<message>)
- mO·/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendText

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/UART/P1:sendText(open)
- MEDIA/UART/P1:sendText

The 'open' text is sent out via the P1 serial port.

6.12.3. Sending a Binary Message (HEX-format) via RS-232

The command is for sending a binary message in Hexadecimal format. This method does not require escaping the control and non-printable characters.

Command and Response

- CALL·/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendBinaryMessage(<message>)
- mO·/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendBinaryMessage

Example

- CALL /MEDIA/UART/P1:sendBinaryMessage(433030)
- MEDIA/UART/P1:sendBinaryMessage

The '433030' message is sent out via the P1 serial port.

6.12.4. Using Hexadecimal Codes

Hexadecimal codes can be inserted in the ASCII message when using: sendMessage command: CALL /MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMessage(C00\x0D) tcpMessage command: CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage(C00\x0D) udpMessage command: CALL /MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage(C00\x0D)

- C00: the message.
- \x: indicates that the following is a hexadecimal code.
- 0D: the hexadecimal code (Carriage Return).

6.13. EDID Management

6.13.1. Querying the Emulated EDIDs

Command and Response #edid

- ▶ GET•/EDID.EdidStatus
- ◆ pr•/EDID.EdidStatus=<source>:E1;<source>:E2

Parameters

Parameter	Parameter description	Parameter values
<source/>	Source EDID memory place	F#: Factory (F1-148) U#: User (U1- U14) D#: Dynamic (D1-D2)

Example

- GET /EDID.EdidStatus
- pr /EDID.EdidStatus=D1:E1;D1:E2

Dynamic EDID was emulated for both input port.

6.13.2. Querying the Validity of a Dynamic EDID

Command and Response

- ► GET•/EDID/D/<dynamic_edid>.Validity
- pr•/EDID/D/<dynamic_port>.Validity=<validity>

Parameters

Dynamic EDID memory place(D1 or D2) <dynamic_port> <validity> true or false

Example

- ▶ GET /EDID/D/D1.Validity
- pr EDID/D/D1.Validity=true

The 'Validity' property is true, valid EDID is stored in D1 memory place.

6.13.3. Querying the Preferred Resolution of an User EDID

Command and Response

- GET•/EDID/U/<user_edid>.PreferredResolution
- pr•/EDID/U/<user_edid>.PreferredResolution=<preferred_resolution>

Parameters

<user_edid></user_edid>	User EDID memory slot (U1-
<preferred_resolution></preferred_resolution>	[x]x[y][i\ p][f]

Example

- GET /EDID/U/U1.PreferredResolution
- pr /EDID/U/U1.PreferredResolution=3840x2160p60.00Hz

INFO: Use the "Manufacturer" property to query the manufacturer and the "MonitorName" property to query the name of the monitor.

6.13.4. Emulating an EDID to an Input Port

Command and Response

- CALL•/EDID:switch(<source>:<destination>)
- mO•/EDID:switch

Parameters

<source>: Source EDID memory place: Factory / User / Dynamic. <destination>: The emulated EDID memory of the desired input port.

Example

- CALL /EDID:switch(F144:E2)
- MO /EDID:switch

1-14)

6.13.5. Copying an EDID to User Memory

Command and Response

ATTENTION! The (User) EDID memory slot will be overwritten without notification even if it was not empty.

Command and Response

- CALL•/EDID:copy(<source>:<destination>)
- MO•/EDID:copy

Parameters

Parameter	Parameter description	Parameter values
<source/>	Source EDID memory place	F#: Factory (F1-148) U#: User (U1- U14) D#: Dynamic (D1-D2)
<destination></destination>	The desired User EDID memory slot	U#: User (U1- U14)

Many copy operations can be performed at the same time by using semicolons (see Example2).

Example1:

- CALL /EDID:copy(D2:U2)
- MO /EDID:copy

Example2:

- CALL /EDID:copy(D1:U5;D1:U6)
- MO /EDID:copy

6.13.6. Deleting an EDID from User Memory

Command and Response

- CALL•/EDID:delete(<user_edid_memory>)
- ◀ mO•/EDID:delete

Parameters

User EDID memory slot (U1-14) <user_edid>

Example

- CALL /EDID:delete(U1)
- mO /EDID:delete

6.13.7. Resetting the Emulated EDIDs

Command and Response

- CALL•/EDID:reset(1)
- mO•/EDID:reset

Example

- CALL /EDID:reset(1)
- MO /EDID:reset

Calling this method switches all emulated EDIDs to a factory default one. See the table in the Factory EDID List section.

6.14. LW3 Commands - Quick Summary

System Commands

(Querying th	ne Product Name
	₫	GET·/.ProductName
5	Setting the	Device Label
	₫	SET•/MANAGEMENT/UID/DeviceLabel= <custom_name></custom_name>
(Querying th	ne Serial Number
	₫	GET•/.SerialNumber
(Querying th	ne Firmware Version
	₫	GET•/SYS/MB.FirmwareVersion
F	Resetting t	he Extender
	₫	CALL•/SYS:reset()
F	Restoring t	he Factory Default Settings
	 ♠	CALL•/SYS:factoryDefaults()
L	Locking the	e Front Panel
	₫	SET•/MANAGEMENT/UI.ControlLock= <lock_status></lock_status>
E	Enabling D	ark Mode
	 ♠	SET•/MANAGEMENT/UI.DARKMODE.DarkModeEnable= <dark_mode_status></dark_mode_status>
9	Setting the	Dark Mode Delay
	₫	SET•/MANAGEMENT/UI.DARKMODE.DarkModeDelay= <delay_sec></delay_sec>
5	Setting the	Dark Mode on the Remote Device
	 ♠	SET•/REMOTE/D1.DarkModeEnable= <dark_mode_status></dark_mode_status>
5	Setting the	Rotary Direction of the Jog Dial Knob
	 ♠	SET•/MANAGEMENT/UI.RotaryDirection= <direction></direction>
Video	o Port and	Crosspoint Settings
C	Querying th	ne Crosspoint Setting
	₫	GET•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationConnectionList
5	Switching \	Video Input
	 ♠	CALL•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:switch(<in>:<out>)</out></in>
ſ	Muting an	Input Port

▲ CALL•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:muteSource(<in>)

Unmuting an Input Port
CALL•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:unmuteSource(<in>)</in>
Locking an Input Port
CALL•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:lockSource(<in>)</in>
Unlocking an Input Port
CALL•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:unlockSource(<in>)</in>
Setting the HDCP
SET•/MEDIA/VIDEO/ <in>.HdcpVersion=<hdcp_version< p=""></hdcp_version<></in>
Querying the Status of Source Ports
▲ GET•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.SourcePortStatus
Querying the Status of Destination Ports
▲ GET•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationPortStatus
Querying the Video Autoselect Settings
▲ GET•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP.DestinationPortAutoselect
Changing the Autoselect Mode
CALL•/MEDIA/VIDEO/XP:setDestinationPortAutose
Setting the Output Conversion Mode
SET•/MEDIA/VIDEO/01.Conversion= <conversion_n< p=""></conversion_n<>
Setting the Output Conversion Mode of the Remote Device
SET•/REMOTE/D1.Conversion= <conversion_mode></conversion_mode>
Event Manager Basics
How to arrange an Event?
SET·/EVENTS/E <loc>.Condition=<expression></expression></loc>
Setting a Condition by Linking Another Condition
SET·/EVENTS/E <loc>.Condition=<event_nr></event_nr></loc>
Setting an Action by Specifying a Direct Path
SET·/EVENTS/E <loc>.Action=<expression></expression></loc>
Setting an Action by Linking Another Action
SET·/EVENTS/E <loc>.Action=<event_nr></event_nr></loc>

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on>

elect(<out>:<out_set>)

node>

₫

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RS-232 Port Configuration

Setting the BAUD Rate

Setting the Databit

Setting the Stopbits

Setting the Parity

Sending a UDP Text (ASCII-format)

Sending a UDP Binary Message (HEX-format)

CALL•/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMessage(<message>)

CALL•/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendText(<message>)

Sending Message via the Communication Ports

Sending Message via an RS-232 Port

Sending a Message via TCP Port

Sending a Message via UDP Port

Querying the RS-232 Operation Mode

Setting the RS-232 Operation Mode

Enabling Command Injection Mode

GET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.Rs232Mode

SET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.Rs232Mode=<rs232 mode>

SET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.Baudrate=<baudrate>

SET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.DataBits=<databit>

SET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.StopBits=<stopbit>

SET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.Parity=<parity>

Event Manager Tool Kit

	Setting the Delay
	SET·/EVENTS/E <loc>.ConditionTimeout=<time></time></loc>
	SET·/EVENTS/E <loc>.ConditionEndCheck=<true false=""></true></loc>
	▲ SET·/EVENTS/E <loc>.ConditionTimeoutContinuous=<true false=""></true></loc>
	Setting the Name of the Event
	♦ SET·/EVENTS/E <loc>.Name=<string></string></loc>
	Enabling the Event
	SET·/EVENTS/E <loc>.Enabled=<true false=""></true></loc>
	Querying the Condition Counter
	▲ GET·/EVENTS/E <loc>.ConditionCount</loc>
	Testing an Action
	CALL·/EVENTS/E <loc>:ActionTest(1)</loc>
Eth	nernet Port Configuration
	Setting the DHCP State
	SET·/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.DhcpEnabled= <dhcp_status></dhcp_status>
	Changing the IP Address (Static)
	SET:/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticlpAddress= <ip_address></ip_address>
	Changing the Subnet Mask (Static)
	SET:/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticNetworkMask= <netmask></netmask>
	Changing the Gateway Address (Static)
	SET:/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK.StaticGatewayAddress= <gw_address></gw_address>
	Applying Network Settings
	CALL·/MANAGEMENT/NETWORK:ApplySettings()
Eth	nernet Message Sending
	Sending a TCP Message (ASCII-format)
	CALL·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage(<ip_address>:<port_no>=<message>)</message></port_no></ip_address>
	Sending a TCP Text (ASCII-format)
	CALL·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpText(<ip_address>:<port_no>=<text>)</text></port_no></ip_address>
	Sending a TCP Binary Message (HEX-format)
	CALL·/MEDIA/ETHERNET.tcpBinary(<ip_address>:<port_no>=<hex_message>)</hex_message></port_no></ip_address>
	Sending a UDP Message (ASCII-format)
	CALL·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage(<ip_address>:<port_no>=<message>)</message></port_no></ip_address>

```
CALL:/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpText(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<text>)
```

```
CALL·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpBinary(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<HEX_message>)
```

CALL•/MEDIA/UART/<P1>.sendBinaryMessage(<message>)

- CALL•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpMessage(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- CALL•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpText(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- CALL•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:tcpBinary(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- CALL·/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpMessage(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- CALL•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpText(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)
- CALL•/MEDIA/ETHERNET:udpBinary(<IP_address>:<port_no>=<message>)

SET•/MEDIA/UART/P1.CommandInjectionEnable=<ci_enable>

RS-232 Message Sending

Sendi	ng a Message (ASCII-format) via RS-232
₫	CALL·/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendMessage(<message>)</message>
Sendi	ng a Text (ASCII-format) via RS-232
٢	CALL·/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendText(<message>)</message>
Sendi	ng a Binary Message (HEX-format) via RS-232
٢	CALL·/MEDIA/UART/P1:sendBinaryMessage(<message>)</message>
DID Mana	agement
Query	ing the Emulated EDIDs
٢	GET•/EDID.EdidStatus
Query	ing the Validity of a Dynamic EDID
٢	GET•/EDID/D/ <dynamic_edid>.Validity</dynamic_edid>
Query	ing the Preferred Resolution of an User EDID
٢	GET·/EDID/U/ <user_edid>.PreferredResolution</user_edid>
Emula	ting an EDID to an Input Port
٢	CALL•/EDID:switch(<source/> : <destination>)</destination>
Соруі	ng an EDID to User Memory
٢	CALL•/EDID:copy(<source/> : <destination>)</destination>
Deleti	ng an EDID from User Memory
٢	CALL•/EDID:delete(<user_edid_memory>)</user_edid_memory>
Reset	ting the Emulated EDIDs
٢	CALL•/EDID:reset(1)





Firmware Update

This chapter is meant to help customers perform firmware updates on our products by giving a few tips on how to start and by explaining the features of the Lightware Device Updater2 (LDU2) software. The latest software and firmware pack can be downloaded from www.lightware.com.

- BACKWARD COMPATIBILITY
- ► ABOUT THE FIRMWARE PACKAGE (LFP2 FILE)
- ► LDU2 INSTALLATION
- ► RUNNING THE SOFTWARE
- THE UPDATING STEPS
- ► IF THE UPDATE IS NOT SUCCESSFUL



WARNING! Do not perform the firmware update on both the transmitter and the receiver at the same time if one of them is connected to the local network via an optical link, because connection loss during the firmware update can cause problems in the update process.

ATTENTION! While the firmware is being updated, the normal operation mode is suspended, as the extender is switched to bootload mode. Signal processing is not performed. Do not interrupt the firmware update. If any problem occurs, reboot the device and restart the process.

ATTENTION! The firmware update process has an effect on the configuration and the settings of the device. For more details, please see the Running the Software section before the update.

7.1. Backward Compatibility

Up to 1.2.0 firmware version, the previous firmware packages are in .**Ifp** format (LFP1 file), the update can be done with Lightware Device Updater v1 (LDU1) software.

From 1.2.0 firmware version, the firmware package format is .lfp2 (LFP2 file) the update can be done with Lightware Device Updater v2 (LDU2) software.

7.2. About the Firmware Package (LFP2 File)

The firmware files are packed in an LFP2 package. You only need this file to do the update on your device.

- This allows using the same LFP2 package for different devices.
- The package contains all the necessary components, binary, and other files; You do not have to get further files
- There is a descriptor file in the package that contains each firmware with version number and a list showing the compatible devices. The descriptor is displayed after loading the LFP2 file in the LDU2.

7.3. LDU2 Installation

ATTENTION! Minimum system requirement: 2 GB RAM. The minimum display resolution is 1600x900. INFO: The Windows and the Mac applications have the same look and functionality.

Download the software from www.lightware.com/downloads.

Installation in case of Windows OS

Run the installer. If the User Account Control displays a pop-up message, click Yes.

Installation Modes

Normal install	Snapshot install
Available for Windows, MacOS and Linux	Available for Windows
The installer can update only this instance	Cannot be updated
One updateable instance may exist for all users	Many different versions can be installed for all users

ATTENTION! Using the default Normal install is highly recommended.

INFO: If you have a previously installed version, you will be prompted to remove the old version before installing the new one.

Installation in case of macOS

Mount the DMG file by double clicking on it, and drag the LDU2 icon over the Applications icon to copy the program into the Applications folder. If you want to copy LDU2 into another location, just drag the icon over the desired folder.

ATTENTION! Please check the firewall settings on the macOS device. LDC needs to be added to the exeptions of the blocked softwares for the proper operation.

INFO: This type of installer is equal with the Normal install of Windows.

Installation in case of Linux

- Step 1. Download the archive file (tar.gz) from www.lightware.com and unpack it to a temp folder.
- Step 2. Run the install_ldu2.sh file in the temp folder. The script will install LDU2 into the following folder: HOME/.local/share/lightware/ldu2.
- Step 3. The folder above will contain this file: LightwareDeviceUpdaterV2.sh, which can be used to start LDU2.







7.4. Running the Software

You have two options:

- Starting the LDU2 by double-clicking on the shortcut/program file, or
- Double-clicking on an LFP2 file.

LDU2 Auto-Update

At startup, the software checks if a newer version is available on the web.

current version:	2.2.0b2	~	newer version:	v2.3.0b2
ourrent version.	2.2.002	~	newer version.	12:0:002
			installer will start. F version.	ollow the
application. wher on-screen instruc				ollow the
				ollow the

Main Screen

When the software is started by the shortcut, the device discovery screen appears. Press the Search for devices button to start finding the Lightware devices:

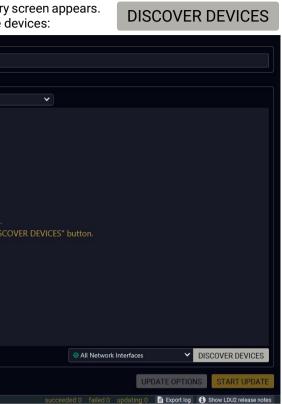
DE/SELECT AL	L	Show: O All devices	Sort by: 🥑 IP
			Device list is en
		Select a network inte	rface and press the

Devices may also be added manually by typing the IP address in the box near the bottom of the screen. From LDU2 version v2.16.1, manual addition of devices can also be done using the hostname.

INFO: If the device cannot be added by the hostname, please use the IP address.

If you start the software by double-clicking on the LFP2 file, the firmware will be loaded. Press the Search for devices button; all devices will be listed that are compatible with the selected firmware pack.

INFO: If you press the Select firmware package button, the release notes of the LFP2 file will be displayed in the right panel; see the Step 1 - Select the Firmware Packege section.



ATTENTION! The computer that runs LDU2 and the target device (that will be updated) must be in the same subnet. The update cannot be performed from behind a firewall or gateway.

When the discovery has completed, the devices available on the network are listed in the application.

VICE E/SE	S LECT AI	L	Show: I All devices	Sort by: O IP	/	
1.		UCX-4x3-H20 LW_UCX-4x3-H20_00007316	IP: 192.168.0.110 @ S/N: 00007316	PACKAGE: v1.3.0b1 FW: v1.3.0b1	HW: V10_KAK1	^
2.		UMX-TPS-TX140K P LW_UMX-TPS-TX140K_00006363	IP: 192.168.0.113 🕼 S/N: 00006363	PACKAGE: v1.5.0b4 FW: v1.5.0b4	HW: N/A	۲ ۲
3.		UMX-HDMI-140-Plus X Service Mode LW_UMX-HDMI-140-Plus_12345678	IP: 192.168.1.17 (1) S/N: 12345678	PACKAGE: FW:	HW:	
4.		HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PRO Neo HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PRO	IP: 192.168.0.115 🗭 S/N: 00005094	PACKAGE: v1.2.0b10 FW: v1.2.0b10	HW: V11_AAA0	Ê
5.		HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO <>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	IP: 192.168.0.116 🕼 S/N: 00005092	PACKAGE: v1.2.0b10 FW: v1.2.0b10	HW: V11_AAA0	ć
6.	0	UCX-4x2-HC30 LW_UCX-4x2-HC30_00006872	IP: 192.168.4.149 S/N: 00006872	PACKAGE: v1.3.0b6 FW: v1.3.0b6	HW: V20_AXAX	\$
		Hostname:	ADD DEVICE		All Network Interfaces	DISCOVER DEVIC

Legend of the Icons

	IP address editor	The IP address of the device can be changed in the pop-up window.
0	Identify me	Clicking on the icon results in the front panel LEDs blinking for 10 seconds, which helps identify the device physically.
*	Favorite device	The device has been marked, thus the IP address is stored. When a device is connected with that IP address, the star will be highlighted in that line.
1	Further information available	Device is unreachable. Change the IP address by pressing the IP address editor icon or use the front panel buttons (if available).
۶	Cleartext login enabled	The password-protection is enabled. You have to enter the password to perform the firmware update in the Parameters window or in the appearing window in the beginning of the update.
*	Service mode	The device is in bootload mode. Backup and restore cannot be performed in this case.

7.5. The Updating Steps

By default, device configuration settings are restored when firmware update is finished. If factory reset has been chosen in the parameters window, all device settings will be erased. The LDC software contains the backup feature that allows saving the settings as a file and restoring it later.

The following flow chart demonstrates how this function works in the background.

Step 1. Start of the Update

The device reboots and starts in bootload mode (firmware update mode).

Step 2. Backup

The current configuration of the device is being saved into a configuration backup file on your computer. You can find a detailed list about the saved settings in the Content of the Backup File section.

Step 3. Update

The CPU firmware is changed to the newer one in the package.

Step 4. Factory reset

All configuration settings are restored to the factory default values.

Step 5. Conversion / Restore

Before the restoration procedure the firmware checks the backup data and if it is needed, a conversion is applied to avoid incompatibility problems between the firmware versions. After the conversion all configuration settings are restored to the device.

When the factory default option is enabled in the Parameters window, the conversion/restoration procedure will not be performed!

Step 6. End

Once the firmware update procedure is finished, the device reboots and is ready to use.

The details about the procedure: when firmware update starts, the first step is making a backup of the settings of the device. The firmware package checks the backup data and if it is needed, a conversion is applied to avoid incompatibility problems between the firmware versions. If you do not want to keep the configuration settings, you can enable the Factory default option.

CHOOSE PACKAGE FILE

Step 1 - Select the Firmware Packege

Click on the **Choose Package File** button and navigate to the location where the LFP2 file was saved. When you click on the name of package, the preview of the release notes is displayed in the right panel.

Path: D:\firmware\HDMI20-OPTC\HDMI20-OPTC_v1.2.0 REFRESH Firmware package release note preview: DA2HDMI-4K-Plus-A Release notes for HDMI20-OPTC DVI-OPT-TX220-PRO HDMI20-OPTC v1.2.0b10 HDMI20-OPTC_v1.2.0b10.lfp2 Release date: 2019-01-29 HDMI20-OPTC v1.2.0b2.lfp2 New feature: HDMI20-OPTC v1.2.0b5.lfp2 Added support for HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-FOX, HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-FOX, HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-NTQ and HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-NTO product variants. HDMI20-OPTC_v1.2.0b8.lfp2 From this version HDMI20-OPTC units can be upgraded by LDU2. Matrix MMX6x2-HT220 v1.1.2b5 MMX8x4 Release date: 2018-06-20 MODEX MX-CP V2 no1 New feature: mx2-hdmi20 • We are introducing the support of I2C clock stretching on DDC lines. MX4X4DVI Bugfix: MX4X4DVI-DL • We are introducing a new feature that provides compatibility with non-standard hot plug detect MX8x8DVI-DL Fixed a bug that caused multiple HPD toggling on boot. RAP SW_DEVICECONTROLLER_LWR v1.1.1b1 TPS family Release date: 2018-03-05 UMX-HDMI-140 OPEN CANCEL

After the package file is loaded, the list is filtered to show the compatible devices only. The current firmware version of the device is highlighted in orange if it is different from the version of the package loaded...

CHOOSE	PACKAGE FILE D:\FW Updates\HDMI2	20-OPTC_v1.2.0b10.lfp2		×	Package version: 1.2.0b10 r68 (
DEVICES DE/SELEC	TALL	Show: @ All devices	Sort by: 🥥 IP	`	
1.	HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PR0 Neo HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PRO	IP: 192.168.0.115 S/N: 00005094	PACKAGE: v1.2.0b0 FW: v0.0.255b255	HW: V11_AAA0	<u>ح</u>
2.	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PR0 HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO	IP: 192.168.0.116 S/N: 00005092	PACKAGE: v1.2.0b0 FW: v1.2.0b0	HW: V11_AAA0	☆
IP:	Hostname:	ADD DEVICE		All Network Interfaces	✓ DISCOVER DEVICES
				UP	DATE OPTIONS START UPDATE
discovered:21	package compatible:2 selected:0			succeeded:0 failed:0 updating:0	🗎 Export log 🚯 Show LDU2 release notes

INFO: If you start the update by double-clicking on the LFP file, the screen above will be loaded right away.

The Meaning of the Symbols



can be displayed in a new window.

▲ Service X mode

cannot be performed in this case.

Step 2 - Select the desired devices for updating.

Select the devices for updating; the selected line will be highlighted in green.

If you are not sure which device to select, press the **Identify me O** button. It makes the front panel LEDs blink for 10 seconds. The feature helps find the device physically.

DE/SE	LECT AL	L	Show: 🥝 All devices 🗸 🗸	Sort by: 🥑 IP
1.		HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PRO Neo HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PRO	IP: 192.168.0.115 S/N: 00005094	PACKAGE: FW: v1.2.0
2.		HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO	IP: 192.168.0.116 @ S/N: 00005092	PACKAGE: FW: v1.2.0
			5, N. 0000092	1 11. 11.2.0
IP:		Hostname:	ADD DEVICE	

Step 3 - Check the Update Parameters

The Update options button opens a window where the backup/restore function can be set. The location of the backup file can be changed by clicking on the Choose folder button. Put a tick beside the **Restore device** configuration or Factory default options depending on your needs. Restoring the configuration is the default option.

ATTENTION! Settings in the parameters window affect all updated devices. Please arrange the settings carefully.

Click on Apply to save the settings.

Parameters

Backup folder: Configuration backup file wi

Restore device configuratio Restore device configuration beginning of the upgrade p

Skip device configuration p Skip device configuration p

Factory default: Reset device to factory setti

Advanced settings -No configuration backup If checked, no configurat

- The log about the updating process of the device
- The device is in bootload mode. Backup and restore

		×	Package ver	sion: 1.2.0b1	0 r68 ۯ
	~				
1.2.0b10 10	HW: V11_AAA0				
1.2.0b10 10	HW: V11_AAA0				€
	All Netwo	rk Interfaces	~	DISCOVER D	EVICES
		UPDA	TE OPTIONS	START UP	DATE (1)
			Export log	Show LDU2 r	elease note:

HDMI20-OPTC extender family - Update

l be created in the given folder	Choose folde C:/Users/judit.ba		ackup
1: from the backup file created at the cess.	\checkmark		
esets at restore: sets at restoring device configuration.	•		
igs when upgrade is done.			
ile: n backup file will be created.			
		APPLY	CANCEL

Step 4 – Start the update and wait until it is finished

Select the desired devices and press the Start Update button. The update takes about 5 minutes to finish, which is independent of the number of the updated devices, since the updates are processed simultaneously.

START UPDATE (1)

ACKAGE CHOOSE	PACKAGE FILE D:\HDMI20-	OPTC_v1.2.0b10.lfp2		×	Package version: 1.2.0b10 r68 (
EVICES -	CT ALL	Show: Show: All devices	Sort by: Ø IP	·	
1.	HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-F Neo HDMI20-OPTC-RX220		PACKAGE: v1.2.0b10 FW: v1.2.0b10	HW: V11_AAA0	ŝ
2.	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-FR		PACKAGE: FW: v1.1.0b8	HW: V11_AAAO	23% Abort b Show Details
IP:	Hostname:	ADD DEVICE		All Network Interfaces	✓ DISCOVER DEVICE
1993		23%		UPDAT	TE OPTIONS START UPDATE
vered:22	package compatible:2 selected	ŝ1	SI	ucceeded:1 failed:0 updating:1	Export log 🚯 Show LDU2 release

After the part of LDU2 software update process is finished, the extender starts the self-update procedure. It is an automatic action and no user interaction is needed during the operation.

Finish. Clicking on the **b** icon, a log information is displayed in the Device Log window.

PACKAG							1 0 0b10 -00 @
CHOOS	SE PAG	CKAGE FILE D:\HDMI20-OPTC_v1.2	2.0b10.ltp2			Package versi	ion: 1.2.0b10 r68 🤅
DEVICES DE/SEL		L	Show: All devices	Sort by:	v		
1.		HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PRO Neo HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PRO	IP: 192.168.0.115 S/N: 00005094	PACKAGE: v1.2.0b10 FW: v1.2.0b10	HW: V11_AAA0		
2.	Ø	HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO () HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO	IP: 192.168.0.116 S/N: 00005092	PACKAGE: v1.2.0b10 FW: v1.1.0b8	HW: V11_AAA0	10	0% B Show C
IP:		Hostname;	ADD DEVICE		O All Network Inter	erfaces 🗸	DISCOVER DEVICES
			100%			UPDATE OPTIONS	START UPDATE (1
covered:2	:2 pac	kage compatible:2 selected:1			succeeded:2 failed:0 upd	dating:0 🖹 Export log (Show LDU2 release not

7.6. If the Update is not successful

- Restart the process and try the update again.
- If the device cannot be switched to bootload (firmware update) mode, you can do that manually as written in the User's manual of the device. Please note that backup and restore cannot be performed in this case.
- If the backup cannot be created for some reason, you will get a message whether to continue the process without backup or stop the update. A root cause can be that the desired device is already in bootload (firmware update) mode, thus the normal operation mode is suspended and backup cannot be made.
- If an update is not successful, the Export log button becomes red. If you press the button, you can download the log file as a ZIP package, which can be sent to Lightware Support if needed. The log files contain useful information about the circumstances to find the root cause.



Troubleshooting

Usually, if the system seems not to transport the signal as expected, the best strategy for troubleshooting is to check signal integrity through the whole signal chain starting from source side and moving forward to receiver end.

- Link to connections/cabling section.
- Link to front panel operation section.
- Link to LDC software section.
- Link to LW3 protocol commands section

At first, check the front panel LEDs and take the necessary steps according to their states. For more information about status LEDs, refer to the Front View and Rear View -Transmitters sections.

Symptom Root cause		Action	Refer to	
	, 	/ideo signal		
	Device(s) not powered properly.	Check the extenders and the other devices if they are properly powered; try to unplug and reconnect them.	M	3.4
	Cable connection problem.	Due to the high data rates cables must fit very well, check all the connectors. If your source or display has more connectors, then make sure that the proper port is selected.	٣	3.4
	Cable quality problem.	Due to the high data rates, high quality cables must be used. It is recommended to use OM3 or OM4 fiber cables.	٣	10.2
No picture on the	Endface surface of the fiber optical cable became contaminated.	Use special fiber optical cable cleaning equipment to clean it carefully.		
video output	Display is not capable of receiving the sent video format. Try emulating your display device's to the source.			4.3.3 5.6
	Source power and configuration problems.	Check whether your source is powered on and configured properly. The HDMI output can be turned off on most DVD players. If the source is a computer, then verify that the HDMI output is selected and active. Try restarting your computer; if you get a picture during the booting process, you have to review the driver settings.	LW3	6.13.4
HDMI output	Video signal type was set to DVI.	Check the signal type properties of the output port and set to HDMI or Auto.		5.5.2 5.5.4
signal contains no audio	DVI EDID is emulated.	Check the EDID and select and HDMI EDID to emulate.		4.3.3 5.6 6.13.1

Symptom	Root cause	Action	Re	efer to
	R	S-232 signal		
	Cable connection problem	Check whether your serial cable is properly connected and check the wiring of the plugs.	•	3.4
Connected serial device cannot be				4.3.1
controlled	RS-232 mode is not right	Check the RS-232 mode settings (pass, control and command injection).		5.7.1
			LW3	6.11
		Network		
			-	4.3.1
No LAN	Incorrect IP address is set (fix IP)	Use dynamic IP address by enabling DHCP option.	LW3	5.9.2
				6.8.2
connection can be				4.3.1
established		Restore the factory default settings (with fix IP).		5.7.1
				6.4.6
	IP address conflict	Check the IP address of the other devices, too.		5.3 5.9
	Μ	liscellaneous		
				4.3.1
No LEDs are light	Dark mode is enabled	Disable the dark mode.	-B	4.3.5
5				5.9.3
			LW3	6.5.1
Select/function button not toggles	Front panel buttons are	Unlock the buttons.		5.9.3
the inputs/ conversion modes	locked			6.4.7

How to Speed up the Troubleshooting Process?

Lightware's technical support team is always working hard to provide the fastest support possible. Our team's response time is one of the best in the industry, and in the toughest of cases we can directly consult with the hardware or software engineer who designed the product to get the information from the most reliable source.



However, the troubleshooting process can be even faster... with your help.

There are certain pieces of information that push us in the right direction to find the root cause of the problem. If we receive most of this information in the first e-mail, or it is gathered at the time when you call us, then there is a pretty high chance that we will be able to respond with the final solution right away.

This information is the following:

- Schematic (a pdf version is preferred, but a hand drawing is sufficient).
- Serial number(s) of the device(s) (it is either printed somewhere on the box or you can query it in the Device Controller software or on the built-in website).
- Firmware versions of the devices (please note that there may be multiple CPUs or controllers in the device and we need to know all of their firmware versions, a screenshot is the best option).
- Cable lengths and types (in our experience, it's usually the cable).
- Patch panels, gender changers or anything else in the signal path that can affect the transmission.
- Signal type (resolution, refresh rate, color space, deep color).
- Emulated EDID(s) (please save them as file and send it to us).
- Actions to take in order to re-create the problem (if we cannot reproduce the problem, it is hard for us to find the cause).
- Photo or video about the problem ('image noise' can mean many different things, it's better if we see it too).
- Error logs and backup files from the Lightware Device Controller software.

The more of the information above you can give us, the better. Please send this information to the Lightware Support Team to speed up the troubleshooting process.



Technologies

The following sections contain descriptions and useful technical information on how the devices work in the background. The content is based on experiences and cases we met in the practice. These sections help to understand features and technical standards like the following:

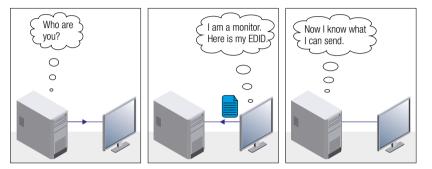
- EDID MANAGEMENT
- HDCP MANAGEMENT
- PIXEL ACCURATE RECLOCKING
- SERIAL MANAGEMENT

9.1. EDID Management

9.1.1. Understanding the EDID

The Extended Display Identification Data (EDID) is the passport of display devices (monitors, TV sets, projectors). It contains information about the capabilities of the display, such as supported resolutions, refresh rates (these are called Detailed Timings), the type and manufacturer of the display device, etc.

After connecting a source to a display (DVI, HDMI, DP), the source reads out the EDID to determine the resolution and refresh rate of the image to be transmitted.



EDID Communication

Most DVI computer displays have a 128-byte-long EDID structure. However, Digital Televisions and HDMI capable displays may have another 128 bytes, which is called E-EDID and is defined by CEA (Consumer Electronics Association). This extension contains information about additional Detailed Timings, audio capabilities, speaker allocation and HDMI capabilities. It is important to know that all HDMI capable devices must have CEA extension, but not all devices with CEA extension are HDMI capable.

Common Problems Related to EDID

- Problem: "My system consists of the following: a computer, a Lightware device, a WUXGA (1920x1200) LCD monitor, and an SXGA (1280x1024) projector. I would like to see the same image on the monitor and the projector. What EDID should I choose on the Lightware device?"
- Solution: If you want to see the image on both displays, you need to select the resolution of the smaller display (in this case SXGA), otherwise the smaller display may not show the higher resolution image.
- Problem: "I have changed to a different EDID on an input port of the Lightware device to have a different resolution, but nothing happens."
- Solution: Some graphics cards and video sources read out the EDID only after power-up and later they do not sense that the EDID has been changed. You need to restart your source to make it read out the EDID again.

9.1.2. Advanced EDID Management

Each DVI sink (e.g. monitors, projectors, plasma displays, etc...) must support the EDID data structure. Source BIOS and operating systems are likely to query the sink using DDC2B protocol to determine what pixel formats and interface are supported. DVI standard uses EDID data structure to identify the monitor type and capabilities. Most DVI sources (VGA cards, set top boxes, etc.) will output DVI signal after accepting the connected sink's EDID information. In the case of EDID readout failure or missing EDID, the source will not output DVI video signal.

Lightware devices provide the Advanced EDID Management function that helps system integration. The built-in EDID Router can store and emulate factory pre-programmed- and User programmable EDIDs. The EDID of the attached monitors or projectors for each output are stored in a non-volatile memory. This way the EDID of a monitor is available when the monitor is unplugged or switched off.

Any EDID can be emulated on any input. An emulated EDID can be copied from the EDID router's memory (static EDID emulation) or from the last attached monitor's memory (dynamic EDID emulation). For example, the Lightware device can be set up to emulate a sink device, which is connected to one of the outputs. In this case, the EDID automatically changes if the monitor is replaced with another display device (as long as it has a valid EDID).

The EDID is independently programmable for all inputs without affecting each other. All inputs have their own EDID circuit.

INFO: The user is not required to disconnect the video cable to change an EDID as opposed to other manufacturer's products. The EDID can be changed even if a source is connected to the input and powered ON.

INFO: When the EDID has been changed, the router toggles the HOTPLUG signal for 2 seconds. Some sources do not sense this signal. In such cases, the source device must be restarted or powered OFF and ON again.

9.2. HDCP Management

Lightware Visual Engineering is a legal HDCP adopter. Several functions have been developed that help to solve HDCP related problems. Complex AV systems often have both HDCP and non-HDCP components. The switcher allows transmitting HDCP encrypted and unencrypted signals. The devices will be still HDCP compliant, as they will never output an encrypted signal to a non-HDCP compliant display device. If an encrypted signal is switched to a non-compliant output, a red screen alert or muted screen will appear.

9.2.1. Protected and Unprotected Content

Many video sources send HDCP protected signal if they detect that the sink is HDCP capable – even if the content is not copyrighted. This can cause trouble if an HDCP capable device is connected between the source and the display. In this case, the content cannot be viewed on non-HDCP capable displays and interfaces like event controllers. Rental and staging technicians often complain about certain laptops that always send HDCP encrypted signals if the receiver device (display, matrix router, etc.) reports HDCP compliancy. Even though HDCP encryption is not required all the time (e.g. computer desktop image), certain laptops still do that.

To avoid unnecessary HDCP encryption, Lightware introduced the HDCP enabling/disabling function: the HDCP capability can be disabled in the Lightware device. If HDCP is disabled, the connected source will detect that the sink is not HDCP capable, and turn off authentication.

9.2.2. Disable Unnecessary Encryption

HDCP Compliant Sink

All the devices are HDCP-compliant, no manual setting is required, both protected and unprotected contents are transmitted and displayed on the sink.



Not HDCP-compliant Sink 1.

Not-HDCP compliant sink is connected to the switcher. Some sources (e.g. computers) always send HDCP encrypted signals if the receiver device reports HDCP compliancy, however, HDCP encryption is not required all the time (e.g. computer desktop image). If HDCP is enabled in the switcher, the image will not be displayed on the sink.



Setting the HDCP parameter to Auto on the output port and disable HDCP on the input port, the transmitted signal will not be encrypted if the content is not protected. Thus, non-HDCP compliant sinks will display non-encrypted signal.

Not HDCP-compliant Sink 2.

The layout is the same as in the previous case: non-HDCP compliant display device is connected to the switcher but the source would send protected content with encryption. If HDCP is enabled on the input port of the switcher, the source will send encrypted signal.



The sink is not HDCP compliant, thus it will not display the video signal (but blank/red/muted/etc. screen). If HDCP is disabled on the input port of the switcher, the source will not send the signal. The solution is to replace the display device with an HDCP-capable one.



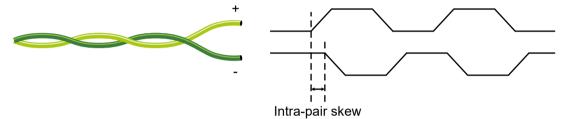
9.3. Pixel Accurate Reclocking

Signal reclocking is an essential procedure in digital signal transmission. After passing the reclocking circuit, the signal becomes stable, jitter-free, and can be transmitted over more equipment like processors, or event controllers. Without reclocking, sparkles, noise, and jaggies appear on the image.

Lightware's sophisticated Pixel Accurate Reclocking technology fixes more problems than general TMDS reclocking. It removes not only intra-pair skew, but inter-pair skew as well. The Pixel Accurate Reclocking circuit eliminates the following errors:

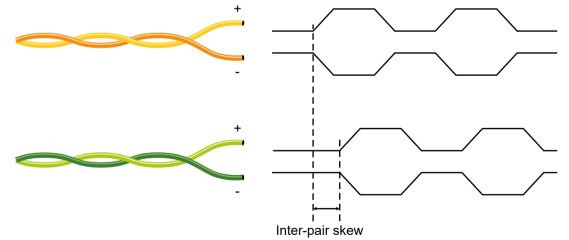
Intra-pair skew

Skew between the + and - wires within a differential wire pair (e.g. Data2- and Data2+). It's caused by different wire lengths or slightly different wire construction (impedance mismatch) in the DVI cable. It results in jitter.



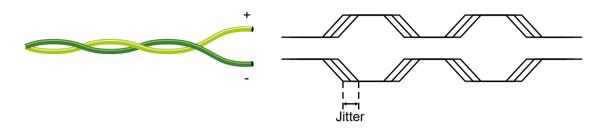
Inter-pair skew

Skew between two differential wire pairs in a cable. It is caused by different wire pair lengths or different number of twists in the DVI cable. Too much inter-pair skew results in color shift in the picture or sync loss.



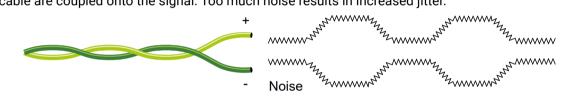
Jitter

Signal instability in the time domain. The time difference between two signal transitions should be a fixed value, but noise and other effects cause variations.



Noise

Electromagnetic interference between other electronic devices such as mobile phones, motors, etc. and the DVI cable are coupled onto the signal. Too much noise results in increased jitter.



INFO: The colors of the wire pairs in the pictures are for illustration and do not represent the color of the actual wires inside the cable.

9.4. Serial Management

9.4.1. General Information

There are two types of devices in general serial communication:

- Data Terminal Equipment: Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) is an end instrument that converts user information into signals or reconverts received signals. Typical DTE devices: computers, LCD touch panels and control systems.
- Data Circuit-terminating Equipment: Data Circuit-terminating Equipment (DCE) is a device that sits between the DTE and a data transmission circuit. It is also called data communication equipment and data carrier equipment. Typical DCE devices: projectors, industrial monitors and amplifiers.

Among others the pin assignment is different in DTE and DCE.

	DTE	DCE
Pin 2:	RD	TD
Pin 3:	TD	RD

RD: Received Data (digital input) **TD:** Transmitted Data (digital output)

Different type of serial cables must be used between different serial devices.

	DTE	DCE
DTE Null-modem		Straight
DCE	Straight	Null-modem*

* In general, connect DCE with DCE by tail-circuit serial cables.

9.4.2. Types of Serial Cables

Straight Serial Cable	Null-modem Serial Cable
Straight pin-outs both ends.	Straight pin-out at the one end and cross pin-out at the other end (interchange lines of TX and RX).

Serial cables between devices may have male or female plugs and their type may be straight or null-modem usually.

ATTENTION! The cable type does not depend on the plug type.

9.4.3. RS-232 Signal Transmission over Lightware Extender Devices

The following examples describe the detailed integration of Lightware devices between different RS-232 pin assignment units.

INFO: Both the HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PRO and the HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PRO are DTE units (according to their pinouts) with male plugs.

Extending RS-232 between DTE and DCE third-party devices

Connect a null-modem serial cable between the controller system (DTE) and the transmitter (DTE) and a straight serial cable between the receiver (DTE) and the projector (DCE).

Controller system		Transmitter		Receiver		Projector
DTE	Null-modem serial cable	DTE	Transmission interface	DTE	Straight serial cable	DCE
	\rightarrow				←→	
	Female - Female				Female - Male	
Pin 2: RD ◀ Pin 3: TD ►		▶ Pin 2: RD◀ Pin 3: TD		Pin 2: RD ◀ Pin 3: TD ►		 Pin 2: TD Pin 3: RD

RS-232 connection example between a controller system and a projector

Extending RS-232 between DCE and DCE third-party devices

Connect a straight serial cable between the controller system (DTE) and the transmitter (DCE) and a nullmodem serial cable between the receiver (DTE) and the computer (DTE).

Media Player		Transmitter		Receiver		Projector
DCE	Straight serial cable	DTE	Transmission interface	DTE	Straight serial cable	DCE
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			←→	
	Male - Female				Female - Male	
Pin 2: TD 🕨		► Pin 2: RD		Pin 2: RD ◀		◄ Pin 2: TD
Pin 3: RD 🔺	1	◄ Pin 3: TD		Pin 3: TD 🕨		Pin 3: RD

RS-232 connection example between a media player and a projector



Appendix

- SPECIFICATION
- MAXIMUM EXTENSION DISTANCES
- APPLIED PORTS (NETWORK SETTINGS)
- ► CONTENT OF THE BACKUP FILE
- ► FACTORY DEFAULT SETTINGS
- FACTORY EDID LIST
- ► FIRMWARE RELEASE NOTES
- MECHANICAL DRAWINGS
- HASHTAG KEYWORD LIST
- FURTHER INFORMATION

10.1. Specification

INFO: Specifications are subject to change without notice.

General

Compliance	CE, UKCA
EMC (emission)	EN 55032:2015+A1:2020
EMC (immunity)	EN 55035:2017+A11:2020
RoHS compliance.	EN 63000:2018
Electrical safety	EN 62368-1:2014+A11:2017
Laser safety	EN 60825-1:2014+A11:2021
Cooling	Cooling fan
Operating temperature	0 to +50°C (+32 to +122°F)
Storage temperature	-30 to +80°C (-22 to +176°F)
Operating humidity	10% to 80%, non-condensing
HDCP compliance	Yes
Warranty	3 years

Power

Power source	100-240V AC, 50/60Hz
Power connector (in HDMI20-OPTC-TX/RX220- PCN)	Neutrik PowerCON TRUE 1 (NAC3MPX type)
Power connector (in the other models)	IEC C14
Power consumption (max) TX	11,6 W
Power consumption (max) RX	9,9 W

Enclosure

Rack mountable	Yes
Material	1 mm steel
Dimensions in mm (with device ears)	221W x 222,25D x 42,9H
Weight TX/RX	1480 g/1475 g

Optical Port

Optical connector (in HDMI20-OPTC-TX/RX220- PRO models)	Neutrik opticalCON DUO LC
Optical connector (in HDMI20-OPTC-TX/RX220-Fox models)	EBC-1502 type Fiberfox connector
Optical connector (in HDMI20-OPTC-TX/RX220- NTQ models)	Neutrik opticalCON QUAD connector (NO4FDW-A type)

Optical break-out connector	LC
Fiber	50/125 µm Multimode (OM3 or OM4 recommended)
Transmission distance	700 meters (using OM4 type fiber)
Laser class specification (RX)	Class 1
Laser class specification (TX)	Class 1M
Radiated wavelengths (TX	778 nm, 801 nm, 824 nm, 850 nm, 911 (IEC 60825-1:2014)
Total Power (TX)	0.0367mW
Correction Factor Sum (TX)	0.0253mW
Ouptput OMA	-6 dBm
OMA sensitivity	-12,5 dBm

Video Ports

Port connector type	19-pol
Supported video formats	DVI 1.
Max. resolution	4096x
Max. cable length on input (22 AWG)	30 m
Color depth	Deep
Color space	RGB, ۱
Data rate TX (I1, I2, O1)	18 Gb
Data rate RX (01A, 02)	18 Gb
Data rate RX (01B)	9 Gbp
3D support	Yes
Audio formats	all for
EDID emulation	Yes, A
Reclocking	Pixel A

Control Ports

LAN

LAN connector	Neutri
Data rate	1 Gbit,

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ч	/
_	<u> </u>

1 nm, 980 nm

ole HDMI type A receptacle

.0, HDMI 1.4, HDMI 2.0

5x2160@60Hz; 1920x1080@120Hz

color support up to 36 bits,

, YCbCr 4:4:4/4:2:0

bps

bps

os

ormats in line with HDMI 2.0 standard

Advanced EDID management

Accurate Reclocking

rik etherCON (NE8FBH-S type) t/s

RS-232 Control

Serial port connector D-SUB connector	
Available Baud rates between 4800 and 115200	
USB Control	
USB connector	USB mini B-type

10.2. Maximum Extension Distances

The table below shows the transmission distances via optical cable between the HDMI20-OPTC series depending on the cable quality and pixel clock frequency.

Resolution, Pixel clock rate	Cable lengths			
Resolution, Fixel Clock late	OM1	OM2	OM3	OM4
1280x720p60 Hz	800m	1000m	2500m	2500m
1920x1080p60 Hz	500m	1000m	2500m	2500m
3840x2160p30 Hz (4k30 4:4:4)	4:4:4)		1500m	1500
3840x2160p60 Hz (4k60 4:2:0)	200m	600m	1500m	1500m
3840x2160p60 Hz (4k60 4:4:4)	Not	200	700	700
4096x2160p60 Hz (DCI 4K60)	supported	300m	700m	700m

10.3. Applied Ports (Network Settings)

The following ports are necessary to pass via a network switch/firewall for a proper working between the device and the softwares:

Purpose/function	Affected software	Protocol	Port nr.
Firmware update TFTP	LDU2	UDP	69
		UDP	49990
		UDP	49995
Device Discovery	LDC	UDP	224.0.0.251:5353
Remote IP	LDC	UDP	230.76.87.82:37421
Find me (LMDMP)	-	UDP	230.76.87.82:37422
LW3 protocol	-	TCP	6107
HTTP port	-	TCP	80
RS-232 command injection	-	TCP	8001

10.4. Content of the Backup File

Transmitter	
HDMI Input (I1, I2)	
Port name	
Mute/ unmute input ports	
Lock/ unlock input ports	
Crosspoint settings	
Optical Output (01)	
Port name	
Mute/ unmute output port	
Lock/ unlock output port	
Autoselect settings	
Signal type	
HDMI Output (02)	
Port name	
Mute/ unmute output port	
Lock/ unlock output port	
Autoselect settings	
Signal type	
+5V Enable	
RS-232	
Port name	
RS-232 mode	
Baud rate/ Data bits/ Stop bits/ Parity	
Command injection enable/ Port	
Control protocol	
Ethernet	
Port name (P1, P2, P3, P4)	
Enable (P1, P2)	
EDID Settings	
User EDID U1-14	
Emulated EDIDs	
Event Manager	
Events 1-20	
Front Panel Control	
Display brightness	
Rotary direction	
Control lock	
Dark mode enable	
Dark mode delay	

Optical Input (I1)

Port name

Mute/ unmute output port Lock/ unlock output port

Signal type

HDMI Output (01,02,03)

Port name

Mute / unmute output port Lock / unlock output port

Signal type

+5V Enable

RS-232

Port name

RS-232 mode

Baud rate/ Data bits/ Stop bits/ Parity

Command injection enable/ Port

Control protocol

Ethernet

Port name (P1, P2, P3, P4)

Enable (P1, P2)

EDID Settings

User EDID U1-13

Emulated EDIDs

Event Manager

Events 1-20

Front Panel Control

Dark mode enable Dark mode delay

Transmitter	Receiver
Device label	Device label
Network	Network
DHCP enable	DHCP enable
Static IP address	Static IP address
Static network mask	Static network mask
Static gateway address	Static gateway address
Remote device (Receiver)	
Conversion mode	
O1 +5V Enable	
O2 +5V Enable	
O3 +5V Enable	

10.5. Factory Default Settings

Factory Default Settings of the Transmitter

- ···		
Transmitter		
Video settings: HDMI Input	1	
Port number	1, 2	
Port name		N1, HDMIIN2
Mute/ unmute input ports	Unmu	
Lock/ unlock input ports	Unloc	
Crosspoint settings	11:01;	
HDCP settings (I1 / I2)		HDCP 1.4 or 2.2 / Allow H
Video settings: Optical Out		
Port name	OPTO	UT
Port number	01	
Mute/ unmute output port	Unmu	ted
Lock/ unlock output port	Unloc	ked
Autoselect settings	Disabl	ed
Signal type	Auto	
Video settings: HDMI Outp	out	
Port name	HDMI	TUC
Port number	02	
Mute/ unmute output port	Unmuted	
Lock/ unlock output port	Unlocked	
Autoselect settings	Disabled	
Signal type	Auto	
+5V Enable	Alway	s on
Transmitter		
Front panel settings		
Display brightness		10
Rotary direction		CW
Control lock		Unlock
Dark mode enable, dark mo	ode	Diachla
delay		Disable
General		
Device label		HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-PI
Network		_
DHCP enable		Disabled
Static IP address		192.168.0.101
Static network mask		255.255.255.0
Static gateway address		192.168.0.1

HDCP 1.4	_
RO	

Remote device (Receiver)		
Conversion mode	No conversion	
O1 +5V Enable (Output 1/A)	Always on	
O2 +5V Enable (Output 1/B)	Always on	
O3 +5V Enable (Output 2)	Always on	

Factory Default Settings of the Receiver

	Receiver		
Video settings: Optical Input			
Port name	OPTIN		
Port number	11		
Mute/ unmute input ports	Unmute		
Lock/ unlock input ports	Unlock		
Video settings: HDMI Outp	ut		
Port name	HDMIOUT1A, HDMIOUT1B, HDMIOUT2		
Port number	01, 02, 03		
Mute/ unmute output port	Unmuted		
Lock/ unlock output port	Unlocked		
Signal type	Auto		
+5V Enable	Always on		
Conversion mode*	No conversion		
HDCP mode	Depends on input		
Front panel			
Control lock	Unlock		
Dark mode enable, dark mode delay	Disable		
General			
Device label	HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-PRO		
Network			
DHCP enable	Disabled		
Static IP address	192.168.0.102		
Static network mask	255.255.255.0		
Static gateway address	192.168.0.1		

* This setting is only available at the HDMIOUT1A (01) port.

Factory Default Settings of the Transmitter and the Receiver

Transmitter		
RS-232		
Port name	Local	
RS-232 mode	Pass-through	
Baud rate	57600	
Data bits	8	
Stop bits	Ν	
Parity	1	
Command injection enable	Disabled	
Port	8001	
Control protocol	LW2	
Ethernet		
Port name (P1, P2, P3, P4)	Ethernet, Ethernet, OPT, 0	
Enable (P1, P2)	Enable	
EDID Settings		
Emulated EDIDs	D1* for all inputs	
Front panel		
Display brightness	10	
Rotary direction	CW	
Control lock	Unlock	
Dark mode enable, dark mode	Dischla	
delay	Disable	
Remote device (Receiver)		
Conversion mode No conversion		
O1 +5V Enable (Output 1/A)	Always on	
O2 +5V Enable (Output 1/B)	Always on	
O3 +5V Enable (Output 2)	Always on	

*The default emulated EDID is D1 on both the transmitter and the receiver. The EDID that is from the attached monitor of HDMIOUT1A (O1) port of the receiver is copied to all of the input ports.

	Receiver
CPU	

10.6. Factory EDID List

Mem.	Resolution	Туре
F1	640 x 480 @ 60.00 Hz	DVI
F2	848 x 480 @ 60.00 Hz	DVI
F3	800 x 600 @ 60.32 Hz	DVI
F4	1024 x 768 @ 60.00 Hz	DVI
F5	1280 x 768 @ 50.00 Hz	DVI
F6	1280 x 768 @ 59.94 Hz	DVI
F7	1360 x 768 @ 75.00 Hz	DVI
F8	1360 x 768 @ 60.02 Hz	DVI
F9	1280 x 1024 @ 50.00 Hz	DVI
F10	1280 x 1024 @ 60.02 Hz	DVI
F11	1280 x 1024 @ 75.02 Hz	DVI
F12	1400 x 1050 @ 50.00 Hz	DVI
F13	1400 x 1050 @ 60.00 Hz	DVI
F14	1400 x 1050 @ 75.00 Hz	DVI
F15	1680 x 1050 @ 60.00 Hz	DVI
F16	1920 x 1080 @ 50.00 Hz	DVI
F17	1920 x 1080 @ 60.00 Hz	DVI
F18	2048 x 1080 @ 50.00 Hz	DVI
F19	2048 x 1080 @ 60.00 Hz	DVI
F20	1600 x 1200 @ 50.00 Hz	DVI
F21	1600 x 1200 @ 60.00 Hz	DVI
F22	1920 x 1200 @ 50.00 Hz	DVI
F23	1920 x 1200 @ 59.56 Hz	DVI
F24	2048 x 1200 @ 59.96 Hz	DVI
F25-F28	Reserved	
F29	Universal DVI EDID	
F30	1440 x 480i @ 60.05 Hz	HDMI
F31	1440 x 576i @ 50.08 Hz	HDMI
F32	640 x 480 @ 59.95 Hz	HDMI
F33	720 x 480 @ 59.94 Hz	HDMI
F34	720 x 576 @ 50.00 Hz	HDMI
F35	1280 x 720 @ 50.00 Hz	HDMI
F36	1280 x 720 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI
F37	1920 x 1080i @ 50.04 Hz	HDMI
F38	1920 x 1080i @ 50.00 Hz	HDMI
F39	1920 x 1080i @ 60.05 Hz	HDMI

Mem.	Resolution	Туре	
F40	1920 x 1080i @ 60.05 Hz	HDMI	
F41	1920 x 1080 @ 24.00 Hz	HDMI	
F42	1920 x 1080 @ 25.00 Hz	HDMI	
F43	1920 x 1080 @ 30.00 Hz	HDMI	
F44	1920 x 1080 @ 50.00 Hz	HDMI	
F45	1920 x 1080 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI	
F46	1920 x 1080 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI	
F47	Universal HDMI EDID; PCM audio		
F48	Universal HDMI EDID; all audio		
F49	Universal HDMI EDID; all audio, deep color		
F50-F89	Reserved		
F90	1920 x 2160 @ 59.99 Hz	DVI	
F91	1024 x 2400 @ 60.01 Hz	DVI	
F92-F93	Reserved		
F94	2048 x 1536 @ 60.00 Hz	DVI	
F95	Reserved		
F96	2560 x 1600 @59.86 Hz	DVI	
F97	3840 x 2400 @24.00 Hz	DVI	
F98	1280 x 720 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI	
F99	1920 x 1080 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI	
F100	1024 x 768 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI	
F101	1280 x 1024 @ 50.00 Hz	HDMI	
F102	1280 x 1024 @ 60.02 Hz	HDMI	
F103	1280 x 1024 @ 75.02 Hz	HDMI	
F104	1600 x 1200 @ 50.00 Hz	HDMI	
F105	1600 x 1200 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI	
F106	1920 x 1200 @ 59.56 Hz	HDMI	
F107	2560 x 1440 @ 59.95 Hz	HDMI	
F108	2560 x 1600 @ 59.86 Hz	HDMI	
F109	3840 x 2400 @ 24.00 Hz	HDMI	
F110	3840 x 2160 @ 24.00 Hz	HDMI	
F111	3840 x 2160 @ 25.00 Hz	НДМІ	
F112	3840 x 2160 @ 30.00 Hz	HDMI	
F113-F117	Reserved	· · ·	
F118	Universal HDMI EDID; 4K, PCM audio		
F119	Universal HDMI EDID; 4K, all audio		
F120	3840 x 2160 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI	

Mem.	Resolution	Туре
F121	1440 x 1080 @ 59.91 Hz	HDMI
F122	2560 x 2048 @ 59.98 Hz	HDMI
F123	1280 x 800 @ 59.91 Hz	HDMI
F124	1440 x 900 @ 59.90 Hz	HDMI
F125	1368 x 768 @ 59.85 Hz	HDMI
F126	1600 x 900 @ 59.98 Hz	HDMI
F127	2048 x 1080 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI
F128	2560 x 1080 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI
F129	3440 x 1440 @ 24.99 Hz	HDMI
F130	3440 x 1440 @ 29.99 Hz	HDMI
F131	4096 x 2160 @ 25.00 Hz	HDMI
F132	4096 x 2160 @ 30.00 Hz	HDMI
F133	4096 x 2160 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI
F134	3440 x 1440 @ 23.99 Hz	HDMI
F135	4096 x 2160 @ 24.00 Hz	HDMI
F136	3840 x 2400 @ 29.99 Hz	HDMI
F137	3840 x 2160 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI 2.0
F138	3840 x 2160 @ 50.00 Hz	HDMI 2.0
F139	Universal HDMI 2.0 EDID; UHD, PCM audio	
F140	Universal HDMI 2.0 EDID; UHD, all audio	
F141	4096 x 2160 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI 2.0
F142	4096 x 2160 @ 50.00 Hz	HDMI 2.0
F143	Universal HDMI EDID; 4K, PCM audio	
F144	Universal HDMI EDID; 4K, all audio	
F145	Reserved	
F146	3840 x 2160 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI 2.0
F147	3840 x 2160 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI 2.0
F148	3840 x 2160 @ 60.00 Hz	HDMI 2.0

10.7. Firmware Release Notes

The list below shows the released firmware packages with important notes.

v1.2.0b10

Release date: 2019-01-29

New feature:

- Added support for HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-FOX, HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-FOX, HDMI20-OPTC-TX220-NTQ and HDMI20-OPTC-RX220-NTQ product variants.
- From this version HDMI20-OPTC units can be upgraded by LDU2.

v1.1.2b5

Release date: 2018-06-20

New feature:

We are introducing the support of I2C clock stretching on DDC lines.

Bugfix:

- · We are introducing a new feature that provides compatibility with non-standard hot plug detect behaviour of sinks (Panasonic TH-98LQ70).
- Fixed a bug that caused multiple HPD toggling on boot.

v1.1.1b1

Release date: 2018-03-05

Bugfix:

Fixed a bug that caused stack overflow.

v1.1.0b9

Release date: 2018-02-28

New feature:

- We are introducing new 4K60 factory EDIDs with reduced blanking.
- We are introducing HDCP support.

Bugfix:

- Fixed a bug that caused showing misleading information on input 2 port parameter panel.
- · Fixed a bug that caused "isScdcCompilant" log flood in case of using sinks without SCDC support.

v1.0.3b2

Release date: 2018-01-09

New feature:

We are introducing the network configuration of the remote device through the front panel menu.

v1.0.2b1

Release date: 2017-10-26

New feature:

· We are introducing a more robust method of DDC communication including EDID read and SCDC handling.

Bugfix:

- · We are introducing a more robust method of DDC communication including EDID read and SCDC handling.
- Fixed a bug that caused output mute function not working when conversion modes are enabled.

v1.0.1b4

Release date: 2017-10-18

Bugfix:

- Fixed a bug that caused showing invalid pixel clock frequency values on input port 2.
- Fixed a bug that caused showing misleading information on input 2 port parameter panel.
- · We are introducing a more robust method of DDC communication including EDID read and SCDC handling.

10.8. Mechanical Drawings

10.8.1. Transmitter

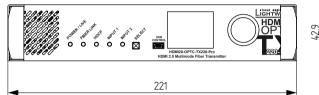
The following drawings present the physical dimensions of the transmitter. Dimensions are in mm.

INFO: All models have the same dimensions, the only difference is the connector types.

Front view

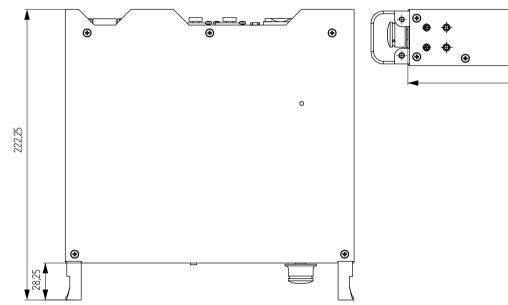
Rear view

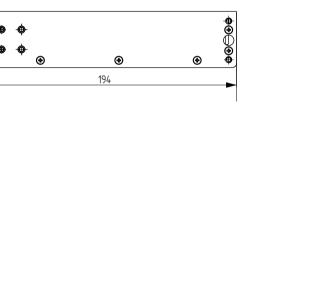
Side view





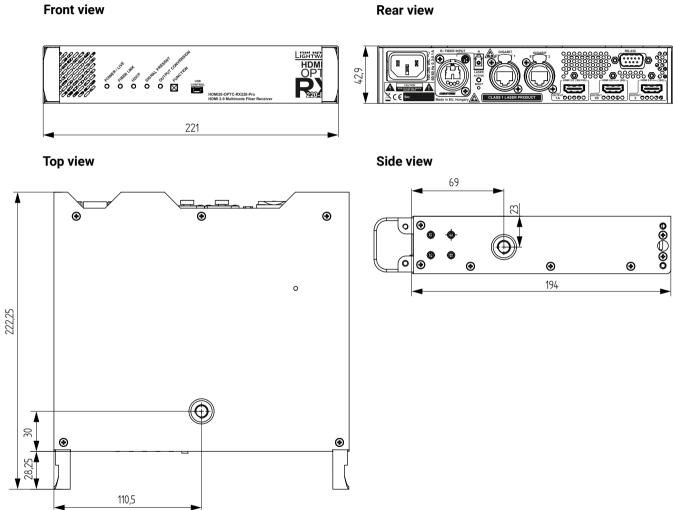
Top view





10.8.2. Receiver

The following drawings present the physical dimensions of the receiver. Dimensions are in mm. INFO: All models have the same dimensions, the only difference is in the connector types.



Rear view

Hashtag Keyword \downarrow_z^A Source/destination *#portstatus* Product type query *#producttype* #reboot Restarting the devic Restarting the devic #restart #rs232 RS-232 related settin #rs-232 RS-232 related settin RS-232 related setti #serial Serial number query #serialnumber #status Status query Crosspoint switch s #switch System log #systemlog Advanced view / Ter #terminal Test pattern (no syn #testpattern Port unlock setting #unlock Port unmute setting *#unmute*

10.9. Hashtag Keyword List

This user's manual contains keywords with hashtags (#) to help you find the relevant information as quick as possible.

The format of the keywords is the following:

#<keyword>

The usage of the keywords: use the Search function (Ctrl+F / Cmd+F) of your PDF reader application, type the # (hashtag) character and the wished keyword.

The #new special keyword indicates a new feature/function that has just appeared in the latest firmware or software version.

Example

#dhcp

This keyword is placed at the DHCP (dynamic IP address) setting in the front panel operation, the Lightware Device Controller (LDC) and the LW3 programmer's reference section.

The following list contains all hashtag keywords placed in the document with a short description belonging to them. The list is in **alphabetical order** by the hashtag keywords.

Hashtag Keyword ↓₂	Description
#advancedview	Advanced view / Terminal window
#autoselect	Autoselect feature settings
#buttonlock	Front panel button lock setting
#crosspoint	Crosspoint switch setting
#devicelabel	Device label
#dhcp	Dynamic IP address (DHCP) setting
#diagnostic	Failure diagnostic related tool/information
#edid	EDID related settings
#factory	Factory default settings
#firmwareversion	Firmware version query
#framedetector	Frame detector in LDC
#hdcp	HDCP-encryption related setting
#ipaddress	IP address related settings
#label	Device label
#lock	Port lock setting
#lockbutton	Front panel button lock setting
#log	System log
#mute	Port mute setting
#network	Network (IP address) related settings

Description
port status query
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nc screen) settings

10.10. Further Information

Limited Warranty Statement

1. Lightware Visual Engineering PLC (Lightware) warrants to all trade and end user customers that any Lightware product purchased will be free from manufacturing defects in both material and workmanship for three (3) years from purchase unless stated otherwise below. The warranty period will begin on the latest possible date where proof of purchase/delivery can be provided by the customer. In the event that no proof can be provided (empty 'Date of purchase' field or a copy of invoice), the warranty period will begin from the point of delivery from Lightware.

1.1. 25G and MODEX product series will be subject to a seven (7) year warranty period under the same terms as outlined in this document.

1.2. If during the first three (3) months of purchase, the customer is unhappy with any aspect of a Lightware product, Lightware will accept a return for full credit.

1.3. Any product that fails in the first six (6) months of the warranty period will automatically be eligible for replacement and advanced replacement where available. Any replacements provided will be warranted for the remainder of the original unit's warranty period.

1.4. Product failures from six (6) months to the end of the warranty period will either be repaired or replaced at the discretion of Lightware. If Lightware chooses to replace the product, then the replacement will be warranted for the remainder of the original unit's warranty period.

2. The above-stated warranty and procedures will not apply to any product that has been:

2.1. Modified, repaired or altered by anyone other than a certified Lightware engineer unless expressly agreed beforehand.

2.2. Used in any application other than that for which it was intended.

2.3. Subjected to any mechanical or electrical abuse or accidental damage.

2.4. Any costs incurred for repair/replacement of goods that fall into the above categories (2.1., 2.2., 2.3.) will be borne by the customer at a pre-agreed figure.

3. All products to be returned to Lightware require a return material authorization number (RMA) prior to shipment, and this number must be clearly marked on the box. If an RMA number is not obtained or is not clearly marked on the box, Lightware will refuse the shipment.

3.1. The customer will be responsible for in-bound and Lightware will be responsible for out-bound shipping costs.

3.2. Newly repaired or replaced products will be warranted to the end of the originally purchased product's warranty period.

Document Revision History

Rev.	Release date	Changes	Editor
1.0	08-11-2017	Initial version	Judit Barsony
····			
1.5	1.5 26-10-2022 Minor corrections for HTML export Nikolett Keindl		
1.6	21-12-2023	Specification updated	Tamas Forgacs

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